

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

TWELFTH YEAR.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and Not Tributary to Any Eastern Concern.
The BIG DULUTH
Established in 1881.
STORE OPEN MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

The Greatest Trouser Sale
the City has Ever Known!

SPOT Cash down brought us wonderful opportunities to secure many fine lines of Trousers. We accepted them and shall make them yours by a generous division of the advantage in price.

Great Quality, Conservative and loud styles.
Low Price. Great worth for everybody.

Trousers that you formerly paid \$7.50 and \$8. now..... \$4.50
Trousers " " " \$7.00 " \$6.50, now..... \$3.50
Trousers " " " \$5.50 " \$4.50, now..... \$3.00
Trousers " " " \$4.00, now..... \$2.50
Trousers " " " \$3.50, now..... \$2.00
Trousers " " " \$2.50, now..... \$1.50

20% Off On everything else in winter goods in the house, and this the last week. Both sales end Saturday night at 12 o'clock.

DON'T THROW THE OPPORTUNITY AWAY.

Williamson & Mendenhall
125 AND 127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

Entire Stock of.....

Furniture and Carpets...

AT 25% Discount

For the Next Ten Days.

Take advantage of this Genuine Discount Sale while it lasts.

Must Have Room
For New Goods.

F. S. KELLY,
710-712 West Superior St., Near 7th Ave., Incline.
Proprietor of Steam Power Carpet Cleaning Works. TELEPHONE 370.

BITTER ATTACK ON MURPHY.
New York's Junior Senator is Given a Rich Brown Roast.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 6.—The report of the majority of the special committee to investigate the Troy elections is a bitter attack on United States Senator Murphy. After alleging that a repeating riot, assault and even murder have been committed, it says:

"It is the exemplified work of a desperate and bitherto resistless political machine so adjusted, organized and run as to enable individuals in the name of the Democratic party and in defiance of law to overthrow government and thwart the rights of suffrage. This machine is an organization composed of professional politicians, having a courageous, adroit and responsible head, and operates through Democratic election officers and other outlaws supported by a police force and a police department obedient to its obligations."

"This organization knows that Murphy's machine rewards and protects its tools and thus perpetuates its power. The process known as repeating is accomplished by persons not entitled to vote, going through the city singly or in bands, voting in the various districts on the basis of the registered voters. A servant of police, an ex-president of the common council, a member of the detective force, are samples of the official positions held by those who escorted and guarded those criminals in the commission of their crimes."

"In this instance those aiding the repeaters claimed to be Republicans, but they are known as 'Murphy Republicans,' a class as much distrusted in theory as the Murphy Democrats themselves. They are the tools of the police commissioners of the police force, and in other stations and subject to submission to Murphy is the apparent price of their appointment. Their chief value lies in their pretended affiliation with the Republican party, for Democrats can be found in all men who do evil services in the same time by professing Republicanism place part of the odium upon the Republican party."

"Under this machine, a system degraded and rotten has been created and fostered that no decent man can act fairly toward it. The community could believe that condition so appalling and corrupt could exist in a civilized and decent community. The Republican party is in no way responsible for this condition but some individuals members of that party are responsible. Years back, year Murphy's machine gained strength. One Republican has surrendered himself for office, another for business advantage, another through fear of calumny until scores of prominent Republicans who were willing to trade their political prin-

ciples for personal advantage are now serving as Murphy Republicans."

"The effect upon the Republican party of this machine is that large numbers of apparently reputable men claiming to be Republicans can be put into immediate and determined action at the bidding of Mr. Murphy, even though such action be against Republican measures and against the overwhelming sentiment of the Republican party."

"In the fall of 1893, although the state gave a majority over 100,000 against Isaac H. Maynard, of Troy, in spite of the overwhelming and unprecedented popular uprising gave Maynard a majority of 1,500. Of the defendant? No."

"You have a distinct and reserved responsibility which you can't share with the court or attorneys. You are the sole judges of the facts."

"The court is an absolute judge of the law and must take it from him, but the court must take the judgment of facts from you. Your judgment must be upon the evidence, and the evidence is not that sworn to, but that sworn to which you believe. Your minds must be open to the evidence, and to that point which the soul suggests no reasonable doubt."

"I found him shifting as to motives. He claimed he was hypnotized, his statement; and on the stand he claimed it was fear for his wife that caused him to do this deed. He could not hide the fact that he had perjured himself. He was a phenomenal man so far as the grasp of intellect was concerned. His mind was strong and he had the capacity to commit perjury, but he had a boldness in proferring his silly excuses."

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ACT AS PEACEMAKER

Ambassador Bayard to Urge England to Adjust the Trouble Between Venezuela and British Guiana.

Previous Efforts in This Direction by Both Secretaries Bayard and Blaine Resulted in Failures.

Japan's Emperor Formally Executed the Ratification of the New Treaty With the United States.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Secretary Gresham is about to instruct Ambassador Bayard to urge upon Great Britain an adjustment of the long pending trouble between Venezuela and British Guiana, and suggest arbitration of the question. This action is in pursuance of a recent resolution of congress. The result of Mr. Bayard's appeal is being watched with much interest, owing to the reports from Venezuela that the trouble has reached a critical stage, and that both sides are massing troops in the disputed territory lying between them.

Mr. Bayard is well equipped for this negotiation, as he has been on the spot since 1887 when the United States first made an offer to Great Britain to act as arbitrator. The offer was courteously declined. At the same time Venezuela broke off all diplomatic relations with Great Britain and the two countries became belligerents. Mr. Blaine also sought to adjust the trouble, as it was felt that British aggression on South American soil came dangerously near an invasion of the Monroe doctrine.

Mr. Blaine's efforts also failed, and the status has remained unchanged until the recent reports of hostilities and the determination of this government to make a final effort toward negotiating a settlement. In the event of Great Britain accepting the suggestion of arbitration, it is believed Ambassador Cleveland will be deputed to act as arbitrator. The fact that arbitration has once been rejected does not incline officials to conclude that Mr. Bayard's present efforts are hopeless, as his familiarity with the subject will permit him to make a strong personal presentation of the case to Lord Kinloch.

The emperor of Japan has formally executed the ratification of the new treaty with the United States and the document has just been forwarded. It is expected to arrive here March 11, and the formal exchange of ratifications will be held shortly after. The Japanese ratification is an imposing document drawn on parchment and bearing the imperial arms and other insignia accompanying the personal signature of the emperor.

President Cleveland's ratification in behalf of the United States is expected to reach Japan about the same time, so that the exchange of ratifications will occur nearly simultaneously in Tokio or Hiroshima, and in Washington. Mr. Curtis, who presents the emperor's appointment to Secretary Gresham but the ceremony is expected to be informal.

Civil Commissioner Lyman has returned from an investigation of civil service methods in Boston. He made examinations of the internal revenue service and selected the board of examiners of internal revenue for that city. The methods of the Boston customs house were also scrutinized in accordance with a general examination of the classes of employees in those institutions.

These now radically differ in various cities, employees of one class in one city being frequently assigned almost opposite duties from those assigned employees in other cities, bearing in mind the character of the country out of which the representatives of the commission have examined the customs houses of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and other large cities, and the movement is expected to result in material benefit to the service.

The Fuer Bismarck.

ATHENS, March 6.—The Hamburg-American line steamship Fuer Bismarck with a large number of American excursionists on board has arrived at Pierus, the seaport of Athens.

The Best Food For Children?
is worthy every parent's study; not only what they can eat, but what gives the most nourishment. No children are better, and most are worse, for eating lard-cooked food. If, however, their food is prepared healthfully, with the new vegetable shortening, COTOLENE.

Made only by The N.K. Fairbank Company, CHICAGO.

Instead of lard, they can eat free-

ly the best food without danger to the digestive organs. You can easily verify this by a fair trial of COTOLENE. Sold in 3 and 5 lb. packages.

For Sale by All Druggists.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

also his Nerve and Liver Pills. Af-

ter beginning to take them I feel better.

I continue taking them and am in better health than I have had for years.

Since my recovery I have gained fifty pounds in weight. I hope this state-

ment may be of value to some poor sufferer.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is to

purify the blood. Hood's sarsaparilla

purifies the blood and tones up the whole system.

For Sale by All Druggists.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit.

Portage L'Espresso Canada, Mich., will be re-

opened. Further information can be obtained from the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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EVENING HERALD

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.Business and editorial offices: THE HERALD
Business office, 230 West Superior street.
Telephone, 230. Editorial Rooms, 234, two rings;
Editorial Rooms, 234, three rings.Subscription Rates:
Daily, per year.....\$7.00
Daily, per three months.....1.00
Daily, per month.....60
Weekly, per year.....1.00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.The Weather.
U. S. AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, WEAVER
BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN., March 6.—A storm
has moved northward to the Minnesota, with
strong winds accompanying it, with northwest
gales in the American Northwest provinces,
North Dakota, and Northwest Minnesota. Light
showers have also fallen in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois
and Kansas, and at 7 a. m. today it was
still falling in Michigan and Indiana; elsewhere
fair weather prevailed.It is warmer than yesterday in all respects
distant from the Great Lakes, while
it is 10 degrees below zero, and a narrow belt
extending from Kansas northeastward to
the Great Lakes is 10 degrees below zero. It is
below the freezing point in all districts north
of Kentucky and Arkansas.Duluth, March 5.—Forecast for Duluth and
vicinity till 7 p. m. tomorrow: generally
fair; warmer today; colder tonight and
Wednesday; southwest winds becoming brisk north
west.JAMES KEEFEAL,
Local Forcast Officer.CHICAGO, March 5.—Forecast for Duluth till 8 p. m.
tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Tonight fair; warmer
in east portion; Thursday fair and colder;
frost to break wind shifts to the west
Wednesday. For Minnesota: Fair in
west portion; local snows in north; shifts to
the east portion; extreme southeast portion tonight; Thursday
fair with cold in center and warmer
in west portion; fair southwest shifting to
northwest winds.

The Monetary Conference.

The senators and members chosen by
congress and the representatives of their
respective houses on the proposed international
monetary commission have, according to Washington dispatches, so
far very indefinite ideas as to what will
be expected of them. Whether they will
be called upon to act at all will depend
first upon the important contingency of
whether such a conference will be called
and whether the president will decide
that the United States shall be represented.The provision for the conference
exclusively leaves this matter to his discretion,
but there is thought to be very little
doubt that if some European nation
takes the initiative, he will put into effect
the law provided for the representation
of the United States. It is also believed
that Germany will issue the call and
that the conference will be held during
the coming summer or fall. Where it
will be held will depend upon the time
of the call, as will also be the basis upon
which the question of ratio or the extent
to which silver shall be used is discussed.On this latter point it is understood
that advocates of free coinage on the
commission will demand that the ratio
shall be fixed at 16 to 1 and that they
will not swerve from this. As now appears
they will constitute a majority of the
commission from this country as five
of the six already chosen hold views
favorable to the independent free coinage.
The delegation will not be complete until
the president shall select the other
members of it whose appointment is left
to him. If these three should all be
opposed to free coinage under existing
conditions in this country, as Mr. Pitt, is
the commission would still stand five to four
for free coinage.The law in the present case is not
materially different from that under which
the Brussels conference was appointed
in 1893, except in the number of delegates
and in providing the manner of their
selection. The Brussels commission
upon the part of the United States
numbered five only and they were all
appointed by the president. In 1893 an
appropriation of \$80,000 was made to
pay the expenses of the commission,
while \$100,000 is now provided.The personnel of the commission
so far as formed is striking. The men selected
have been in public life for many
years, and all have distinguished themselves
sufficiently to make a national
reputation. Mr. Culberson entered the
Forty-fourth congress, Mr. Pitt the
Forty-seventh and Mr. Crisp the Fiftieth,
and all have served continuously since.
Mr. Crisp is serving his second term as
speaker and previously to his election to
that office had distinguished himself on
the floor and in committee. Mr. Culberson
is chairman of the committee on
judiciary, and Mr. Pitt is ex-chairman of the
committee on foreign relations. Mr. Pitt
has also served as assistant
secretary of state before entering the
house, and was for seven years first
secretary of the legation and charge
d'affaires of the American legation in
Paris.Senator Teller entered the senate in
1877, Senator Jones in 1885 and Senator
Daniels in 1887. Senator Teller has
made a specialty of the study of the
financial and economic questions during
his entire term and has thoroughly identified
himself with the movement to se-ture the remonetization of silver at the
old ratio of 16 to 1. While they have
not so completely identified themselves
with this movement, his senatorial colleagues
have both taken prominent part in it, that is known that the three senators
stand upon the same footing with regard to silver.Senator Jones is a leading member of
the committee on finance and was prominently
identified with the tariff contest of
the last session. Senator Daniels is a
man of learning and is recognized as
one of the leading lawyers and orators
of the senate. Representatives
Crisp and Culberson are both silver
advocates, but are conservative on
that question. There is but little
doubt, however, that they will stand for
all that can be had for silver in case the
conference is held. Mr. Pitt is classed as
a bimetallist and is understood to believe
thoroughly in the rehabilitation of
silver, provided it can be obtained by an
international agreement.All the members of the commission
are lawyers except Pitt, and all except
Teller and Pitt served on the Confederate
side during the war. All are 50 years and over as regards age.
Speaker Crisp is the youngest member,
being 50. Senator Teller and Mr. Culberson
are each 61, Jones 55, Daniel 52
and Pitt 61.

The Hudson's Bay Road.

A Winnipeg paper announces that
Hugh Sutherland has concluded negotiations
with the Dominion government under
which work will be begun at an early date on the Winnipeg and Great
Northern railway and 180 miles be built
year until the road has been completed.
William Mackenzie, Donald D. Mann
and James Ibbister, three prominent
Canadian railway contractors, will build
the road under a contract with the company.Honors were scattered freely at the
county meeting last night. Alderman
Howard was referred to as the mayor in
1869, and Alderman Nelson as the mayor
in 1889. Possibly Mayor Lewis may ob-
ject to these dates. He may want a
second term.Patronize home industries and you
keep the money at home for circulation
among the people here, thus benefiting
yourself. Money sent to outside
merchants never comes back, and Duluth is
so much the poorer.The big hat bill was defeated in the
New York assembly by a vote of only
53 to 56, which the Boston Transcript
thinks was near enough to success to be
a warning to the ladies to take in a few
reeds in their headdress.It has been virtually decided that the
international exposition of 1900 in Paris
is to be located nearer than ever to the
heart of the city, with the main entrance
to the grounds adjoining the Place de
la Concorde.Ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas, is
said to be studying a resolution. Inasmuch
as the public is very tired of his appear-
ances on the platform, he is wasting his
time.On account of the death of his wife
William Waldorf Astor has decided to
sell out everything he owns in England and
return to live in America.Already there are indications that the
baseball crank is getting his voice in
training for the approaching season.
This is a sure sign of spring.A Springfield, Mass., woman caught
cold in a street car and wants \$20,000 for
it. Probably she will keep on wanting it.The appropriations of the last session of
congress reached a grand total of
\$48,000,000.The Herald is not afraid of libel suits.
The truth is not libelous.

This Correct?

Boston Journalists are still talking
about the distinction between a
journalist and a newspaper man. An old
and excellent definition is this: "The
newspaper man puts into the waste
basket what the journalist writes."A realistic fad.
The girl: Why, boy, what's that foolishness?
You cough, feel mean, growl more or less.
And you, girl, in, and take to bed—
A great ado you make.For goodness' sake, bear my head;
And leave my back does ache!You're weak, a child; you're nothing more—
What trouble, misery makes!

I'm sorry, I'm sorry, I'm sorry!

My throat, my eyes, they trouble so,
My head, my back, they trouble so.

It's strong, it's strong, it's strong!

I find the pain is in my leg.

You brood, despair—she's caught to fear
What trouble, misery makes!

I'm sorry, I'm sorry, I'm sorry!

My throat, my eyes, they trouble so,

My head, my back, they trouble so.

It's strong, it's strong, it's strong!

I find the pain is in my leg.

Shake Your old Hat

Your hat puts you in style in your place in the social scale. If you would be a success, you cannot allow your hat to look old nor rust. Nor can you wear one that is not becoming. There was a time not very long ago, either, when young men and middle-aged men and old men

Couldn't Get A Hat

that looked well on them; that time is long since passed. We are making our Hat Department a specialty of the store this season and have a large lot of hats, both soft and stiff, that have ever been shown in this city. To stir up a sluggish spring trade we have opened a Bazaar side of bargains on

Hats....

SOFT AND STIFF, STYLISH STYLES: HANDSOME \$3.50 AND \$4.00 GRADES, AT

\$3.00

This week is your last chance

To see the Marvelous EDISON KINETOSCOPES Every man, woman and child should see them before they leave the city. The views now on exhibition are the finest that have yet been shown.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, Palladio. Schiffman makes the best gold crowns. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote. The Evening Herald is on sale in St. Paul at the Windsor Hotel news stand, \$2.00 to loan. Little & Nolte.

The eighth wonder, Duluth Imperial Court.

Archdeacon Webber addressed the pupils of the high school this morning.

The term of night schools closed last Friday.

One drunk and one vag was the size of the police court grist today. The former, James Weigh, paid \$10 and costs and the other, John Lynch, went up for five days.

The High School Athletic association is making preparations for the entertainment to be given March 15. Aside from a literary program, there will be fencing, club swinging, and at the grand-up a tug-of-war between the two literary societies with five men on a side.

Leans—any amount, Little & Nolte.

Vera Louise Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Jones, formerly of Duluth, is dead. Mr. Jones was a contractor for the Duluth Abstract company two years ago and the little girl was prominent in the Sunday school of the M. E. church.

Second papers have been granted by the district court to John Fyfe and Bruno Werner.

Reserved seat sale for the Schott.

Moore begins tomorrow.

Archdeacon Webber's Services.

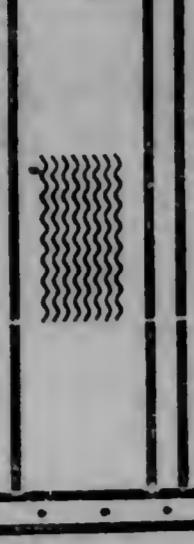
The mission services as conducted at the Episcopal church are growing in interest and attention. The church is a man of deep spirituality and is giving many valuable lessons for Christian people. His address tonight is on "Doubt." Tomorrow he speaks at 10 a. m., 3:30 p. m. and 7:30 p. m.

A Big Snap at First Street.

We have a beautiful building lot on

East First street, in a splendid neighborhood for the sale of \$50 per cent under the market. D. H. STEVENSON & CO., 327 West Superior Street.

THIEL, fifteen cabinets, two styles, \$3-



THEY ARE NOT LIABLE

Decision by Judge Moer Which is Favorable To Those Who Sold American Loan & Trust Stock.

Parties Who Purchased Under a Guarantee Against Loss for Three Years Not Entitled to Recover.

It is Held That They Have Not Made a Sufficient Tender of the Stock.

A somewhat important suit was brought to an end in Judge Moer's court this morning. The Miners' Savings bank, of Pittsburgh, is the holder of fifty shares of American Loan and Trust company stock which were assigned to them as collateral for a note. With the stock when it was originally purchased was a contract signed by W. B. Chasin and A. W. Bradley by which it was agreed that the purchaser of the stock should be guaranteed against loss and that the signers would purchase it back on demand at any time within three years, but not later.

Suit was brought to recover for the full amount of the note and dividend, which the contract also guaranteed, amounting in all to \$500. Judge Moer ordered judgment for the defendants after hearing the case, holding that as the plaintiff had not made a sufficient tender of the stock within the three years which was required, he could not recover.

There was a question of the bank's title, but it was not found necessary to pass upon that.

The suit is important not only in itself but because of other similar suits now pending, most of which probably will be decided in the same decision.

A good deal of the trust company's stock was sold under similar contracts.

Yesterday and today were divorce days in district court and several couples obtained legal dissolution of the ties that bound them together. Mrs. Green's suit was dismissed and the case was dismissed by the court. Myra G. Mitchell obtained a divorce and care of her children from William B. Mitchell on the ground of drunkenness and cruelty.

Robert N. Loomis obtained a divorce from his wife, Anna, on the ground of adultery, and this morning Minnie M. Bellmore secured a divorce from Charles L. Bellmore on the ground of desertion and nonsupport.

The case of D. E. Woodbridge, as administrator, against W. C. Sherwood et al. was ordered submitted on briefs.

Her Husband is Missing.

Sheriff Butchart this morning received a letter from Mrs. Agatha Nult, of Minneapolis, inquiring as to the whereabouts of her husband, who left some Oct. 1 clad in a black coat, black cap, blue stockings and jeans trousers. He is 47 years old, is a boatbuilder and carpenter, has dark blue eyes, and answers to the name of Fred. As it has been some time since she has seen him, she is not certain about the clothes, and the jeans trousers may now have a patch or two on them.

Death of G. B. Dougall.

The many friends of G. B. Dougall will be surprised to learn that he died a week ago yesterday at St. Mat's hospital, a victim of an intestinal cancer. He was engaged in scaling in Jones' lumber camp on the south shore and was taken down a week ago last Friday. He was buried today by the Odd Fellows.

Mr. Dougall formerly resided at New Dorp and last fall came to Duluth to make his home. He was an intelligent man and awakened a warm spot for him self in the hearts of all who became acquainted with him.

T. H. Larke went to Minneapolis yesterday.

J. S. Karns, of Lima, Ohio, is in the city.

C. W. Turner, of St. Paul, is in the city.

S. A. Harris, of Minneapolis is here today.

W. W. Broughton, general freight agent of the St. Paul & Duluth road, came up from St. Paul today.

Miss Burns of Butte, Mont., is at the Spalding.

W. M. Holbrook, of St. Paul, is in the city.

Judge D. B. Searle, of St. Cloud, is in the city.

PERSONAL.

A. Y. Merrill, of Aitken, is in the city.

Horace V. Winchell, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

D. L. Mather, of Rat Portage, is at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Haugeberg and children, of Bismarck, N. D., are at the St. Louis.

Marcus Simpson, of Burlington, Iowa, who has interest in mining properties in that city.

John D. Slocum, of St. Paul, whose successor as supervising inspector of steam vessels has just been named, is in the city.

D. H. Moon, of St. Paul, is here today.

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TO TRADE.

Lot on Lake Avenue for eleven lots. House and Lot in Madison for \$1,000. House and Lot, Fourth street for acres.

GEO. R. LAYBOURN,

14 PHOENIX BLOCK.

Several New Suits.

Mary Orr has sold Walter Van Brunt et al to foreclose a mortgage on lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of the 10th division, given to see notes amounting to \$20,000. Frank McCormack has sold R. A. Webster to recover \$553.50 on a note. H. V. Winchell has sued A. E. Humphreys et al for \$500 on a note. The suit is brought up on a change of venue from Hennepin county.

Notice.

Members of Lodge No. 18 of S. H. & E. F. of A. are hereby requested to meet at Hunter's hall, Thursday, March 7, at 1 p. m., sharp, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, Nicholas Peterson. Members are requested to bring caps and regalias. P. E. JOHNSON, Ord.

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Household Expense Book.

The Imperial mill has just published a

handsome morocco bound household ex-

pense book. It is a complete blank book

in which to keep a record of the ex-

penditure of the family.

There is a space for bank account,

for dry goods, etc. It also contains a

diary, many choice poetical gems and

other things. Copies may be secured at

the Imperial mill office in the Cham-

ber of Commerce.

TO THE BARREL.

SOLD BY GROCERS

EVERWHERE IN THIS WORLD.

Makes BREAD

MADE BY IMPERIAL MILL CO., DULUTH, MINN.

TO THE BARREL.

SOLD BY F. D. DAY'S JEWELRY

STORE.

THE COPELAND PLAN

Of Chronic Disease Treatment Well Appreciated by People Who Give it a Personal Trial.

Catarrh is a dangerous and insidious disease, which, if neglected, does in the head, lungs, heart, kidneys, stomach, or liver, sometimes both. In the case related below it attacked the stomach, causing catarrh of the stomach, but it was easily eradicated by the Copeland system of treatment which is given in a thorough and systematic manner. The lady's name is Miss Lena Wilber; she lives at 1425 East South street. In conversation with a Herald reporter recently Miss Wilber said:

It is Held That They Have Not Made a Sufficient Tender of the Stock.

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GOOD MUSIC

AT ENDION RINK

TONIGHT.

Daughters of Erin

A meeting of division No. 1, Daughters of Erin, was held last evening in

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELFTH YEAR.

THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1895.

THREE CENTS

FRENCH & BASSETT

First Street and Third Avenue West.

N. B.—*POSITIVELY NO GOODS SOLD TO DEALERS DURING THIS SALE EITHER CITY OR COUNTRY.*

Great March Sale!

CLOSING MARCH 31.

During this first Annual March Sale we are selling all goods in our store at the greatest reductions ever known. We cordially invite every person to come and see for themselves. We've bought a big lot of goods at "Manufacturer's ad-to-sell prices" all of which go into the March Sale. March is usually a quiet business month, but judging by the first two days of the sale, we will turn it into a lively one, on the principle that "A Quick Cent is Better Than a Slow Dollar."

A Visit to the Store will tell you more at this sale than any idea we can give you in this limited space.

Furniture, Carpets, Rugs and Curtains.



THESE 3-PIECE CHAMBER SUITES, Solid Oak, carved and well finished, easy unfastening drawers, beveled mirrors, double tops, Reduced from \$18, (One Suite to a customer)....

\$11.50

Chamber Suites,

3 pieces, reduced from \$18 to	\$9.50
3 pieces, reduced from \$18 to	11.50
3 pieces, reduced from \$20 to	14.00
3 pieces, reduced from \$20 to	\$24
3 pieces, reduced from \$25 to	\$25
3 pieces, reduced from \$25 to	\$24
3 pieces, reduced from \$30 to	\$55
3 pieces, reduced from \$35 to	\$53
3 pieces, reduced from \$35 to	\$77

Parlor Suites,

3 pieces, reduced from \$75 to	\$40
5 pieces, reduced from \$75 to	\$50
5 pieces, reduced from \$85 to	\$30
5 pieces, reduced from \$85 to	\$15

All other goods reduced in proportion.



This Fancy Rocker, With Brace Arms 75 cts
Reduced from \$2.25.

See our Cane-Seat Rockers..... 75 c

See our Cane-Seat Chairs..... 50 c

Reduced from \$2.25 and \$1.25.



THIS CARRIAGE REDUCED FROM \$15.00 TO..... \$9.75

Fine upholstering and silk fringe parasol. All carriages reduced in proportion.



The Latest Sweepers, Polished cases... \$1.75

All Iron and Brass Beds Greatly Reduced.

New Carpets, and Curtains and Rugs are IN, and Coming IN, and all are included in the March Sale Reductions.

ERWIN'S SPEECH

Another Big Crowd Today to Hear Bill Erwin's Speech in Defense of Harry Hayward.

New Attack on Bixt's Testimony, Which Is the Very Focal Point of the Whole Case.

Claimed It is Full of Most Serious Contradictions and Inconsistencies and Unworthiness of Belief.

With Great Dramatic Power He Demonstrated That Two Shots Were Fired at Miss Ging.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 7.—Mr. Erwin resumed his long effort before the jury for the life of Harry Hayward this morning. The mother of the defendant was not present but his father and an aunt occupied seats in the witness room. County Attorney Nye was still absent, and indeed he is not likely to appear again in the case for some time. He is confined to his bed under a physician's care, and his condition is quite serious.

It developed this morning that in case of a conviction—which is confidently expected by the state—Erwin will be sentenced to life imprisonment. The defense on the trial has made every preparation for a stay and an appeal in case of conviction. Mr. Erwin is expected to finish by 4 o'clock this afternoon, and if he does so Judge Smith will at once charge the jury so that it may retire and begin its work of reaching an agreement at once.

There was a tremendous crowd applying for admission this morning, but not more than a third succeeded in getting into the court, which was packed to suffocation.

Mr. Erwin at once began a new attack on the testimony of Bixt which he admitted was the very focal point of the case. It was full of the most serious contradictions and inconsistencies and unworthiness of credence. He then turned to the question of the shooting of Dr. Russell to convict Harry. This, he declared, was a revival of the old and pernicious practice of turning state's evidence in vogue in England, and he called upon the jury to stamp it out.

Mr. Erwin proceeded to call the jury's attention to some of the contradictions in the case. "Where was this body discovered?" he asked. "On the road. No one was seen—a buggy driving away was all that was seen. Sergeant Gotchell was sent to examine the ground, and he testified it was a October 10th, he found tracks of a buggy and the patrol wagon."

"This," said Mr. Erwin, "was done after the patrol wagon had been out and the body removed." He called attention to the fact that the wagon and Dr. Russell's buggy turned near the body and about the same place. The buggy which must have had turned farther up the road. Where it turned fifty or 100 feet up were two places where people must have stood between the wheels of the buggy while it was cramped. The wheel cramps were quite plain.

He urged that there would be no tracks of pointed shoes between the wheels of the cramped buggy, unless there was some whispered conversation going on between the parties. There could be no explanation of Mr. Erwin's claim unless there were other persons along and had a conversation where the buggy stopped. A man with pointed shoes had walked down from the buggy to the place where the body lay.

"Here are physical evidences stronger than any man's word," exclaimed Mr. Erwin. "These things must be taken into consideration."

At this point Mr. Erwin asked for the sealskin sacque and the other clothes of the deceased. He wished to call attention to the fact that the sacque was the short one. The pool of blood found on the ground beneath her head, he claimed, was the best evidence which could have been given that the woman was shot at that place and at about the time the body was thrown out.

It is true, Mr. Bixt that he fired the shot a mile beyond near the big road. The attorney referred to the testimony of Mrs. Naegle, who testified she heard two shots, a woman described as the "equal of the peerless Miss Ireland and the peerless sister of the murdered girl, Miss Julia Gage."

"Close to her head" had he held that pistol, and the fire from it scorched her hair and head," said Erwin. "He never held that pistol across his breast. It is a scientific fact that the flame from a pistol can get across his breast and close. Yes. He made sure she was dead, told her, said Erwin. To demonstrate this he placed the sacque over the shoulders of his assistant, Shumaker. He showed, by placing the revolver against Shumaker's head, that in firing the shot which killed, the powder could not have burned the fur at the point found scorched.

"He missed first," exclaimed the eloquent attorney, with great dramatic power. "He missed the girl," placing his long index finger on the burned place.

"But her head might have been turned," suggested Mr. Hill.

"Turn her head," replied Erwin, "and it makes a difference. The almighty God confronts us with his law, proceeded Mr. Erwin. "Yes, he did, and was pointed almost to a jelly by an accomplice who ordered Bixt: 'Do not leave her until she is dead,' in turning her over to him. And against her dying he places his revolver and fires."

"If he intended to kill that girl, and did have a struggle with his conscience, as he claims he did, he would have

dropped that buggy right there. He would have left it there, or run himself. And yet he says he drove with her a mile slowly and turned around and rode a mile back. Oh, father, ridiculous and absurd."

It is easier to believe that he had an accomplice in the woods, and there she was beaten and pounded.

That scoundrel led his horse from that tamarack swamp, and finding she was not dead, he shot her, shot twice, and threw her out. It was then the blood flowed out."

Mr. Erwin entered into an explanation of the blood stains and blood spots on the buggy; and on the hat.

"What do these spots tell you? Look at the hat. The blood came from a person lying in a pool of water. She lay upon the seat, and the blood upon that hat came from the cut lip and the broken nose. Was it before or after death? Let that be violence before death. When the man rent that veil the eternal truth came out. That veil was torn, and the woman who was thrown out. They were found in the buggy and placed by her side."

"Some one found them and placed them at the side of the buggy," explained Mr. Hall.

"No, sir, I understand Erwin. They were placed there by the murderer, and this is to indicate she never got out of the buggy. They were placed there by the murderer. They were found there, the witnesses say. Do you tell me that had he could have had the body up in the seat? This hat confronts him. What made Bixt try to construct an alibi for an hour, in which he claims to have driven on? In that hour he met his accomplice and changed his clothes. He then got a coat to cover the body, and began washing bloody stains and changing bloody clothes."

Attention was next called to the condition of the buckskin man when she came into the barn. It was a remarkable fact, he said, that the horse was not warm when it came back, and that he knew it when it came back, and that he knew it when it was cold, and the dashboard, as if just laid down. This condition, he said, would have been impossible if the horse had been driven in the manner described and came the distance given alone. His view was that the horse had been beaten within a short distance of the barn, and then deserted.

"Bixt walked in," continued the attorney for the defense, "and his accomplice drove in."

A representative of the Dispatch handed Mr. Smith a memorandum, claiming that he was one of the accomplices of Bixt in the crime, and offering to give up all he knew of it, if the state would promise him a pardon.

The judge decided that no attention would be paid to the memorandum, and he was turned over to the state's attorney. He then turned to the question of convicting Harry. This, he declared, was a revival of the old and pernicious practice of turning state's evidence in vogue in England, and he called upon the jury to stamp it out.

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IVES SUPPORTED

Friends of Judge Ives Send a Petition to the House Protesting Against the Charges.

Call It Persecution Actuated by an Exasperated and Immoral Saloon Element and Their Lawyers.

Smith's Bill Fixing Terms of Court in Eleventh Judicial District Passed by the House.

The Senators Are Engaged This Afternoon in Discussion of the New Capital Amendment Bills.

St. Paul, March 7.—Friends of Judge Ives, against whom charges are about to be investigated by the house judiciary committee, were heard from in the house this morning in a petition signed by 160 residents of Erskine protesting against the "persecution actuated and set about" against Judge Ives, "obviously by an exasperated and immoral saloon element of certain cities and their lawyer defenders."

The petitioners recite that they have "watched" Judge Ives and found his conduct such as to command respect, and then they ask, "What is the use of incurring the expense of holding courts—if these courts are to be named, if and governed by unprincipled and unscrupulous lawyers?" The charge against Judge Ives, the petition characterizes as "the meanest and vilest, misrepresenting and perverting efforts," and the "persecution" as "the most heinous and ever committed against an honest and upright man."

After papers and petitions in the house today the following committee reports were made and adopted:

Corporations committee: H. F. 438, to legislate certain corporate and state and federal corporations; H. F. 369, to incorporate grand lodge of Good Templars, to judiciary; H. F. 363, to legalize acts of corporations under the laws of 1867, passed.

Appropriations committee: H. F. 21, across bridge across Limn creek, indefinitely postponed.

State's attorney committee: H. F. 161, to appropriate bill for payment of legal expenses of the state's attorney for the enforcement of banking power law for 1875, indefinitely postponed; H. F. 201, to appropriate money for seed grain loans, indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Littleton, to amend general laws 1867 incorporating villages. Judicial committee: H. F. 227, to provide for protection of labels and trademarks on soft drinks; S. F. 227, to provide for boards of trustees for Y. M. C. A.; H. F. 397, for general revision of the statutes; H. F. 194, Mr. Clegg's bill, to establish boards of registration in cities over 12,000. Elections.

Mr. Lockwood, to amend general laws 1867 relating to Indian reservations.

The bill, passed by the legislature, was introduced by H. F. 206, to protect labels and trademarks on soft drinks.

Mr. Dingman, amendment to general laws 1867 relating to elections, establishing boards of registration in cities over 12,000. Elections.

Mr. Clegg's bill, to establish boards of registration in cities over 12,000. Elections.

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SITUATION IN COREA.

The New First Secretary to the Japanese Legation at Washington Has Arrived From Corea.

Coreans Have Gradually Realized That the Reforms Proposed by Japan Are For Their Advancement.

Intense Patriotism of the Japanese at Yokohama Who Are Celebrating Every New Japanese Victory.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—A new first secretary to the Japanese legation at Washington, K. Matsui, has just arrived here, having been transferred from his post at Seoul, the capital of Corea, where he has recently passed through the exciting events by which Corea precipitated the war between China and Japan. The trip from Seoul to Washington, with a short stop at Yokohama, has taken about two months.

Mr. Matsui is one of the keen young men speaking English fluently, who are distinguishing Japan as her diplomats, as well as her military power. He is the interpreter of Corea's affairs, the reforms inaugurated by Japan, the personality of the Corean king and queen, the Cais Tong Haks rebellion and other events that have come vaguely to the outer world.

"The Coreans were suspicious and fear at the outset," said Mr. Matsui, "lest Japan had come to conquer and absorb them, they have gradually come to realize that the enlightened reforms suggested by Count Inouye, the Japanese envoy there, are for the advancement and welfare of Corea. He is well equipped for this work, as he signed the first treaty of peace and amity made with Corea nearly twenty years ago and was again concerned with the country in 1884."

"But the work of reform is very slow and it will be years before the country will emerge from the darkness she has partaken from China. The latter country has long claimed Corea as a dependency and Chinese conservatism has been impressed on the country. There are about 1,000 Chinese in St. Paul, but those with the other Chinese influences have kept Corea in the old ways and have prevented contact with the outer world."

"But the reforms urged by Japan are beginning to manifest themselves," continued Mr. Matsui. "The king and queen are as yet as calm and consult Inouye and concede largely to his judgment. He is frequently summoned to the palace, where the king personally questions him for advice on the conduct of affairs. The king is a most just and fair man, also a perfect lack of tact or force of character. The queen has marked executive ability and her influence is felt by the ministry. She is by far the first woman in Corea."

"The administration of affairs is being left entirely with the queen. The royal household is being maintained as it was before the war, although the palace is much run down because of the lack of funds. The reforms have brought about an increase of the cabinet from six, as it was before the war, to ten, the same as Japan's cabinet, and the new cabinet includes ministers of finance, foreign affairs, war, justice, public works, education, etc. All of the ministers are native Coreans. They have little or no aptitude for social organization on modern lines, but they consult Count Inouye and are ready to accept suggestions, although their natural slowness makes the process of advancement tedious."

"The finances of the country are very bad. There is lack of money for public work. The currency is of ancient form and is not convertible at the present time, and could not carry more than \$30. There is no navy. The army is meager, with several Americans serving as instructors. They have modern rifles and some Krupp guns, but they have been allowed to rust and rot, and the soldiers cannot be mustered."

"We were in constant communication with the seat of war, as Seoul is on the line of the through telegraph line from Port Arthur. But there was little excitement among the Coreans and they accepted the struggle with their usual

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Producers of Bessemer Ores Agree on a Basis for This Year.

CLEVELAND, March 7.—The Iron Trade Review this week will say:

Whatever doubt existed as to the ability of producers of Lake Superior iron ore to agree upon a basis for 1895, should be dispelled by the fact that they will be as prompt and accurate in their publication of the sorry experience of last year, as has been removed. The attitude of steel makers is yet to develop; but whether the large buying is pushed into the navigation season, and the market is more or less quiet, the books of commerce entered into within thirty or sixty days for a year's supply on the new price basis, the result will be practically the same.

The other alternative will clear away dock stocks which must be gotten out, and the market will be quiet, on which will be as much as new ore.

The advance in Bessemer pig resulting from the heavy Pittsburgh Valley buying of the past two weeks, means 40 cents more than the lowest transaction reported since the first of the year, \$20,000.

The Japanese press was doing its part in getting out frequent "ex-ras" recording each new victory of Japanese arms.

NEW CHWANG CAPTURED.

The Chinese Completely Routed by the Japanese and Left 1900 Killed Upon the Field.

HIROSHIMA, March 7.—A dispatch received here from Gen. Nodzu, dated Hainan, March 4, says that two divisions of the First Japanese army assaulted New Chwang proper at 10 o'clock on the morning of that day and entered the city at noon. A portion of the enemy's forces at once fled to Yien Kow, the New Chwang settlement. The remaining Chinese troops made a stubborn resistance, occupying the city and causing much trouble in the coke region.

It is urged that higher Bessemer ore and higher coke after April 1 sustain the view that, with the accumulated stocks taken up by recent purchase, the low level of Bessemer pig in January and early February will not be touched again.

HE HAD A TOUGH RECORD.

The Bank Robber Killed at Adel Had Been in Prison.

ADEL, Iowa, March 7.—Orlando Williams, who was killed yesterday while at temple to escape after robbing the State bank of Adel, has a mother, sister and two brothers in Livingston, Mont. The men are prominent and wealthy stock raisers there.

The dead man was one of the rustlers who despoiled a party from Montauk, Stillwater, Minn. He was originally from Madison county, Iowa, but for the last four or five years has wandered through Montana and the Northwest, leading a life of vagabondage and crime.

A later dispatch from the iron says that at 8 o'clock this morning the iron force of 1,000 Chinese under Gen. Lung advanced upon Taping Shang but were repulsed by the fire of the Japanese artillery. The Chinese retreated before noon. The Japanese sustained no loss.

WIFE MURDER IS CHARGED.

A Toronto Man Arrested for Having Killed His Wife.

TORONTO, Ont., March 7.—Early Saturday morning the house and workshop of Arthur A. Dicks, upholsterer, No. 220 St. Helen's avenue, was destroyed by fire and his wife perished in the flames.

The coroner's inquest developed the fact that during January and February Mrs. Dicks' husband had been insured, was dead and his wife was still alive.

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On the hook and ladder trucks smashed by a

fireman, the Dicks building had been fired and arrested Dicks last night on the charge of murdering his wife.

POISONED WITH STRYCHNINE.

Two Boys Given Poison in Cake by a Woman.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 7.—Two 8-year-old boys were poisoned with strychnine contained in cakes given them by a neighbor. One boy died, the other is still alive.

The woman who gave the cakes strenuously availed all knowledge of the poison, or that she had enmity toward the children. She says she found the cakes on her doorstep over a week ago. Analysis revealed the presence of large doses of strychnine in the cakes.

The police are puzzled and say they have discovered nothing which warrants them in making an arrest.

KILLED BY INDIANS.

URES, State of Sonora, Mex., March 7.—A courier has just arrived here bringing news of another massacre by Yaqui Indians. A band of about fifty Indians left their rendezvous in the mountains and struck the Yaqui river valley.

They attacked a number of ranches and killed seven persons, among the victims being two women. Large quantities of grain were also burned.

Steve Elkins in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 7.—Hon. Stephen B. Elkins, senator-elect from West Virginia, arrived here yesterday by special car. He was accompanied by his family and his trip has a commercial and perhaps political significance.

President Diaz and cabinet will pay the party attention during its stay in Mexico.

A Vessel Long Overdue.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—The American bark Colusa, bound from Tacoma for Shanghai, is ninety-three days out and gray hairs are appearing on the deck. At the same time I took the medicine, I ate

nothing for a week, and the eruption turned into one solid sore. The disease spread over my body.

At length, my affection for the medicine was so great, and I concluded to give it a trial. This was in April, and the cure was fair.

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NO TIME TO INCREASE

Chamber Opposes Allowing County Officers
More Clerk Hire at a Time When
Retrenchment is Necessary.

Action Taken Looking for the Establishment
of a Definite Eastern Boundary Line
for the County.

Necessity for the Preservation of the Food
Fish Presented—Some Sharp Talk
on Junketing Trips.

The Herald's stand against granting the auditor and treasurer of the county additional allowance for clerk hire was also taken by the chamber of commerce yesterday. Representative C. asked for the chamber's opinion on the measure. The auditor and treasurer have asked an increase, the county commissioners to regulate the amount or the limit to be extended, whichever way might be considered best.

Mr. Hirsch placed himself on record as absolutely opposed to additional expenses for clerical hire at this time, when everybody is retrenching. He moved that that be the sense of the chamber.

The motion was put to a vote and unanimously carried.

S. L. Merchant's scheme for the reduction of penalties on delinquent taxes did not come up as stated in the News Tribune this morning. The matter will be taken up again. Mr. LaVander's resolution that delinquent assessments ought to be collected at the county treasurer's office instead of at the city treasurer's office. The committee on legislation reported on this question. It was to the effect that to accomplish the object the matter should be provided for in the new charter bill so as not to conflict with the constitutional provision against special legislation.

The report was adopted and the matter was going to end there but A. Hirsch wanted more decided action. It was finally referred back to the legislative committee with power to act and secure the legislation.

County Boundary Line.

J. E. Cooley brought up the subject of the indefinite boundary of the eastern line of the county, and it was discussed at considerable length. The general sentiment was that it was time the county could afford to give up the disputed territory, which has no large valuation, in order to have the fixed beyond question. It was finally referred to Messrs. J. E. Cooley, H. C. Spaulding and G. N. LaVander, with power to act.

The paper of the Minneapolis Times give one page of its European edition to Duluth for \$1000 was reported upon unfavorably.

C. F. Johnson introduced the matter of the discrimination against Duluth in customs statistics, on account of the loss of navigation laws, and explained at length how it is done. A resolution was adopted asking Major Sears to take cognizance of the fact and enforce measures to secure more correct statistics.

The home trade committee reported that the manager of the Imperial mill, had been interviewed on the complaint of the Federated Trades assembly that Superior barrels were being used and Duluth cooperers thereby thrown out of work. His answer was that the mill had been obtaining barrels from the Duluth barrel factory but the quality of stock put in them was poor and the mill decided to run its own cooper shop. Then the Superior institution came forward and offered barrels so cheap that it strengthens the weak and restores lost vitality.

A. G. Haskins' report for the month of February showed twenty-three cases of cruelty investigated and seven reported which have not yet been looked into.

but under the proposed law this exemption would be done away with. This would necessitate two inspections for the insurance companies will not accept the state inspection.

The chamber took action against the proposed legislation. Henry C. Spaulding, an engineer, heartily endorsed Mr. Hugo's views, and A. F. Fitter, as an owner and user of boilers, also gave them his hearty recommendation.

W. N. Williams said that he thought that the legislators would like to visit Duluth and an invitation ought to be sent from some public body. They would have to be given supper here and would then be turned over to the Iron Range and Mississippis roads. This brought up some sharp talk.

E. C. Spaulding did not like the idea of bringing them up here and feeding them and then turning them over to two railroads which may want legislation directly opposite to that desired by the people.

T. H. Hugo made some sharp remarks about the legislation junketing bills. He said if the members were the ones who would come he would be glad to assist in entertaining them, but it is only the hangups of the clerks and a lot of hoodlums who do not know when they are receiving courteous treatment. The question was finally referred to the reception committee.

PROF. FARRAND'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

Said to Have Found a Permanent Cure for
Asthma and Hay Fever.

Among the few really eminent physicians of America, Professor Farrand, of Vermont, easily stands in the front rank, and a discovery he has recently made will do much to add to his fame.

After long research he has found a happy combination of herbs and leaves that contain the peculiar health-giving qualities of the famous Celery compound, whereof the air passes are unknown. Whenever tried this has given great relief, and 73 per cent of the cases reported a perfect cure of asthma, some of them seemingly hopeless cases.

The Adirondack asthma cure is now offered to the public generally by Dr. Howard Company, Box 100, Barre, Vt., who will mail a large sized box for 50 cents. They do not want from those whom they do not cure, and will return the money to any where Adirondack asthma cure fails to benefit. This remarkable offer should be accepted at once by any of our readers who have asthma or other respiratory diseases.

THE HUMANE SOCIETY.

Duluth Organization is in Excellent Financial Condition.

The monthly meeting of the executive committee of the Humane society was held in the office of the secretary, J. B. Middlecoff yesterday afternoon. Agent Haskins, who recently returned from general meeting of representatives of humane societies all over the state made a report. It showed that the Duluth society is in the best condition financially of any in the state and that it also has excelled all other Minnesota of the kind. In securing the passage of the animal legislation. Efforts on this line, during the present session, have been principally directed towards the passage of laws prohibiting the sale of cigarettes to minors attending the public schools.

A committee composed of Messrs. Dow, Middlecoff and Haskins was appointed to secure a new emblem for the society.

Agent Haskins' report for the month of February showed twenty-three cases of cruelty investigated and seven reported which have not yet been looked into.

PROL. NIEL

Government chemist, writes: I have carefully analyzed your "Royal Ruby Port Wine," bought by me in the open market, and certify that it is the same as you have. This wine is highly recommended for its health-restoring and building-up properties; it strengthens the weak and restores lost vitality. Be sure you get Royal Ruby; \$1 per quart bottle. Sold by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

NEW SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

Work on the Bryant and Irving Schools is Progressing Favorably.

Work is steadily progressing on the new Bryant and Irving school buildings. The Irving building at West Duluth is now completely wired for all electrical fixtures and a large force of men is busily engaged in putting on the adamantine plaster. That part of the job will be done in about a month. At the Bryant school in West Park, plastering is also going on but a much smaller force of men is engaged in the work. The building is crowded so fast. Both buildings will be completed by Aug. 1, which will enable the desks and other furniture to be placed in time to open the buildings for occupancy at the beginning of the new school year.

TO CONSUMMATES.

An honest remedy. Foley's Honey and Tar does not hold out false hopes in advanced stages, but truthfully claims to give comfort and relief in the very early stages. If you can't get coal delivered promptly try the Duluth Van company. They deliver promptly. No, to East Superior street.

CLEAR WATER CAN BE SEEN.

For some weeks people with vivid imaginations have been professing that they could see the edge of the ocean through the ice in the international waters. He said the whiteish supply is practically exhausted and some measures are absolutely necessary. He suggested such a law the state of Michigan has recently passed. It gives the right to certain companies to take individual rights and then have the exclusive privilege of taking food fish therefrom. In return they are to furnish a certain amount of the state.

The matter was referred to the committee on agriculture, mining and fisheries.

T. H. Hugo informed the chamber that certain interests at St. Paul are endeavoring to secure the passage of an act requiring state inspection of boilers and said it was being done simply to make jobs for some people. At present an examination by the inspector of a boiler insurance company is sufficient.

Money.

Money to loan on real estate security. The better the security the lower the rate.

Fire insurance written in companies able to pay losses promptly.

Houses to rent; houses to sell; stores to sell; stores to rent; Good stocks, that pay dividends, bought and sold.

The man who keeps waiting for better times instead of doing all he can in such times as prevail, deserves to get left—the times are not so bad as the politicians would have us believe. More industry and less politics would be a good thing for all concerned.

Wm. E. Lucas,
Exchange Building.

LOOK UP, NOT DOWN

Spring Days Bring Good Cheer
to the Weak.

Paine's Celery Compound in
Thousands of Homes.

On Every Hand People Are Getting
Well.

The Great Spring Remedy
Makes One Strong.

Now Ordered by Physicians Every-
where in March.

PROF. FARRAND'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

Said to Have Found a Permanent Cure for
Asthma and Hay Fever.

Among the few really eminent physicians of America, Professor Farrand, of Vermont, easily stands in the front rank, and a discovery he has recently made will do much to add to his fame.

After long research he has found a happy combination of herbs and leaves that contain the peculiar health-giving qualities of the famous Celery compound, whereof the air passes are unknown. Whenever tried this has given great relief, and 73 per cent of the cases reported a perfect cure of asthma, some of them seemingly hopeless cases.

The Adirondack asthma cure is now offered to the public generally by Dr. Howard Company, Box 100, Barre, Vt., who will mail a large sized box for 50 cents. They do not want from those whom they do not cure, and will return the money to any where Adirondack asthma cure fails to benefit.

This remarkable offer should be accepted at once by any of our readers who have asthma or other respiratory diseases.

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FREIMUTH'S



Baby Carriages!

The time has arrived when the baby will have to be taken out to enjoy the fresh, warm spring air. Get a carriage early. You can save money making a selection now and here. Our new spring stock just in. New styles in carriages; new shades in upholstery at the lowest sort of prices. No matter what you see elsewhere you will find as good or better here for less money.

SPECIAL FOR....

Thursday, Friday and Saturday!

A well made Reed Body Carriage, neatly upholstered, complete with parasol, steel wire wheels and novelty spring, worth \$7.00. **\$4.95**
Special each.

A Reed Body Carriage, upholstered in Bedford Cord with parasol, novelty springs and steel wire wheels, worth \$9.00. Special each. **\$6.75**

Fancy Reed Body Carriage, sixteenth century finish, upholstered in damask, novelty spring and steel wire wheels, Special each. **\$8.75**

Look This One Up!

An elegant Reed Body Carriage, upholstered in damask and silk plush, novelty springs and steel wire wheels, worth \$13.50. Special each. **\$10.50**

FREIMUTH'S

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, Palladio. Schiffman makes the best gold crowns. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote. The Evening Herald is on sale in St. Paul at the Windsor Hotel news stand. Loans—any amount, Little & Nolte. Duluth Fuel company's office is now in the Herald building.

Elected unanimously, Duluth Imperial flour. **3**

Duluth Tent No. 1, Knights of the Macabees, will give a social dancing party on Tuesday evening next, at Parsons' hall.

The next meeting of the Central People's Club will be held on Wednesday. The subject will be "Money, True and False." H. H. Austin and others will speak.

Heart Anton Schott, the great Wagner tenor, sing the celebrated "Prize" song tomorrow night at the Temple.

The birth of a daughter to John and Rose Boller, West Duluth, has been reported to the board of health.

The Iron Mining directors company met yesterday and elected as directors: W. H. Banks, John T. Murphy, E. C. Kennedy, L. E. Waterman, Thomas B. Mills and B. J. Van Vleck, of Superior, and A. E. Humphreys, of Duluth. The officers will be elected later.

H. M. Backus yesterday filed in the office of the register of the patent of Clifton Hotel, Second division, located in the SW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of section 05-14. It is several miles from Duluth near the Rice Lake road.

Charles L. Javenvord, a young Duluth fast skater, wishes to challenge any amateur in the Northwest to a running long jump on skates. He has held the record for a number of years, and on Feb. 16 last he raised his own record by jumping 21 feet 4 inches in the presence of reliable witnesses.

An art exhibition will be given all next week at Superior by Mr. MacRae a well known artist.

The aldermanic "smelling committee" expected to hold a session this evening for the purpose of investigating Street Commissioner McLaughlin through the inquisitorial process. The latter agreed to be present and expected to bring his attorney with him.

Has Not Withdrawn.

The statement in the morning paper that E. A. Moors is out of the race for city clerk is incorrect. Mr. Moors is still in the field and expects to be until the council makes its choice.

Coal Office Removed.

Duluth Fuel company's office is now in the Herald building.

THIEL, fifteen cabinets, two styles, \$3.

THE DISTRICT COURT

Judge Moer Renders a Decision Against the Duluth Milling Company Which Will Cause a Receivership.

H. J. Grannis Will Probably be the Person Selected by the Attorneys for the Place.

F. A. Parker Company Will Assume the Aggressive and Push Through to the Pacific Coast.

Before Judge Moer in district court this morning the case of Doud Sons & Co. against the Duluth Milling company was on trial. The plaintiffs are judgment creditors of the defendant, and the action was to recover the amount unpaid subscriptions due from stockholders. McCusick and Grannis intervened to recover attorney's fees, and W. N. Ingalls to recover salary as secretary of the company.

Judge Moer decided for the plaintiffs and awarded judgment for \$100 for Ingalls. A receiver will be appointed when the attorneys agree upon a suitable party. H. J. Grannis will probably receive the appointment.

Before Judge Ensign the case of Scott & Holston Lumber Company against Jennie Penrose et al., a consolidation of several law suits, was on trial at noon.

The following cases were set for trial April 15: Clinton Markell against the Scott & Holston Lumber Company et al against Jennie Penrose et al., T. F. Ushman against G. F. Piper et al., and A. G. Jewett et al. against the same defendants.

In the case of the West Superior Iron and Steel company against W. H. Stowell, as assignee of the Minnesota Blast Furnace company, judgment was ordered for \$100. The case of Cho Montoya against L. J. Tausig was stricken from the calendar.

Judge Ensign has not yet rendered his decision on the motions for arrest of judgment in the forgery cases against Samuel Cody and John Lewar, and it is not known when the decision will be. The grounds for the motions are that the indictments did not charge the prisoners with issuing the checks and disposing of them "as true," which is the gist of the statutory definition of the offense.

GOING TO THE COAST.

F. A. Parker Company Will Push Its Territory in the Far West.

F. A. Parker, of the F. A. Parker company, has just returned from a trip to Kansas City, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and New York. It was a trip of much importance not only to himself but to Duluth as well, for while in the East Mr. Parker made freight arrangements under which he will be enabled to get shipments from Liverpool in England at the same time as exacted in Chicago and east.

The heirs of one W. S. Brisson have sold Frank Conlan et al to clear title in section 14 30-15. The defendants claim that the title is good and that the property is worth \$15,000.

Judge Moer has filed an order striking out the reply in the case of C. N. Nelson Lumber company. In the case of Samuel Loehr against the Duluth Drug company, Judge Ensign has signed an order making A. J. Hause et al. a party plaintiff. The case of Edward C. Weyerhauser et al. against Albert Kitto has been dismissed. Judge Ensign has filed an order for hearing the final account of R. H. Harris, assignee for W. O. Tilton.

THE AFTER EFFECTS

Where Grip Almost Always Lodges—A Graphic Experience.

"Three years ago I was taken sick with the grip, which affected my kidneys so that the doctors told me I had Bright's disease and dropsy. I had three doctors (each for one year), and one stopped my wife on the street and told her that I would never get well, and, to tell the truth, I never thought I would. I was so sick that any one sitting on the other side of the room could see my throat beat; any one could sit alongside of me and hear my heart beat. I could not lie down, nor walk, and my friends advised me to try a homeopathic doctor, which I did. This doctor wanted my wife to send me to an incurable hospital, but she would not. My urine was the color of brick and the sediment the same as brick dust, and for eighteen months I was swelled to twice my natural size. I tried everything I thought of, indeed, I doctorized with a specialist on the kidneys, but he did me no good.

At last, I tried Warner's Safe Cure, thank God, and it cured me. The first bottle I used I noticed my urine got a little lighter. I used seven bottles and resumed my duties. The doctors stop me in the street and ask me what cured me, and I tell them Warner's Safe Cure. They ask how I took it, and I tell them seven or eight times a day. They say I am a mystery.

I have lived in the neighborhood thirty-two years and am well known. My friends are surprised to see me now and will vouch for this testimony.

JOHN J. SMITH,
362 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Houses for Rent!

Seven rooms, city water, bath, good location, \$20 per month to live part.

Two rooms, brick house, city water, bath, electric light, hot water heat, very central, \$15 per month.

Geo. R. Laybourn, 14 PHOENIX BLOCK.

THE COURT FILINGS.

Several New Suits Instituted Today in the Clerk's Office.

The State bank has sued Becker Svenson et al to foreclose a mortgage given on a note for \$1000. James Cochran & Co. have sued Stanislaus Yanik et al on a lien for building materials for \$70.72.

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COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

G. A. Petition for the Reinstatement of Employees May Come Up.

The board of county commissioners are holding their regular monthly meeting this afternoon. So far as anyone knew, no special business was to come before the board.

The afternoon regular monthly meeting of the city commissioners was expected to be taken up with the consideration of the regular monthly bills.

It was understood that the G. A. R. organizations of the city had not given up their idea of protesting against the displacement of veterans around the court house, at though they had given up the idea of occupying the court house.

John G. Williams left yesterday for Fairview, Kas., accompanying the body of his infant nephew.

T. O. Hall went to St. Paul today.

E. Morcom came down from Tower City.

C. M. Hill of Saginaw, is in the city.

W. E. Mack, of Cleveland, Ohio, is in the city.

Hon. John F. Meagher, of Mankato, was in the city last evening.

C. A. Hasbrouck, of Chicago, representing the American Bridge company, is in the city.

C. M. Harrington of Minneapolis, arrived in the city last evening.

Car. F. McNaughton, left today for Pittsburg.

W. G. McNaughton, traveling passenger agent of the Erie lines, was in the city today.

L. E. Sessions, traveling passenger agent of the Monon route, is in the city.

J. C. Foley, of Duluth, and J. F. Foley, of Negaunee, are in the city.

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Mr. Currier is here.

J. C. Currier, of Mankato, assistant superintendent of state farmers' institutes, is in the city arranging for advertising the institute to be held in Duluth on March 12 and 13.

He says the institute will have great success elsewhere. An evening lecture will be delivered here by George T. Powell, of New York.

The Duluth Court.

In police court this morning Dick Wilson pleaded guilty to the charge of toying with the flowing bowl to excess and paid \$10 and costs. Gladys St. Clair, a bibulous female from the village of West Superior, pleaded guilty to the charge of imbibing more than she can drink but was sent rejoicing on her way home with a bottle of beer.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELFTH YEAR.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and Not Tributary to Any Eastern Concern.
The BIG DULUTH
 Established in 1881.
 STORE OPEN MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

SATURDAY, MARCH 9th,

The Last Of 20 Per Cent Discount.

If you have no more than a boy's \$3.00 to purchase it means 60 cents to you, or a \$10.00 suit, \$2.00 worth it saves you \$4.00. On every purchase of winter goods for man or boy today there's **20 Per Cent Discount**.

\$12 Beaver Swagger Overcoats, 20 Per Cent Off, \$9.60

\$6 Storm Coats, 20 Per Cent Off, \$4.80

Buy Today and Saturday and Save the 20 Per Cent
Buy Today and Saturday and Save the 20 Per Cent

It's a large return for buying what you'll want maybe next week—certainly next season.

Williamson & Mendenhall
125 AND 127 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

SHOES

Are Selling Cheap and Going Fast at our...

Closing Out Sale!

Infants' Soft Sole Shoes in black and colors	12c	Gilt Edge Shoe Dressing	12c
Ladies' Storm Rubbers, best grades	48c	Ladies' Overtoppers, good quality	19c
Men's Working Shoes, 99c	\$1.25	Ladies' Oxford Ties, pat. tip, pointed and square toes	75c
Ladies' Button Shoes, all new and attractive styles, well made and reliable, from 75c to			\$2

Large line of Children's and Misses' Shoes at Greatly Reduced Price.

H. T. HYDE
214 West Superior St.

Entire Stock of.....

Furniture and Carpets...

AT **25% Discount**

For the Next Ten Days.

Take advantage of this Genuine Discount Sale while it lasts.

Must Make Room For New Goods.

F. S. KELLY,
710-712 West Superior St., Near 7th Ave. Incline.

Proprietor of Steam Power Carpet Cleaning Works. TELEPHONE 376.

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue, already iced. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO

Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.

General Office: Room 3 Exchange Building.

GUilty

Harry Hayward Found Guilty
of the Murder of Catherine
Ging.

The Jury Retired at Eleven
O'Clock and Returned in
Three Hours.

Harry Did Not Even Change
Color When He Heard
the Verdict.

The Judge's Charge Generally
Conceded to be Fair and
Impartial.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 8.—The Hay-
ward murder trial has resulted in Harry
Hayward being found "guilty as charged."
The jury retired at 11 o'clock and at 2 o'clock it was announced that a
verdict had been reached. Judge Smith
had gone to dinner and was sent for at
once. No one was allowed to leave the
court house. Immense crowds were
gathered in the neighborhood and the
police and deputies feared rioting in case of
a verdict of "not guilty," as many
threats of violence were being made.
Before the judge arrived Harry Hay-
ward was conducted back from the jail.
"Here comes Harry," shouted the
pushing, puffing, yelling mob that sur-
rounded the court room door. No one
knew yet what the verdict was, and the
attitude of this rowd was that of curios-
ity rather than of threats. The judge's
order that no one could be allowed to
enter or leave the court room until Hay-
ward was safe behind the bars was
effective in preventing trouble. When
word was brought back that the prisoner
was safe, the verdict was read by the
judge and then passed to the clerk and
announced by Foreman Neil McNeil. A
poll of the jury was demanded and with-
out hesitation each man answered
"guilty."

The Associated Press reporter dropped the
verdict written on a piece of paper,
out of the window, another below caught it and handed it to an operator who was
in communication with the office of the
Associated Press, some eight blocks
away, so that the fact was flashing over
the wires before the excited crowd below
knew what in fact it was.

Up to the time that the verdict was
read, John Day Smith and Shumaker,
of counsel for the defense, expressed the
greatest confidence in acquittal. Hall,
the assistant county attorney, moved for
immediate sentence, but owing to the
absence of Mr. Erwin, the leader of the
defense, action was postponed until next
Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

A cooler man than Harry Hayward
under such circumstances never lived.
His dress was immaculate as usual, and he walked with the same cultivated
stride, that is one of his characteristics,
to the chair he has occupied for so many
weeks past. That he anticipated what
the verdict was to be seemed apparent
in the angry manner with which he
threw his hat on the attorney's table.
The force was so great that a rent was
made in the crown of the derby. Shumaker
turned to his client and besought
him to keep cool, whatever the verdict.
"Don't show any temper, Harry," he
said, "this is not the time to do that."

The injunction had the desired effect.
Hayward straightened out the sleeves of
his well fitting coat, sat down, crossed
his legs and faced the jurors. He was
breathing heavily that every breath
was almost a gasp, but the passage from
the jail to the court room was through a
hostile and desperate crowd and it was
buried made.

He sat amid the solemn silence of
the big room, scanning the faces of
his twelve countrymen, one by one, as if
to learn in advance whether any ray of
hope lurked behind their impassiveness.
The jury looked stern and sad. The
story they had to tell could be read in
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No spectators were admitted. The
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waited it with ghastly impatience.

Kobler, the deputy clerk, asked in a
tremulous voice whether the jury had
agreed upon a verdict and Neil McNeil,
the foreman, stood up. His face was
ghastly in its color and there was not a
man on the jury unaffected by the in-
tense gravity of the situation.

"We have agreed," said McNeil, in a
voice that was scarcely audible, and the
folded piece of paper that meant life or
death to the accused was handed to the
clerk. Judge Smith looked over the
document first and returned it to Deputy
Clerk Kobler.

"We, the jury, find the prisoner guilty,"
he read. Every eye was turned
towards the condemned man. There
was nothing to indicate that he heard a
word of it. He threw his head back as
the word "guilty" was pronounced, but
it was not to adjust his collar band. He
did not change color a single shade.

Twice the jury had been heard so
often in the last few weeks. Then looking
around at the crowd he raised his
eyebrows inquisitively, as though to ask:
"What next?"

During the polling of the jury, he lis-
tened with evident interest to the answers,
though what they might be could signify
nothing to him. The expression in his
face was one of indignation rather than
any other sentiment. Judge Smith then
voiced his thanks to the jury for their
labor in connection with the case.

The judge's charge was perfectly satis-
factory to both sides and no exceptions
were noted. It was generally con-
ceded to be fair and impartial.

The ruling in Harry Hayward's case
was strong in the presence of death. He
placed a bet of \$10 this morning that the
verdict would be an acquittal and that it
would be reached inside of two hours by
the jury.

Mr. Erwin began by pointing out that
the loan Harry Hayward had made to
Miss Ging had not been attacked in the
evidence except by the word of Claus
Blix. The validity of this loan was the
citadel of the defense. It was evident
that had the police machine been prop-
erly set in motion, the mystery surround-
ing Miss Ging's behavior would have
been solved, and in a manner consistent
with the noble character of the girl. At
the same time it would have relieved
the court of the charge of being under
the influence of the girl.

Mr. Erwin then devolved his alibi and
claimed that all of Harry's time when he
was involved by Blix's testimony
had been satisfactorily accounted for
in the court room.

"This is the most monstrous persecu-
tion in history. If you are, in obedience
to the pressure brought on you, to tear
down all the rules of law, if fanaticism
and the monstrosity of this alliance be-
tween the perjurer and the murderer are
to influence you, then tell your arti-
sans to remove from all our domes-
tomes the statue of justice. Tell them
to put in her place a figure of the bag of
hell. Take down the flag of the red, white
and blue. Take it down, the old flag of
Freedom, and bid your officers rear in its
place that polished, black face of hellish
perjury."

"You gentlemen of the jury—you are
in the hands of God. No power can mar
or overthrow your verdict. Beware of that
you do not betray the conscience of this
nation."

"It took Judge Seagrave Smith forty
minutes to read his charge to the jury.
He declared that the verdict must be
guilty as charged or not guilty. If the
defendant is guilty, he was present
and the judge informed that there
was no verdict of guilty less than
murder in the first degree. He then ex-
plained the reasonable doubt theory, at
great length. He continued:

"To what extent the defense was
discredited Blix admitted is for you
to say. They say his testimony
was conflicting, and you have a
right to take into consideration the
condition of Blix's mind that night.
It is necessary for you to say
whether he is to be believed or not.
You are to say whether he is to be
believed or not. If you are satisfied that
Blix killed the girl, you may proceed
and not do the verdict. But if Harry did incite,
as charged, your verdict will be guilty."

"The state is not relying on circum-
stances to bring him in guilty. The
testimony of Blix that he killed Miss
Ging, and the positive statement of
Adry Hayward, a few days before
the murder, that Harry said he
was going to kill her. This testi-
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REPUBLICANS' POLICY

Senator Platt Explains Why the Republicans Worked to Prevent Any Legislation in the Senate.

To Consent to Tariff Legislation Was to Further Imperil the Industries of the Country.

Nothing Was to Be Gained by Proposing Any Legislation with a Democratic Majority Opposed.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Senator Platt, of Connecticut is one of the senators who still remain in the city. He is kept here by the necessity of straightening out some of his affairs, which he was compelled to in a measure neglect on account of the pressure of public business which occupied so much of his time during the last session. This was because he was one of the Republicans upon whom developed the responsibility of preventing general legislation, and, according to the decision reached by the Republican senators at an early date in the session.

This task fell largely to Messrs. Platt, Aldrich and Chandler, and how they succeeded has been indicated in a day to day in the course of the proceedings. Being asked for the reason of the Republicans for pursuing this policy Mr. Platt said:

"Disclaiming any right to speak for the Republican party, the Republicans felt that no good could come from any legislation which the Democrats might attempt with reference to public matters.

To consent to any tariff legislation was to further imperil the industries of the country, and other measures which they were determined to prevent were entirely rejected from the standpoint of the public interest. The Republicans therefore determined that as in their judgment there should be no wise legislation, there should be as little legislation possible on important subjects."

"Those who are in the free coinage of silver were ready at all times to aid in the passage of any safe and wise financial measure which might be brought forward by the majority, but aside from this their policy had been that of a prevention of bad legislation, and I think it has been pretty successfully accomplished."

"But it is urged that you proposed nothing."

"It was not," he replied, "the time anything was to be gained by passing legislation, but it was a strong majority in Congress and a Democratic president, nothing that the Republicans might propose would be adopted. So the session has been necessarily devoted to routine and local business and to the passage of appropriate bills."

Asked how the work was accomplished of getting all the appropriation bills through and preventing other general legislation, he said: "Some times we have in the estimation of the public skated on thin ice, as we have done, but notwithstanding the appropriation bills could all be passed and an extra session avoided. It is perhaps not too much to say, however, that although the Republicans were in a decided minority in the senate, they were during the whole session, in practical control of the Senate and conducted the business." He declined to particularize on this point.

"The next session will be Republican," he said, "but we shall not have a Republican majority in the senate, and there will be a Democratic president. Then it will doubtless be experienced in a way of popular legislation, to leave the distressed condition of the country—I fear too much. We shall be almost powerless for the promotion of action in the next congress as we have been in the present. Very little can be accomplished until 1896, when we hope the Republicans will be in power in all branches of the government."

"If the measures, the consideration of which has been blocked, should be brought forward in the next congress they will doubtless come in appropriate and not in a haphazard manner. The measures intended to be adopted. The financial situation may improve. We hope for bimetallism and we also hope for improved business conditions. If we should succeed in securing bimetallism

ASK THEM Why?

Ask the men who are making imitations of COTTOLENE, the new vegetable shortening, why they give up lard and try to make the merits of COTTOLENE? Perhaps you can guess why.

ASK HIM Why?

Ask the grocer who attempts substitution, why he tries to sell an imitation when people call for that pure, palatable and popular vegetable shortening, COTTOLENE? Perhaps you can guess.

ASK YOURSELF Why?

Why should not YOU use COTTOLENE, instead of lard for all cooking purposes? It has the highest possible endorsement; from Physicians as to healthfulness; from Cooking Experts as to superiority; from housekeepers as to economy. Use COTTOLENE and stick to it.

Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank
Company,
CHICAGO.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Highest of all in Leavening Power. Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

that would settle the trouble, and it would do much to diminish the friction which now prevails with reference to the silver question."

SUSIE MARTIN'S SKULL.

It Was Found in the Cellar of a House in New York.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The skull found Wednesday night in the cellar of 450 West Forty-sixth street has been positively identified as that of little Susie Martin, whose mutilated trunk was found on the night of March 10, 1894, in the cellar of 517 West Thirty-ninth street.

When the body of the girl was found it was evident that it had been boiled. An examination of the skull showed that the left temple of the skull led the police to believe that the child had been struck there with some blunt instrument and the fracture of the skull was the immediate cause of her death.

The skull was wrapped in a towel and a cloak. The dead girl was worn by Susie Martin when her parents last saw her. The police are greatly excited over the discovery and detectives from the central office as well as the precinct detectives are again at work on the case.

AN IMPORTANT CONCESSION.

Editor Dana and Publisher Laffan of the New York Sun Incurred.

Chicago Company Gets Authority to Develop Mexico's Oil Fields.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The grand jury for the supreme court of the District of Columbia has returned an indictment for criminal libel against Charles A. Dana, editor, and William M. Laffan, publisher of the New York Sun.

The indictment was a formal document presented, setting forth the criminal intent of the two编辑.

The district supreme court is a United States court, and according to the procedure of such courts District Attorney Barney will transmit a certified copy of the indictment to the district attorney for the Southern district of New York, who, in turn, will present it to the United States commissioner, who, on satisfying himself of the formal regularity of the indictment will issue a criminal warrant for the arrest of Messrs. Dana and Laffan. The commission also fixes the amount of bail.

THE MINE WAS SALTED.

A British Syndicate Swindled Out of \$50,000 in Mexico.

ZACATECAS, Mex., March 8.—Louis J. Foot, an Englishman, representing a wealthy British syndicate, has just been swindled out of about \$50,000 by two American mining prospectors. The game consisted of the mineral salt water of a small mine in the district west of here and selling it to the Englishman for \$2000. One-half the amount was paid down in cash, and the Americans immediately left the country with their easily acquired wealth, leaving the Englishman and his syndicate with the bag to hold.

WOULD SUCCEED PEPPER.

Speaker Lobbald Would Like to Don the Senatorial Toga.

KANSAS CITY, March 8.—A special from Topeka, Kan., says: Hon. Charles E. Lobbald, speaker of the house, presents, to a trimming, his bills for the senatorial contest of 1897, when the speaker of the House will be chosen.

A well known Republican politician is authority for the statement that a movement is on foot throughout the western part of Kansas, to capture the next United States senator and that Lobbald is favorite.

CLARK HAD FOUR WIVES.

One Lives at Muskegon and Was a School Teacher.

MUSKEGON, Mich., March 8.—James L. Clark, who is wanted at Sacramento, Calif., for bigamy, has four wives instead of two, as has been supposed, one there, one here, one at Claybanks, Mich., and one in Wisconsin.

His Muskegon wife, who is No. 3, was Margaret Shannon, a school teacher and a widow, who had a son, and a life insurance left her by her first husband, but on finding out his mistake left for the West. His real name is Ephraim Leclerc.

The Alaska Boundary.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., March 8.—William Ogilvie, chief of the Canadian surveyors who have been locating the boundary line between Alaska and British Columbia, arrived in Seattle yesterday afternoon and says there is no prospect of a dispute between the two governments relating to the boundary. Both governments have engineers in the field gathering data which will be submitted to an international commission for their guidance in settling the boundary. He says most of the Yukon placer mines are in British territory.

MASS. SUPPLY CUT OFF.

KANSAS CITY, March 8.—A hundred negroes in small walks of life attended a mass meeting held here last night to encourage Hon. Fredrick Douglass. All the colored public school teachers of Kansas City were present and made addresses, and did several orations and others. Among the speakers was Col. A. A. Jones, who was announced as "the silver tongued orator of the West." His Apportionment resolutions were adopted.

Gas Supply Cut Off.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., March 8.—Fort Wayne was without natural gas today on account of a break in the main pipes connecting this city with the gas wells at Montpelier, and as a consequence people who are consumers of natural gas had to get their breakfast as best they could. Manufacturers and others were compelled to get a supply of coal and wood.

THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1895,

DEPRESSION'S CAUSES

Report of the Special House Committee on the Causes of the Existing Agricultural Depression.

Class Legislation of the Worst Character, Culminating in the Demonization of Silver, is Claimed.

The Opinion Expressed That Until Remedial Legislation is Secured, Relief Will Not Come Permanently.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The major of the special committee appointed to inquire into the causes of the prevailing agricultural depression has prepared a report in which it says: "It is unnecessary for the committee to enter into a dwell upon the fact that agriculture is depressed in every branch of this most important industry, that the values of land and farms, unless under exceptionally rare conditions, have depreciated steadily as the purchasing power of the dollar has increased. But while the values of the property owned by the American farmers have decreased in thirty years from 1860 to less than one-half of the value of 1860, the value of silver has increased from 30 per cent to 100 per cent under mortgage—values have steadily increased and debts now require four times the labor to be paid off than was then required."

"The purchasing power of the dollar seems to have increased, to a large extent, by the power of the power to pay his taxes and debts have remained at a standstill. In 1873 when sold from \$1.55 to \$225 a bushel (according to Spofford's almanac); in New York in 1891 at 50 cents."

Discussing the cause of the depression of silver, the report says: "Class legislation of the worst character encumbers the statute books and has been carried on to the detriment of agriculture and its dependent industries for thirty years, culminating in the demonization of silver in 1890."

"The demonization of silver was a bold stroke in the interest of capital that has reduced the value of every product in the world. This is conclusively proven by the fact that just as soon as silver has descended in price, the value of all other values fall in the scale."

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**Duluth
Cash
Grocery Co.,**
METROPOLITAN BLOCK,
113 West Superior Street.

OUR CAUSES!

Should Have the
Effect of : : :

**Saving You
Money**

And Making
Us Busy : :

TOMORROW

25c buys
4 Cans Sugar Corn.
25c buys
3 Cans Hubbard Squash.
25c buys
3 Cans Scotch Fresh Herring.
25c buys
3 Cans Standard Succotash.
25c buys
3 Cans Dew Drop String Beans.
25c buys
2 Cans Boston Baked Beans.
25c buys
5 lbs Loose Muscatel Raisins.
18c buys
1 Dozen strictly fresh Eggs, (guaranteed).
19c buys
1 lb choice Dairy Butter in 10 and 20-lb tubs, a bargain.
16c buys
1 lb Sweet Roll Butter.
24c buys
1 lb Choice Creamery.

Our Resources For Fresh Eggs and Butter Are Perfect.

22c buys
A Jar of Pure Raspberry Jam.

5c buys
A Package of Mystic Starch, which requires no cooking.

Our assortment of Fresh Vegetables and Fruits To-morrow will consist of everything in the market.

Malaga Grapes, Mexican Oranges, Cococuas, Fancy Bananas, California Pears, Spinach, Cauliflower, Pie Plant, Tomatoes, White Cress, New Turnips, Red Cabbage, Celery, Lettuce, from Lakeside, Fresh Mushrooms, Green Onions, Pine Apples.

REMEMBER OUR TEAS.
Headquarters for Lipton's Celebrated Teas at Metropolitan Prices.

Prompt Delivery and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Duluth Cash Grocery Co.
H. M. BACKUS,
Real Estate.

—PROPRIETOR OF—
Arlington, Kensington, Clifton Heights and Princeton Place Divisions.
513 Burrows Building.

Established 1869.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Real Estate,
HUNTER BLOCK.

Mortgage Loans!
Various amounts, at lowest rates, without delay. Money always on hand.
ROSS L. MAHON,
205 First National Bank Building.

WEST DULUTH ITEMS

A Woman Who Thought She Was Robbed Had the Whole Police Department Chasing Yesterday.

They Rounded up the Suspect But the Woman Found That Her Daughter Had the Purse.

St. Patrick's Day Entertainment to be Given at Which Bishop McGolrick Will Speak.

Yesterday afternoon a lady living on Fifty-third avenue reported at police headquarters that she had been robbed of a pocketbook and \$5 in money. When asked whom she suspected of the crime she stated that she thought the money was taken by a one-armed beggar, who had been at her house and obtained food that afternoon. The pocketbook was missed just after the man left the house.

A full description of the supposed thief was given and the police department put on the alert to catch him. As he was shy an arm he was soon rounded up in Duluth proper and arrested. It afterwards transpired that a daughter of the lady who made the charge took the purse, unbeknown to her mother, to do some shopping and returned later in the evening.

Literary Society Debate.

Hardwood Park Church Literary society will hold a debate next Tuesday evening, the subject being: "Resolved that Woman Has Done More to Elevate the World than Man." Affirmative, Mrs. W. B. Greenhields and Mrs. E. H. Cole, Negative, Rev. W. B. Greenhields and S. T. Bishop.

St. Patrick's Entertainment.

The members of the St. James' Catholic church is making arrangements for an entertainment to be given on the eve of St. Patrick's day. Bishop McGolrick will deliver an address and a musical program will be given.

West Duluth Briefs.

Rev. George E. Keiley, who has been quite ill the past week, is reported to be much improved and he expects to occupy his pulpit next Sunday.

The members of the E. S. S. are making preparations to give an entertainment in the new theater.

A temperance concert and festival was held in the Norwegian Lutheran church last evening. Prominent speakers were present and a fine musical program consisting of orchestral pieces, violin solos, songs, etc., was rendered before a good sized audience.

The stock market was weak, except Sugar and oats had a spasm of activity and with it went a sharp rise in the chief cereals. There was an attempt to create a consternation in the market, but it was not successful.

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EVENING HERALD
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DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.Business and editorial rooms: THE HERALD
BUILDING, 201 West Superior street.
Telephone: Business office, 324, two rings;
Editorial rooms, 234, three rings.Subscription Rates:
Daily, per year \$7.00
Daily, per three months 1.00
Daily, per month 60
Weekly, per year 1.00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.
Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

The Weather.
U. S. AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, WEATHER
BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN., March 8.—A ridge of high pressure air from the north has settled over Minnesota, with areas of low pressure
respectively, in Lower Michigan and
the Lake Superior region.

Surface winds from the north, winds are
reported this morning in the Lower Missouri
valley, and in the Lake Superior region, where
fair weather prevails.

A moderate cold wave has advanced
westward, from the Great Lakes to Western
Minnesota, and the temperature ranges from 14
degrees below zero in the north to 34 degrees
above zero in the south.

Duluth temperature at 7 a.m. today, 2 de-
gress below zero; maximum yesterday, 10 degrees
above zero; minimum yesterday, 2 degrees
above zero.

DULUTH, March 8.—Forecast for Duluth and
vicinity till 7 a.m. tomorrow: Bright and
cloudy today; sun in morning and afternoon;
winds mostly north.

Local Forecast: Official.

CARDOZO, March 8.—Forecast till 8 p.m.
tomorrow. For Wisconsin: Fair tonight
and cold east portion tonight; Saturday, fair
and cold; Sunday, fair and cold. For Min-
nesota: Fair and warmer tonight and saturday;
sunny day.

Give Him Support.
Consul General Williams, who has
represented this country at Havana for
many years, has incurred the displeasure
of the Cuban authorities and the
Spanish government has requested his
recall. According to Mr. Williams,
he has become a persona non
grata to the captain general of Cuba be-
cause he has declined to be bullied by
that official with respect to the cases of
four pri-mers of war who are American
citizens. Mr. Williams has insisted
upon their trial by the civil courts, where
they could employ counsel to defend
them, while the captain general insisted
that they should be tried by court
martial.

The consul general declares that the
Spanish authorities in Cuba cannot bully
him, and that while he is in Havana he
will protect American citizens as far as
possible. He is evidently made of the
right stuff. It is refreshing to hear of a
case where an American consul has the
courage to stand up in defense of Amer-
ican citizens and insist upon their rights
being respected. Instead of recalling
Mr. Williams, at the request of the
Spanish government, President Cleve-
land should send a warship to back him
up in his endeavor to protect American
citizens. If one warship be insufficient
send more, but by all means let Mr.
Williams be supported in the stand that
he has taken.

It is time that the effete monarchs of
the old world were given to understand
that the United States will not permit its
citizens to be insulted with impunity or
their rights disregarded. Now that we
have a navy of some pretensions, why
not try the moral effect of a naval de-
monstration at Havana. It might bring
these hot-headed Spaniards to their
senses and cause them to entertain a
wholesome respect for the great Ameri-
can republic.

Appropriations by Congress

While the official figures of the total
appropriations made by the Fifty-third
congress have not yet been made public,
approximately correct figures have been
obtained through the medium of the As-
sociated Press. They show that the late
congress had a narrow escape from being
called another "billion dollar congress." The
appropriations of the first and sec-
ond session of the late congress were
\$492,230,685, while it is figured that those
of the third session aggregate \$497,994,
604, making a total of \$990,225,689 appro-
priated by the Fifty-third congress. This
exceeds the appropriations of any pre-
vious congress except the Fifty-second,
whose appropriations were \$1,027,104,
517. The bonds issued during the past
year will require an appropriation by the
next congress of \$7,000,000 a year for in-
terest, so that it is doubtful whether any
decrease in the appropriations of the Fifty-fourth
congress can be expected.

There is a steady increase from year
to year and from decade to decade. The
annual expenditures of the government,
which in 1883 were \$244,126,244, amounted
to \$564,167,507 in 1893, being an in-
crease of about 50 per cent in the ten
years in question. A study of the ap-
propriation bills year by year during the
decade shows that this growth in ap-
propriations has been steady. The sundry
civil appropriation bill, which ten years
ago carried \$22,000,000, carries \$7,000,
000 in the session just ended, and is the
largest sundry civil appropriation bill ever
passed by any congress. The Indian
appropriation bill, which a decade
ago amounted to only \$5,000,000, was in
the last session over \$10,000,000. The
agricultural bill, which in 1883 was
only a little over \$500,000, is now
over \$3,000,000 every year. The Dis-

trict of Columbia appropriation bill,
which was then a little over \$3,000,000,
is now nearly \$6,000,000. The postoffice
appropriation bill, which carried a little
more than \$50,000,000 ten years ago,
now carries almost \$200,000,000, and has
steadily increased during the decade.
The naval appropriation bill, which ten
years ago was \$10,000,000, is now nearly
double that figure. The pension ap-
propriation bill, which appropriated \$60,
000,000 in the second session of the
Forty-eighth congress, carries \$141,000,
000 in the session just ended and ex-
ceeded that sum by several million
dollars in three preceding sessions. It
is altogether probable that the pension
appropriation will show a steady de-
crease during the coming decade.

Let Well Enough Alone.
The clergymen who met at the Y. M.
C. A. hall on Wednesday evening and
resolved to start a crusade to make Duluth
perfect morally have undertaken
much more than they can accomplish.
A perfect moral city does not exist
upon the face of the earth. Such a city
will never be found—never, so long as
human nature remains in its present
condition. The clergymen are no doubt
sincere and believe that they can
accomplish what they have undertaken.
When they make a greater study of
human nature; when they have examined
the moral conditions of other cities,
and when they have compared the man-
ner in which the laws are enforced in
Duluth, as compared with other cities,
they will be forced to acknowledge that
they have undertaken the impossible
and that Duluth is cleaner, from a moral
standpoint, than any other city of its size
in America.

It is wonderful, in fact, that this city is
so orderly and so free from vice and
crime of every description. Look at the
conditions—a lake port, with thousands
of sailors visiting the city during the
season of navigation; a lumber center, with
thousands of men pouring into the city
from the woods every spring; the metrop-
olis of a mining district, frequently
visited by miners whose moral tone is
not the best. Consider these facts, and
then inspect the records of the police
court. Look at our orderly streets.
Penetrate the saloons and note the
absence of disorder and degradation that
mark many such places in other cities.
It is a remarkably good condition of
affairs that will be discovered by the
disinterested observer who knows some-
thing of the state of things in other lumber-
and mining centers and in ports along
the great lakes and upon the Atlantic
coast. The picture of Duluth's morality presented at Wednes-
day night's meeting was overdrawn.
The evils were exaggerated. Duluth is
not such a wicked place as the clergymen
would have the outside world understand,
and it is a libel upon the fair
fame of the city to thus misrepresent it.
The Herald stands for law and order
and public morality. It abhors vice and
would drive it out as far as possible.
But at the same time it cannot close its
eyes to the experience of other cities.
"It is a condition and not a theory that
confronts us." It is a beautiful theory
that by strictly enforcing the laws you
can stamp out vice of every description
and all the evils with which cities are
afflicted. A beautiful theory, but how it
dwindles when put into practice! One of
the clergymen would drive the dis-
reputable houses out of the city. Has
he ever read of the results of such ex-
periments elsewhere? Has he not learned
by the experience of other cities that
such attempts are certain to scatter
throughout the community these dens
of iniquity and contaminate respectable
neighborhoods by their presence? That
they are certain also to fill the streets with
disreputable women? This has been the
experience of other cities which well-
meaning but short-sighted reformers
have tried to make morally perfect.
History will repeat itself, and Duluth cannot
hope to have a different experience.

The administration is now pursuing the
course which has been found most con-
ducive to good order and public moral-
ity. It insists upon orderly saloons and it
compels all persons of ill repute to live
in a certain portion of the city where they
will be under strict police supervision.
That this system has been the
most successful no careful student of
municipal government can honestly deny.
It is the policy pursued in Duluth, and
with good results. Let well enough alone.

Either the Turks have read Rider
Haggard's "She" or he took his idea
of "hot-potting" from Mussulman
sources. The Armenian Patriarch states
that the Turks and Kurds placed red
hot copper pots over the heads of Armenian
prisoners, besides crucifying on
heads and there applying other tor-
tures to whoever else fell into their
hands.

Holman, the Indiana objector in
congress for many years, says he is
poorer than when he entered the public
service. He now proposes to return to
his farm and see if he can get a living
from it. Holman's assertion that he is
poorer than when he entered congress
cannot be said, with truth, of some other
congressmen.

The proposition to erect statues to
Ben Butler and Wendell Phillips goes
over to the next Massachusetts legisla-
ture. There is no hurry. Mr. Phillips
never could see beauty in any of the
statues already in existence in Boston,

for the information of the West Du-
luth Sun, it may be stated that The Her-
ald still has "several cards up its sleeve"
and is not afraid of any label suit.

—

Kansas in February nearly scored its

record for cold, clouds and wind.

HINTS

That Will
Aid You in...

Saturday's Shopping!

Children's Caps,

25c

Velveteen, "2 bunches,"

5c

Valenciennes Lace,

15c

Thread, 2 Spools,

5c

Ladies' Wool Hose,

25c

Hair Cloth, Imported,

29c

Dress Shields, pair,

5c

Violets,

10c

Extra Large Turkish

Towels

25c

Gent's Handkerchiefs,

9c

Corsets.

25c

Hooks and Eyes,

5c

Face Veiling,

5c

Silk Belts,

50c

Fancy Velvets,

\$1.00

Natural Wool

37c

All Linen

25c

Silk and Wool

50c

Dress Goods.

10c

Children's Dresses,

\$1.00

Large Damask Towels,

10c

All Silk Persian

35c

Crepe

35c

Outing Flannel,

10c

Ladies' Jackets,

\$3.50

Ladies' Jackets,

\$1.00

Ladies' Jackets,

81.00

Ladies' Jackets,

1c

Corset Steels,

10c

Lonsdale Muslin,

6 1/2c

Children's Wool

30c

Underwear.

30c

Black Dress Goods,

25c

all wool

25c

Dress Trimming,

12 1/2c

Boys' Underwaists,

65c

new

25c

Stick Pins,

10c

Kid Gloves,

\$1.00

Grass Cloth,

12 1/2c

Belt Buckles,

35c

Plaid Dress

14c

Goods

10c

Shell Combs,

15c

Chemise,

15c

Wool Mittens,

45c

China Silk,

24c

Torchon Lace,

10c

Counterpanes,

75c

Ladies' Wrappers,

63c

Fur Boas,

63c

Cotton Chaffies,

5c

New York Pattern

82.00

Hats

20.00

Total

\$3,994

WE SEE WE
Touched Them
On a
Tender Point..
...The Truth Hurts.
Our Prices Did It!
The Dinnerware and
Chamber Set Sale Goes Merrily On.
OPEN STOCK PATTERNS.
ONE SET, former price \$6.90 ONE SET, former price \$8.48
ONE SET, former price \$9.50 NOW \$7.48 ONE SET, former price \$9.98
ONE SET, former price \$11.50 NOW \$11.90
Discount on Every
Chamber Set in
Stock.
Get Our Prices.
F. A. PARKER CO.,
28 West
Superior
Street.

DULUTH TEAM DEFEATED.

Superior Polo Club Were in a Hard Game
Last Night.

The Duluth Polo team suffered its first defeat of this season at the End on last night, and the only defeat since the games with the Henrietta club of St. Paul. The Superior boys were the visitors, and the game which they put up was responsible for their winning. The Duluth boys had already played two games against the M. C. A. team and were some tired out. They made a mistake in attempting to play two games in one evening, with these men in no better training than they were. The first game against the Y. M. C. A. team was a short one, lasting but eighteen minutes. The Duluth boys out played the other team completely. There was considerable dispute over the second goal, but the judge decided for the Duluths. Menz took a header against the boy with the ball, and got on his team for the remainder of the evening.

From the moment the game against Superior began the visitors started to rush and they did the hard playing all through. It took fifteen minutes to score the first goal, and from then on no score was made. About two minutes before the time for closing the game the ball was driven through the window and another could not be had. Morrison, Morrison, and Munro played great games for Superior. None of the Duluths did any good playing. But they played steadily, but McLeannan and Haine were in poor form. This is the last game the Duluths will play this year.

A TRIP TO GEORGIA.

J. J. Frey of West Duluth Gives Some of His Impressions.

J. J. Frey, of West Duluth, recently returned from Georgia. He is quite enthusiastic over the climate and natural resources of the state, and thinks of moving there as soon as he can dispose of his business interests in Duluth. He brought back some gold specimens which he gathered from what he considers a very rich vein of quartz. It is understood that he has secured an option on property which will be developed for its mining.

"There are good opportunities," he says, "in Georgia for men of means, as there are mines of gold, iron and coal to be developed, as well as great agricultural resources. The individual opportunities are great, but that section of the country lie only in the opportunity to become a small farmer and gradually work his way up to independent competence. Wages are very low for common laborers, and with the emigrant he is supplied with sufficient money to purchase a small tract of land and prepare a home for himself."

During the past winter excursion rates have been obtained the first Tuesday in each month making the round trip for about \$3. There is no doubt that this season a number of Duluth people are thinking of taking advantage of the cheap rate and joining the excursion tomorrow. A choice of several routes is given.

ONE MORE GAME.

R. J. MacLeod or Harry Hurdon Will Defend the Merriman Medals.

The semi-finals in the Merriman medal contest were played at Glen Avon last night between the rinks skipped by R. J. MacLeod and R. R. Macfarlane, resulting in an easy victory for the former by a score of 13 to 6. This leaves MacLeod and Hurdon to play the final round to the St. Paul rink, which will be up probably tomorrow night, although that has not yet been definitely decided. MacLeod and Hurdon expected to play at 1 o'clock this afternoon, but they will be awoken next Monday evening when Charles Frohman's great military play will be at the Temple. This play has been popular and successful everywhere and is one of the dramatic successes that we can expect to last. The troupe will be in the theater classes, but business men patronized it to an unexpected and gratifying extent.

The initial trip of the North West will be from Buffalo on May 28, and of the steamer to the 21, which will open the season for 1895.

Westbound boats will leave Buffalo on Tuesdays and Fridays at 9:30 p. m.; arrive at Cleveland Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6:30 a. m.; leave Cleveland Wednesdays and Saturdays at 7:30 a. m.; leave Detroit and Sundays at 9 p. m.; leave Mackinaw Tuesdays and Sundays at 9 a. m.; leave the Soo Thursdays and Sundays at 4 p. m.; arrive at Duluth Fridays and Mondays at 10 a. m.

Eastbound boats leave Duluth Fridays and Saturdays at 10 a. m.; leave the Soo, Saturdays and Tuesdays at 12 o'clock noon; leave Mackinaw, Saturdays and Tuesdays at 9 p. m.; leave Detroit Sundays and Wednesdays at 1 p. m.; arrive at Cleveland Sundays and Wednesdays at 10 a. m.; leave Cleveland, Sundays and Wednesdays at 1 p. m.; arrive at Buffalo, Mondays and Thursdays at 10 a. m.

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PANTON & WATSON, GLASS BLOCK STORE

ADVANCE SPRING SALE OF NEW GOODS!

In All Departments Saturday, March 9,



1895, and continue for **ONE WEEK**. This new idea will be the greatest event of the kind ever realized in this city. The extraordinary large stock **NEW GOODS** purchased at **ROCK-BOTTOM** prices for cash, enables us to offer inducements to retail buyers that defy competition, while for variety, newness, novelty in pattern, superiority in quality it surpasses our greatest expectations.

Remember, All Departments Will Be on Sale for One Week!

New Goods will abound everywhere. Lowest prices Consistent With Quality and Style will be marked in plain figures. The entire store will be one of bargains. The paragraphs below are only abbreviated indexes of what will be found. Come visit us whether you buy or not. Enjoy the delights in new things as they pass to somebody's home.

Silk Department.

Our great introductory bargains will bring the greatest crowds into our store that have ever congregated in one establishment. The range of location and style Silk garments makes it necessary to offer greater bargains to induce the trade to inquire for it. Therefor we shall offer

One Great Bargain

For this great sale 1500 yards Chiffon and Satin, Organza, always sold at 75c. Our March Sale price

25c

COME AND SEE THEM.

Special Prices on all Silks during this sale. Lack of space forbids our mentioning others.

Come and see the largest stock of Silks at the head of the list.

Wash Goods.

100 pieces new Apron Cheek Ginghams, standard weight, would be cheap at 6c. March sale price

3c

19c-20c Pieces new Brocade Satins in black, beautiful designs, worth 35c. March sale price

19c

100 pieces Swivel Silk, all colors, beautiful wash fabrics, others ask 65c. We ask

39c



Shoe Department.

One lot Ladies' d'Orsay, patent tip, Button Shoes, 2 1/2 to 4, regular \$2.00 per pair. Your choice per

\$1.00

One lot Boys' congress Shoes, genuine calf, 3 to 5, former price \$2.50. To be closed out at per pair

\$1.25

Watch the daily papers for our opening of Oxfords and Slippers. We will show all the latest toots in russet and black at popular prices.

Carpets.

We have just received our new Carpets. We give you the choice of our entire stock of Hartford Body Brussels and Axminster for

\$1.19

100% last and lined. Hartford's are the best and can't be bought for less than \$1.35.

Rugs at half price. We have 100 Smyrna Rugs, 30x60 inches, sold every

where for \$4.00 to \$4.25.

For this sale only, each

\$1.98

Gents' Furnishings

45 doz Men's Handkerchiefs, \$1.50. French Twill Extra heavy-weight, well made and best dye. You could not buy the material for the price we sell them made up for

\$1.50

we sell them made up for

\$1.50

250 doz Collars in every size at a dozen

\$1.50

Boys' Pants. A big sale on Boys' Pants this half dozen pairs

75c

50 doz Gents' Imported Fine Balbriggan Half Hose, regular made and correct thing for spring wear; advance price for

75c

500 doz Men's Balbriggan Half Hose, regular made and correct thing for spring wear; advance price for

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Inducements of Consistent Economy
Run All Through the Store

Tomorrow, Saturday..... ---Outlook For Economy

They Embrace a Trefoil of Effort.

FIRST—The presentation of a stock unequalled in magnitude.

SECOND—The combination in all our departments of novelty, elegance, exclusiveness. The best collection in each sort of goods.

THIRD—Price that surpasses all others for cheapness. At this vital point we meet and serve the interests of the public, intelligently and consistently. The only prices tolerated here are the lowest!

Men's Suits--

Earlier than ever before have we received the new Spring Styles. Yesterday the first shipment of the celebrated Stein-bloch Co.'s New Spring Suits was received, quickly checked and placed on sale here for your inspection tomorrow.

200 suits perfectly made.

Dress, Business and Work Suits,

Odd sizes, found in the sorting up of our stock. The suits are all new, perfect and desirable, some of them only in the house a few months, 1, and 2 suits left from styles where we had 25 to 30. Our modern merchandising methods never allow us to carry a garment from one season to another.

Hence These Cuts.

55 Suits sold at \$5.	\$2.00
Now go for	
35 Suits sold at \$10.	\$4.00
Now go for	
63 Suits sold at \$12.	\$6.50
Now go for	
42 Suits sold for \$20.	\$12.00
Now go for	

Men's Trousers at \$3.50.

Positively worth \$6.00, \$5.00 and \$4.50; all new spring patterns, bought at a sacrifice in New York and only received here last week. The man that lets this opportunity pass will be the poorer for it.

NEW SPRING HATS... ...MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Younman's styles this spring are the most stylish of all agency blocks shown.

THE BURROWS styles

At \$4, \$3, \$2.50

Soft and stiff in brown and black colors, contain more style, tone and good wearing qualities than any other hats made.



Boys' and Children's Dept.

New Spring Styles Arriving on Every Train.

Boys' Combination Suits--

For **\$3.90**

One Suit,
Extra Pants,
One Cap, YACHT STYLE.

In a neat dark gray Cassimere, double-breasted Coat, honestly and strongly made.



Boys' Combination Suits--

.....At **\$4.90**

One Suit,
Extra Pants,
One Cap, YACHT STYLE.

For **\$4.90**

In an all-wool gray diagonal Cheviot. This suit is cheap at \$7.00.

Boys' Shirt Waists and Blouses--

SPECIAL SALE FOR TOMORROW, SATURDAY.

Every Flannel Blouse and Waist in the house ruthlessly reduced, Mothers' Friend and Star make, colors, blue, black, tan, mauve, gray, white and red; size, 3 to 14 years, \$3, \$2.50, \$2. All go at

Tomorrow Last Day of Edison's Kinetoscopes.

M. S. Burrows & Co.

HAS THE AUTHORITY.

Maj. Sears Could Compel All Vessels Entering the Harbor to Report Their Cargoes to Him.

This Would Necessitate an Increased Working Force in His Office and Some Additional Expense.

Whether the Information Gained Would be of Sufficient Value is the Question Before Him Now.

On Wednesday the chamber of commerce adopted a resolution stating that, whereas the government engineer at this point has power to require vessels to make reports to him of all business done under his jurisdiction, Maj. Sears is requested by the chamber to take cognizance of the fact, that the present manner of gathering customs statistics discriminates against Duluth and enforces measures to secure correct information. The resolution recited that the figures are used to fix the amount of harbor appropriations and it is essential to have these correct.

This subject has been frequently agitated in Duluth but, no solution of the problem was ever reached. It has been brought up again through the discovery of the existence of a bill introduced in the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, that owners, agents, masters and clerks of vessels arriving at or departing from Duluth, where work of river and port activities are carried on shall furnish an application of the persons in charge of the works, a comprehensive statement of vessels, passengers, freight and tonnage.

Section 2. That every person or persons offending against the provisions of this section, or any offense of like nature, be liable to a fine of \$100, or imprisonment not exceeding two months, to be enforced in any district court in the United States within whose territorial jurisdiction such offense may have been committed.

The chamber is asked by the chamber to proceed under this and require vessels to report to him. Recently he wrote to a number of vessel companies concerning this. Two have replied. One made no objection but another was decidedly opposed and declared it impracticable for his company's boats to make reports at Houghton, in fact it is under the above law that all reports are gathered at that place.

The question that arises at this place, however, is as to the amount of sufficient value to the expense required to secure it. Men will have to be stationed at the entrances and the name of every boat that enters the harbor recorded. Every boat will have to be supplied with blanks and when they fall into the hands of port authorities it is necessary to have an extra man to be necessary at the office to take care of and follow up the reports.

It is rather doubtful whether it will be done. Maj. Sears is satisfied that the reports for two ports are incorrect, although the total may correctly represent the business at the head of the lakes, but whether the information will be of sufficient value in fixing recommendations for government appropriations to warrant it in making the required expenditure is the question which presents itself to him.

Findings for the Plaintiff.
In the case of the West Duluth Land Company against Joseph Poulier et al., Major Sears has filed his findings for the plaintiff. The suit is on a contract for the sale of a lot on which \$670.73 is due, and the findings are to the effect that that amount must be paid in the contract and interest on the same.

The case of the American Loan and Trust Company against the Tower & Soudan railway has been referred to Scott Rex to take an accounting between the parties.

Richardson, Day & Co. have sued R. A. Taussig and C. T. Taylor for \$1000 on a note.

Diamond drill suitable for exploration work for sale cheap. G. L. Woodward, 400 First National Bank.

Coal Office Removed.

Duluth Fuel company's office is now in The Herald building.

FREIMUTH'S

Crockery Dept.

Tumblers.

5 barrels Thin Flint Tumblers, worth \$5c. Special per dozen.

Meat Platters.

4-in White Meat Platters, regular price \$8 per dozen.

Tea Cups.

50 Sets Decorated Semi-Porcelain Tea Sets, regular price, good value \$1.00 per set. Saturday.

Individual Butter Dishes.

Japanese Individual Butter Dishes in the old blue decorations; Saturday, each.

Decorated Pitchers.

3-pint Decorated Milk or Water Pitchers, worth 50c each; special.

Cut Glass Tumblers.

25 dozen Cut Glass Table Tumblers, cut flute on bottom, the \$1.00 per dozen kind, Saturday.

Sterling Silver Tea Spoons.

Saturday, 6 Sterling Silver Tea Spoons in handsome designs \$2.95 per set of six.

Tea Sets.

50 Sets Decorated Semi-Porcelain Tea Sets, regular price, good value \$1.00 per set. Saturday.

Hardware Dept.

Closing out our entire stock of blue and white enamel ware at cost.

No. 25 Wash Basin.

No. 25 Wash Basin, regular price 45c.

1-quart Milk Pans.

1-quart Milk Pans, regular price 30c.

4-quart Milk Pans.

4-quart Milk Pans, regular price 55c.

1/2 quart Milk Pans.

1/2 quart Milk Pans, regular price 25c.

1/4 quart Milk Pans.

1/4 quart Milk Pans, regular price 15c.

1/2 quart Milk Pans.

1/2 quart Milk Pans, regular price 20c.

1/4 quart Milk Pans.

1/4 quart Milk Pans, regular price 10c.

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1/2 quart Milk Pans, regular price 15c.

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TWELFTH YEAR.

FRENCH & BASSETT

First Street and Third Avenue West.

March Sale Prices!

Many people have thought before they came in that this reduction sale only applied to what we advertise. The reductions apply to every article in our store, and what we advertise only serves to indicate the whole. New goods are pouring in and they all go into the sale. During this first week of the sale nearly four hundred orders have been taken and we can safely say this is an occasion of a lifetime to secure bargains never equalled in any city in America.

March Sale Prices

IN THE

Carpet Dept.

All wool Ingrain, per yard.....	40
Imperial Brussels, per yard.....	40c
Tapestry Brussels, per yard.....	45c
Body Brussels, per yard.....	55c
Body Brussels, per yard.....	90c
Velvet Carpets, per yard.....	75c
Heavy Wilton velvets, per yard.....	\$1.15
Moquette, per yard.....	85c
Axminster, per yard.....	90c
Axminster, per yard.....	\$1.15

Our prices on Carpets will always be below the competition and the above ARE THE LOWEST EVER QUOTED ON RELIABLE GOODS.

Any Hassoek in the store 25c, including Velvet and Wilton, regular price 50c to \$1.00. 500 in stock to select from.

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS ON ALL FURNITURE AND BEDDING!



Quality vs. Quantity!

Primus
IS THE BEST

Accept no substitute. Made from the famous No. 1 Hard wheat. USE NO OTHER! If your grocer does not keep it, patronize a grocer that does.

T. B. Hawkes & Co., Manufacturers.

Magazines for March:

Review of Reviews, Century, Munsey's and Cosmopolitan; Chicago Daily Papers.

Chamberlain & Taylor's
BOOKSTORE, 323 West Superior Street.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO
Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.

General Office: Room 3 Exchange Building.



The....
Dunlap Hat...
Is the handsomest of all spring styles and the quality surpasses them all. Sold only by

...Cate & Clarke...
333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

WAS RESTLESS

Harry Hayward Was Not Able to Go to Sleep Until Four O'clock This Morning.

Even Then He Only Slept at Times, Visions of the Gallows Breaking His Rest.

When He Was Removed to Another Cell He Seemed to Realize More Fully His Situation.

Two Suicides Reported in Minneapolis, a Man Hanging Himself and a Girl Choking Herself.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 9.—It was 4 o'clock this morning before Harry Hayward was able to go to sleep, and then he slept fitfully, visions of the gallows breaking his rest. Aside from his restlessness there was no indication that the marvelous nerve of the man has been at all affected. He was confident of acquittal and had packed his clothing neatly in a valise while waiting for the jury's verdict.

His only fear was violence from the crowd when acquittal should come. When he reached his cell he was apparently as unconcerned as ever, and his

best posted Minnesota politicians, who formerly resided in that state, said to-day: "Major Baldwin is ambitious to become the Democratic candidate for governor next year. He is going to try and make a record for that Chippewa constituency, and will be busy business up during the next twelve months."

"Baldwin imbues much of the youthful hope and ardor possessed by a near friend of his in the late session, Bill Springer, of Illinois, but he is earnest about going before the people once more. He would defeat Dave Clough, whom I understand the Republicans are bound to nominate."

Purity of food is next to purity of character. Pure food is assured with Dr. Price's baking powder.

THE NEW ROAD TO ASHLAND. Large Number of Homesteads Filed Along the Survey.

ASHLAND, Wis., March 9.—During the past few days a large number of homesteads have been filed upon along the survey of the proposed St. Paul, Minneapolis & Ashtabula railroad. It is estimated that over 100 claims have already been filed on the basis of this road being built.

The country through which it passes is exceptionally good for farming purposes and it is especially noticed that many of the flers and timber companies have been out of work for more or less the past few years and are putting their depleted savings into homes in Northern Wisconsin.

A great many of these filings have been made at the Ashtabula land office, but they are not all confined to this district.

Steamer on a reef.

MILWAUKEE, March 9.—The steamer E. A. Shores, Jr., with a cargo of about 30,000 bushels of wheat from Chicago for this port, is on Racine reef. A gang of men have gone out on a tug to jettison

the wheat.

Senator Spencer introduced a bill intended to give the Duluth Park Board greater power.

THE HOUSE BILL FIXING TERMS OF COURT IN THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT WAS PASSED.

Two Nominations Were Presented by Governor Clough and Were Promptly Confirmed in Open Session.

ST. PAUL, March 9.—The senate was at work today, even though the house was resting. The following bills were introduced by Senator Spencer: To amend section 1, chapter 24, general statutes 1878, relating to the regulating of labor and fixing the time not exceeding ten hours a day; to regulate and define the powers of boards of park commissioners in the cities of Minnesota, being intended to give the Duluth park board greater power. Other bills were introduced:

Senator Roriver, by request, to amend the probate code, providing for the prov-

er's fees.

CONGRESS

CLOSED

FRANCE

CENSUS BUREAU

INTERNATIONAL MARRIAGE

UTAH WORKING ON A CONSTITUTION AND STATEHOOD

END OF THE CENSUS BUREAU

COMMITTEE

PATENTS

KNOCKED INTO A COCKED HAT

UNCLE SAM—THAT'S ONE HAPPY THING THEY DID, ANYWAY

CONSTITUTION

THE GOLD WAVE IN LONDON

ONLY A SCARE

THE GOLD WAVE IN LONDON

EVENING HERALD
PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.Business and editorial rooms: THE HERALD
Building, 324 West Superior street.
Telephone: Business office, 324, two rings;
Editorial rooms, 324, three rings.Subscription Rates:
Daily, per year.....\$7.00
Daily, per three months.....1.80
Daily, per month.....60
Weekly, per year.....1.00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.
Entered at the post office at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.The Weather.
U. S. AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, WEATHER
BUreau, DULUTH, MINN., March 9.—A de-
pression of cold air has passed over the
country around Lake Superior. It has been at-
tended with snow in the Red River valley and
throughout the northern part of the state, though
the heaviest snow being in the region north of
Minnesota, where falls of from two to six
inches have occurred in the last two or three
days. In the remaining districts the weather
is fair.The barometer has risen rapidly in the re-
gion of Minnesota, with a fall from 8 to 34
degrees in temperature, the 34° being the low-
est point of the day. The more, since yes-
terday in the region from Michigan southward
to Tennessee, the mercury has fallen 30 de-
grees. The temperature at 8 a.m. today is 46°,
a decrease of 20° from yesterday. The 34° degrees
above zero minimum yesterday, 2° degrees
above zero.Up to March 9.—Forecast for Duluth and
vicinity till 7 p.m. tomorrow: Fair; preceded
today by snow; unseasonable cold; 2° above
zero; northwest winds, 10 miles.

Locally: Weather Official.

Chicago, March 9.—Forecast for 8 p.m. to-
morrow. For Wisconsin: Fair and cold, with
tongue of snow from south to north; 2° above
zero; northwest winds, 10 miles.For Minnesota: Fair and cold; 2° above
zero; northwest winds, 10 miles.For Duluth: Fair and cold; 2° above
zero; northwest winds, 10 miles.

Is Man Diminishing?

A Budapest naturalist, Professor Donath, has made the startling announcement that the standard of man's stature is rapidly deteriorating, and that if the present rate of decrease in size be maintained it will not be many years before the earth will be peopled with the half-starved dwarf races of Africa. An abundance of healthy food and physical culture will ensure the maximum of strength and stature.

by year to prove that we are the tallest and healthiest nation on the globe. A decrease in man's stature, the professor continued, would be brought about by improper nutrition or neglect of exercise.

Dr. Fletcher, the well known anatomist of the United States Army Medical museum, when asked to give his opinion as to the stature of the American people, referred to the anthropometric statistics of the most recent marshal general's office, issued in 1875. These statistics were compiled with Dr. Fletcher's aid, from the measurements of our soldiers during the late war. They comprise the latest census of the kind which has been taken in the country. In the comparative table of stature, arranged according to nationalities, the United States Indian was found to stand higher than any of the other races of the world. His average height was given as 67.03 inches. The white citizen of the United States comes next with an average stature of 67.07 inches. The United States negro ranks fourteenth in the scale, and of all the countries of the world considered the Portuguese were found to be the shortest, averaging only 65.43 inches. The total mean height of man was 67.3 inches.

In the table giving the relative heights of the United States soldiers, those from Kentucky ranked first with an average height of 68.67 inches. Kansas came second, and Connecticut was last with an average of 66.50 inches. As compared with tables completed ten years before the close of the war, these statistics showed an increase of average height in each of the states, without exception. It is therefore quite certain that while Professor Donath's conclusions may be as true to European countries, they do not properly apply to the United States. The people of this country stand at the top of the ladder because of the abundance and great variety of food which they are able to obtain. At the bottom of the ladder are the half-starved dwarf races of Africa. An abundance of healthy food and physical culture will ensure the maximum of strength and stature.

A Salvage Corps.

Alluding to a bill introduced in the legislature providing for the establishment and maintenance of a salvage corps in towns and cities of 5000 people and over, the Minneapolis Journal says: "A salvage corps is a welcome relief. Every person was getting very tired of the apparently incurable case. The jurors' health was endangered, and one member of the jury was brought nearly to death's door. The prosecuting attorney was completely prostrated, and when Mr. Erwin completed his long speech yesterday he was completely exhausted. He collapsed, and for two hours was almost unable to see. The defendant was the only one who did not appear to suffer.

The senate committee on the soldiers' home yesterday unanimously recommended for passage the bill relating to soldiers' relief fund, as prepared by G. H. Holden, of Duluth, and introduced by Senator Spencer. It will probably meet with little opposition in either house. The bill will give for the relief of old veterans in Duluth more than \$3000 yearly above what has heretofore been received out of this fund.

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Within five minutes after the news of the verdict in the Hayward case had been flashed into the office of The Herald yesterday, its extra edition was upon the streets giving the result and a report of the closing remarks of Mr. Erwin and the judge's charge to the jury. The papers had a large sale, as there was great interest taken in the case. The Herald always gives the news first.

The new state of Washington has begun the erection of a new capitol building and the legislature has appropriated \$30,000 for that purpose. Washington is not by any means as rich a state as Minnesota, and yet there are a few people here who object to the expense of the new capitol to be erected at St. Paul.

This is the third anniversary of the greatest blizzard in Duluth's history. With such beautiful weather as we are enjoying today, it is difficult to realize that March ever produced such a day in Duluth.

The cool manner in which Harry Price received the verdict may be ascribed to the training he received in big poker games. His nerve was well cultivated.

Never trust the spurious baking powder. Use only Dr. Price's. It's pure, strong, sure and wholesome.

A Striking Success.

Chicago Inter Ocean: The state of New Jersey has had an arbitration law and a salaried board of arbitration for several years, but in the case of disputes between employers and employees was compromised in 1893 and 1894, through the board of arbitration had many sittings at \$10 a day for each member. The legislature of New Jersey is seriously considering the advisability of repealing this law.

Service Should be Cheaper.

Minneapolis Tribune: The owners of the telephone patents have been reimbursed a thousand times over all their outlay in the invention, a princely reward for their enterprise and business skill in handling the patents. It is time now for the public to receive a fairer price.

It Wasn't Wealth But Brains.

Albany Journal: An application for letters of administration revealed the fact that the late Ward McAllister left an estate valued at only \$10,000. It is evident that the leader of the so-called "400" dominated the American social

to be of great value in lessening the damage to stocks of merchandise which are particularly subject to injury by water. Chief Black has organized a salvage corps and partial equipment has been provided, but of course the corps is not what it should be, owing to the limited amount of funds at the chief's command to bring it up to a state of efficiency.

The bill which has been introduced in the legislature provides that the funds for the maintenance of the salvage corps shall come from the tax upon the premiums received by the fire insurance companies, a portion of which tax is now appropriated for the firemen's relief associations. The bill proposes to take one-fourth of this tax paid in cities of over 5000 population and appropriate it to the equipment and maintenance of the salvage corps. If the measure should pass the legislature a suitable fund should be provided for the maintenance of the salvage corps here.

The Sibley County Enterprise is much pleased with the defeat of the Duluth normal school bill, and after expressing its delight says: "The Zenith City cannot always hope to win large stakes on untested bluffs, and in consideration of the very liberal manner that she has been treated in the past by the state, she should accept this instance of refusal with good grace and resignation." Will the Sibley county paper please specify as to "the very liberal manner" in which Duluth has been treated in the past by the state? Will it point out even one dollar which Duluth has received from the state?

The reports of the commercial agencies this week confirm the belief of a continued betterment of business conditions. They state that the general business situation shows more improvement. From several centers business is reported improved on account of adjournment of congress, and in others from better weather. Larger orders have been received for structural iron and steel, together with the absorption of available stocks of Bessemer pig iron. In almost all directions jobbers report increased sales of staple dry goods, hats, shoes, millinery and hardware.

The end of the Hayward murder trial is a welcome relief. Every person was getting very tired of the apparently incurable case. The jurors' health was endangered, and one member of the jury was brought nearly to death's door. The prosecuting attorney was completely prostrated, and when Mr. Erwin completed his long speech yesterday he was completely exhausted. He collapsed, and for two hours was almost unable to see. The defendant was the only one who did not appear to suffer.

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SOCIAL AND MUSICAL.

Season of Lent is Being More Religiously Observed This Year Than in Times Past.

Concert on Tuesday Evening By the Lakeside Musical Society Assisted By Other Talent.

People's Concert at the Bethel Next Friday Under the Direction of Mme. Renard—Other Notes.

Duluth society people are evidently becoming more pious and devout, for never before was the Lenten season so religiously observed as it has been thus far this year. What few entertainments there are are strictly quiet and are not intended to become known to the public through the medium of the society columns. Of musical affairs there are a few and these are of excellent character, in fact Duluth is constantly improving musically. This is plainly shown by the fine patronage which professional musicians of renown have received here lately. A number of Duluth people are talking of visiting Chicago this month to hear the New York Grand Opera company, which is now singing there.

Pierce was president when the manufacture of Dr. Price's baking powder was begun. That was in 1853.

CONCERT AT LAKESIDE.

Lakeside Musical Society Will Give One Next Tuesday.

Next Tuesday evening the Lakeside Musical society will give a concert at the Lakeside Presbyterian church which, it is promised, will be most excellent in every respect. The society will be assisted by the Duluth Banjo club and Miss Mamie Veal, accompanist. The following is the program:

Quartet—Selected.

Misses Wardell, Wells, McDermon, Lewis.

Solo—“Children’s Dreams”..... Weston

Piano Solo—“Dance of the Deer”..... Rubenstein

Solo—“Promise Me”..... DeKoven

Solo—“Wardell”..... Wardell

“Do I Wake or Am I Dreaming”.....

Misses Kelly and Holmes, Misses Wells and McDermott.

“I Live and Love Thee”..... Campagna

“Serenade”..... Misses Kingman and Mr. W. Wardell

“Serenade”..... Misses Wardell, Wells, McDermon, Lewis.

“Walz”..... Arranged by Prof. Robison

“Walz”..... Duluth Banjo Club.



ing soloist. It is likely that two concerts will be arranged, of which one will be of a more popular character. After the services are over, the members of the choir will be all here and the various choirs are requested to meet at the studio of Gerard Tonning, chairman of committee, No. 3 West Superior street, to get copies.

Birdseye Surprise Party. A surprise party was given on Saturday evening last at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alf Gilson, 1226 West Superior street, on the afternoon of yesterday of Miss Nellie McLennan, sister of Mrs. Gilson. All were pleasantly and heartily entertained. Those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gould, Mrs. R. J. Gilson, Mrs. H. Brown, Misses Mamie Curtis, Blanche Coventry, Jessie McGillicuddy, Mabel Gilson, Annie Gilson, Libbie Gould, Bertha Gould, Emma Griffin, of Two Harbors; Sadie McNeil, of Virginia, and Misses L. De Von, Auley Hambley, Claud Woods, J.

A social dancing party will be given on Tuesday evening at Parsons hall by the Knights of the Maccabees.

W. O. Smith, of Duluth, and Miss

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SUNDAY NIGHT.

Pilgrim Congregational Church
7:30 O'CLOCKRev. C. H. Patton
Will preach his second sermon
uponChrist
As a Moralist.

What Christ has to say about character, conduct and condition.

ALL SEATS FREE.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, Paffadio. Schiffman makes the best gold crowns, Smoke and Cigar. W. A. Foote. The Evening Herald is on sale in St. Paul at the Hotel Winslow Stand.

Loans—any amount, Little & Nolte.

A great loser, Duluth Imperial Hour.

The children of R. A. Eves have fully recovered from pneumonia, the house has been cleaned and the danger of infection has been removed.

Yesterday afternoon C. L. Wentz, the insurance agent charged with forgery by Annie Combs, was arraigned. His examination was set for March 15, at 2 p.m. He secured bail from the district court today.

Births as follows have been reported to the office of health: John and Mary Christensen, West Duluth, a daughter; Swan and Betsy Nelson, 2130 West Second street, a son.

Rev. T. M. Price of Plymouth Congregational church will speak at the men's meeting in Y. M. C. A. hall tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The Duluth American Endeavor union is arranging for a meeting to be held next Friday evening in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian church. The object of the meeting is to interest Endeavorers and others in the convention to be held in Duluth next fall.

After a short service, the meeting will be opened by Dr. Clegg and Patton, Mrs. Dawson and Mr. Carver. Other pasters will take part in the program. After 6 o'clock refreshments will be served.

At the Bethel tonight Rev. W. A. Bruce, pastor of the A. M. E. church of West Superior, will speak. There will be special jubilee music by the choir of the A. M. E. church of Duluth under the direction of C. Washington.

Constantly growing for forty years. The popularity of Dr. Price's baking powder.

PERSONAL.

F. McClellan will leave for the East on the Omaha this evening to visit his parents, whom he has not seen in twelve years. He will be gone about two weeks.

Yesterday morning City Treasurer Fred Clegg left for Kankakee, Ill. He expects to return next Wednesday noon.

Miss Nicholson, of 308 West First street, has returned to Duluth. Miss Edna Flannery has returned

PLUCK AND COURAGE

A SEVERE WINTER
The Cause of Suffering and an increase of Diseases.

Mrs. Reichart, Night Operator at Kimberly, frustrated a plan to wreck the Northern Pacific Train.

The Three Robbers Tried to Break in Her Office Door as She Fired the Warning.

The Plucky Woman Fired Four Bullets Through the Door and They Took to Their Heels.

Passengers, or at least a number of them, who came in on the Northern Pacific train from the West this morning were a decidedly nervous lot of people until they were some distance this side of Kimberly, and there is quite a sensational story connected with the cause of their uneasiness.

Last night about 11 o'clock, Mrs. Reichart, who is the night operator at Kimberly twelve miles this side of Aitkin, heard three rough-looking men talking in the station and learned that they were planning to wreck the passenger train that night at the bridge near Kimberly. She sat down at her table and at once wired the dispatcher at Duluth.

The men heard the key working and jumped at the correct conclusion that she was warning the railroad people. They made a rush for the door of her office room and tried to break in. They were met by a plucky, determined woman, and instead of fainting or going into a panic she grabbed a revolver and fired four shots through the door.

This was effectual for the three men took to their heels. The road officials sent out word for the section men to patrol the track for several miles and the train ran very cautiously through that part of the country. They will take part in the program. After 6 o'clock refreshments will be served.

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THE BERRY DIVORCE.

Affidavits and Counter Affidavits Containing Many Charges Filed.

The divorce suit of Sarah Berry against Solomon Berry was again brought before the attention of the court this morning. Mrs. Berry seeks divorce on the ground of hardness, cruelty, and non-support, and shortly after her complaint was filed she obtained an order restraining Mr. Berry from interfering with her or molesting her. A short time ago Berry was arrested and charged with assault, and this morning he was in an answer to the court and moved to discharge the restraining order.

In his answer he denies all charges

"When the frost is on the punkin" eat griddle cakes cooked with Dr. Price's baking powder.

The condemning of alum as an unwholesome ingredient in baking powders by the government authorities as well as by physicians generally, has not deterred manufacturers of such powders from foisting them on as unsuspecting public. Following is a portion of the alum powder found in the stores:

"Calumet," "Chicago Yeast," "Kepton," "Grant's Bon Bon," "Hotel," "Taylor's One Spoon," "Climax," "Snow Puff," "Snow Ball," "Giant," "Milk," "Crown," "Unrivalled," "Silver Star," "Davis' O. K.," "Forest City," "Monarch," "C. C.," "Hatchet," "Home," "Echo," "Perfection," "Rocket," "Town Talk," "Vienna," "White Rose," etc.

It is safe to reject all brands sold with a price. All powders sold at 25 cents a box are pounds sure to be made of alum. Dr. Wiley, the government chemist, in his official examination of baking powders at the World's fair, threw out all "alum powders" classing them as unwholesome.

Mesabi Chief Meeting.

The Mesabi Chief Iron company held its annual meeting at the company's

office, got Torrey building, on Thursday, C. M. Misher, Clinton Markell, T. C. Miller, Clinton Markell and John Malman were elected directors for the ensuing year. The directors then held a meeting and elected the following officers: J. C. Misher, president; Clinton Markell, treasurer; A. T. Crossley, secretary, and treasurer.

The Municipal Court.

In police court this morning Andrew Mulberry and Louis Erickson, charged with drunkenness, pleaded guilty and paid \$10 and costs each.

John Flannery, up ten days for vagrancy and Patrick Sullivan, up on a similar charge, pleaded not guilty. His trial was set for this afternoon.

Have You Had the Grip?

If you have, you probably need a reliable medicine like Foley's Honey and Tar to heal your lungs and stop the racking cough incidental to this disease.

In the West.

The Troy laundry is the most complete establishment in the West. Visitors are always welcome. 512-14-16 East Superior street.

Big Snap.

A space by 25 on the ground floor in the big U. S. block, West End department store, for rent, cheap, suitable for sewing machines, organs, pianos, etc. Good chance for the right man. Address Duluth Provision & Dry Goods company.

Ring up telephone 257 and the Troy laundry will call for your washing.

To the Ladies:

The DULUTH IMPERIAL MILL has gotten up especially for the ladies of Duluth a beautiful and serviceable Household Expense Book.

Just what the ladies need and want. This is given Free!

To every help who will call for it at the office of P. J. Kramer & Co., agents Duluth Imperial Mill Company, Michigan street and First avenue west.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE

For the First Time in the History of St. Louis County, Duluth Will Have It.

Will be of Special Interest to Market Gardeners and Small Fruit Raisers Around Duluth.

Entertaining and Instructive Lecture on Tuesday Evening by Hon. George T. Powell, of New York.

The State Farmers' institute, to be held in the city hall next Tuesday and Wednesday, will be especially adapted to the interest of the market gardeners, truck farmers and small fruit growers around Duluth, and it is to be hoped that there will be a large attendance. Hon. George T. Powell, superintendent of farmers' institutes in New York, will be at this meeting, and his work alone will be of great value to both the consumers and producers. He will show how money can be made by the proper use of a small piece of land. He can help the poor as well as the rich in the use of the land, and the market gardeners will be especially in knowing how to start the market gardeners around Duluth will be of vast importance to the residents of this city in getting fresh vegetables the year through.

Mr. Powell's lecture on Tuesday evening on "Agricultural Education in Our Common Schools" will both entertain and instruct the residents of this city. He is a fluent speaker and his universal knowledge makes his lectures of value to all his hearers. He will compare city and country life. He will show an interesting way in which both will be gratified that there were there to hear him. A city of the size of this should be able to have fresh vegetables direct from the immediate locality, instead of shipping them from the distant states before we reach our tables.

Following is a portion of the statement of the alum powder found in the stores:

"Calumet," "Chicago Yeast," "Kepton," "Grant's Bon Bon," "Hotel," "Taylor's One Spoon," "Climax," "Snow Puff," "Snow Ball," "Giant," "Milk," "Crown," "Unrivalled," "Silver Star," "Davis' O. K.," "Forest City," "Monarch," "C. C.," "Hatchet," "Home," "Echo," "Perfection," "Rocket," "Town Talk," "Vienna," "White Rose," etc.

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Mesabi Chief Meeting.

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HOW TO PASS INSURANCE.

An Expert's Opinion.

"I was born and brought up in

the life insurance business and whenever I found a man troubled

with any kidney trouble I have al-

ways recommended Warner's Safe

Cure, not because I had any 'ax

to grind,' but I found that if a man

would take a half dozen bottles of

the Safe Cure in nine cases out of ten he would pass the med-

ical examination. I have tried it

myself and I know that it is kept

up to the standard."

T. R. TAYLOR.

Cochecton, N. Y.

The State Farmers' institute, to be held in the city hall next Tuesday and Wednesday, will be especially adapted to the interest of the market gardeners, truck farmers and small fruit growers around Duluth, and it is to be hoped that there will be a large attendance. Hon. George T. Powell, superintendent of farmers' institutes in New York, will be at this meeting, and his work alone will be of great value to both the consumers and producers. He will show how money can be made by the proper use of a small piece of land. He can help the poor as well as the rich in the use of the land, and the market gardeners will be especially in knowing how to start the market gardeners around Duluth will be of vast importance to the residents of this city in getting fresh vegetables the year through.

Mr. Powell's lecture on Tuesday evening on "Agricultural Education in Our Common Schools" will both entertain and instruct the residents of this city. He is a fluent speaker and his universal knowledge makes his lectures of value to all his hearers. He will compare city and country life. He will show an interesting way in which both will be gratified that there were there to hear him. A city of the size of this should be able to have fresh vegetables direct from the immediate locality, instead of shipping them from the distant states before we reach our tables.

Following is a portion of the statement of the alum powder found in the stores:

"Calumet," "Chicago Yeast," "Kepton," "Grant's Bon Bon," "Hotel," "Taylor's One Spoon," "Climax," "Snow Puff," "Snow Ball," "Giant," "Milk," "Crown," "Unrivalled," "Silver Star," "Davis' O. K.," "Forest City," "Monarch," "C. C.," "Hatchet," "Home," "Echo," "Perfection," "Rocket," "Town Talk," "Vienna," "White Rose," etc.

It is safe to reject all brands sold with a price. All powders sold at 25 cents a box are pounds sure to be made of alum.

Dr. Wiley, the government chemist, in his official examination of baking powders at the World's fair, threw out all "alum powders" classing them as unwholesome.

Mesabi Chief Meeting.

The Mesabi Chief Iron company held its annual meeting at the company's

Why You Are Safe in Buying of Me.

- During twenty-five years business, and thousands of pianos and organs sold, not one case in circuit court.
- No worthy applicant has ever been refused an extension.
- My piano was in good condition.
- I am anxious to build up a permanent trade and go over the same territory for cash.
- I will sell on easy terms at as low a figure as you can buy in the large cities for cash.
- My sales are large, so I can buy at better prices than smaller dealers.
- My terms are short.
- Today you can buy a piano at a low price.

Don't pay St. Paul a bonus by buying goods consigned from there. St. Paul take off is expensive.

N. D. COON, 106 West Superior Street.

Studebaker Wagons, Carriages and Harness.



50 Years' Experience in Building.

The best of material and competent workmen. Largest vehicle works in the world and ever aiming to build high grade goods. These are some of the reasons why it will pay you to buy of us, and then about the price. We have opened a branch house for distributing our own goods, and that's the cheapest way to get them to you. We solicit your orders.

M. W. TURNER,
Manager.

FOR RENT.

Cold Storage building, formerly occupied by Swift & Co., on Lake Avenue already cool. Also Commission house.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES.

Members of the Duluth Clearing House Association.

First National Bank	Capital \$1,000,000	Surplus \$800,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Commercial Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	27,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	40,000

BUY A FARM!

20,000 acres of Fine Farming Land for sale at \$500 per acre, 10 per cent cash, balance paid in 10 years, 10 per cent each year.

John G. Howard,
10 East Michigan Street, Duluth, Minn.

Report of the Condition of the Security Bank of Duluth, at Duluth, Minnesota, at the close of business on the 1st day of March, 1895.

RESOURCES

Capital stock paid in \$26,114.23

Surplus \$5,564.46

Overdrafts and bonds 1,000.00

Trade and business 2,727.53

Real estate 3,114.36

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1895.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

THE LIFE OF SERVICE

If We Fail to Live It, Says Rev. F. C. Southworth, We Are False to Ourselves.

The Idea That Our Failure is the Result of the Social System is Pernicious.

According to the Nature of Our Service Will Be the Nature of Our Reward.

"Whatsoever a man soweth that shall he also reap" was the text of a thoughtful sermon delivered by Rev. F. W. Southworth at the First Unitarian church last Sunday, and at the request of a number who listened to it the Herald presents a synopsis. Mr. Southworth said:

We were not brought into the world the society might take care of us. It is a dangerous sight to behold a body of people gathered together to emphasize the idea that there is some central power, call it the government or anything else you like, which is going to look out for their especial interests. It is true that cruel injustice is abroad which often preys on the laborer for time from receiving the product of his toil in the kind of currency which he had bar-gained for, and had a right to expect. It is true that there has been suffering from this cause on the part of those who seem not to have deserved it. And it is often this injustice and suffering which seems so undeserved that has put the thought into the minds of men that it was the duty of society to look after the poor, to give them a right to live, that you cannot create something out of nothing will prevent this dream from being realized. The desire to be cared for at the hands of society is the desire to receive something for which you have not paid at the hands of the government or any other service. To ask it from them means to ask something which you have no right to expect; to seek favors which you cannot repay.

You will at once recall the many instances of the working of this spirit which you yourselves have seen. You have seen it manifested in its most absurd form in the demand which you have so frequently heard of late for the creation of money by the government in sufficient amount for the benefit of all citizens. But money is after all only a certificate of value received, and the creation of money out of nothing is just as impossible as is the creation of a world out of thin air. It is the old attempt to get something for nothing. To receive a service from society without having given value received. It is just as impossible for the government to make money for the accommodation of the people as it is for society to make itself responsible for the welfare of each of its members. For society is after all only an aggregate of individuals, and it is obviously out of the question for it to pay back to them more than they have paid into it. The public treasury may refuse to the individuals who have contributed an amount of money, but if the amount has not been already expended, but it is impossible for any aggregate of individuals to pay back what has not been paid to them.

It is more impossible in economics than it is in physics to create something out of nothing. The individual may go upon the theory that society owes him a living. But society can only reply to him that she will do her best to protect him in the exercise of his rights so long as those rights do not interfere with those of anyone else. She can only endeavor to insure him an abundance of money or plenty of work. Society must bear in mind that the individual has rights, that those rights are sacred and that it is her duty so far as possible to protect him in the exercise of those rights. It is undoubtedly a fact that under existing conditions the individual is not always protected in the exercise of his rights.

It is an undoubted fact that gross injustice reigns in high places, and it is our duty to see to it so far as we are able, that this injustice shall be done away. But at the same time the theory which is so commonly held and which seems to be coming more and more into vogue, is that if the individual fails in his struggle for existence it is not his fault but the fault of the social system, one which is doing much to weaken the characters of man. We have brought nothing into the world and we can carry nothing out. The success or failure of the individual in the struggle for existence depends in the last resort upon itself.

We were put into this world not to act as sponges, which draw into themselves everything that they can get and give out nothing, but to act as a distinct service to render to the age in which we live. Your service is not my service, and my service is not your service. And there is no human being who can say whether your service is greater and more important than mine. The life of purity, the life of holiness, the life of self-sacrifice, the life of service. The life of greed and avarice and passion, keeps us from His presence. Let us dedicate ourselves anew today to the inner life of the spirit, resting assured that according to the nature of our service we shall receive the reward of our work, whether we achieve that which the world calls failure or that which the world calls success, that peace which passeth understanding shall be ours.

We have been brought into a world where there is no reward, and the world is not all its warred workings that according to the nature of our service will be the nature of our reward. It does not say to us that we shall receive here and now in dollars and cents or stocks and bonds or real estate, the exact equivalent for all we have done. There is evidence on every hand that such a promise cannot be made. Real estate may be eaten up by taxes and assessments, bonds may depreciate in value, and stocks may be lost in our gross mismanagement. All these it may be mere accessories of life which it may be hard to get along without, but which many of the wisest of the sages have been able to dispense with, and at the same time to feel that they were well rid

of a troublesome incumbrance. The reward of merit which the faithful do receive is something far more precious than stocks or bonds or real estate. It is something which the world is neither able to give nor to take away, and hence it is desired, after reflecting upon the vanity of earthly possessions, as compared with the priceless treasures of the intellect, "Wisdom is more priceless than rubies, and all the things that may be desired are not to be compared unto her." The reward which is possible to receive in return for service rendered is something even more precious than wisdom, because it is a larger thing than wisdom.

May I tell what this infinitely precious thing is? It is the text of my text? "He that soweth to his own flesh shall of the flesh reap corruption, but he that soweth to the spirit shall of the spirit reap eternal life." Paul spoke during that troubous ministry of a great many good and true words, but he never said a braver or truer word than that, "He that soweth to his own flesh shall of the flesh reap corruption." Is your central interest today the interest of the flesh? Is the chief desire of your life to receive the earthly house, or other dainties, or expensive amusements, or the homage of fools? If he that soweth to his own flesh shall of the flesh reap corruption?" As you sow, so shall you reap. Perhaps you will succeed in getting what you are after, perhaps you will fail. Usually, but not always, man succeeds where nine men fail. But whether you succeed or fail, be perfectly assured of this, that you will in the end reap corruption. You may reap the earthly house, or other dainties, or the homage of fools, if he that soweth to his own flesh shall of the flesh reap corruption.

Carney is expected to arrive Monday and the match will be begun immediately. It will be for 1000 balls and too will be run each afternoon and evening until the match is completed. Carney at present claims to be the Northwestern champion, and is a very good player. He comes from a tournament where he beat everything in sight. Akinne's playing is well known here, and from all that can be learned the match will be an exceptionally even and interesting one.

It is evident that Mr. Akinne is successful, he will at once issue a challenge to any player in the Northwest to play for \$500 a side, and will post a forfeit.

IN SPORTING CIRCLES

Pool Match Next Week Between C. M. Akinne and James Carney, Champion of the Northwest.

They Will Play One Thousand Balls, One Hundred Each Afternoon and Evening for Five Days.

Duluth Polo Club Defeated by the Superior Club in a Hard Fought Game on Wednesday.

The most important event of next week in sporting circles will be the pool match between C. M. Akinne, of Duluth, and James Carney, of Minneapolis, which is expected to begin Monday afternoon. Last week Mr. Akinne challenged Carney to a match for \$200 a side, and the championship of the Northwest, and an acceptance was received last Saturday.

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Duluth Polo Club Defeated by the Superior Club in a Hard Fought Game on Wednesday.

Charles L. Javendor has challenged any amateur in the Northwest to a running long jump on skates. His record is 21 feet 4 inches, made Feb. 16.

The high school boys who are training for field day at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium are making great headway. Much time is given to training for actual events as well as the general development of the boys. The teams are showing up well. Some of the new material is going to develop surprises for the older hands. The boys are sticking close to their work and making good progress.

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THE WORLD OF LABOR

Reports From Various Unions Show That Business and Times Are On the Improvement.

Eugene V. Debs' Lecture at West Superior On "Who Were the Conspirators" Was Largely Attended.

The Trades Assembly Anxious to Have the Waterworks Main Extension Done By Day's Labor.

The regular meeting of the Federated Trades assembly came last evening. The attendance was exceedingly good, but the session was a very quiet one. I can feel that business and times are improving, the reports last evening from the different unions will bear out that feeling. The tailors, butchers, bakers and street car employes all reported that with them work and business is fairly good and that most of the members of those unions now have employment.

The musicians, cigarmakers and coopers had poor reports. Business in those lines is dull and many of the members of the unions are idle. The tailors and waiters reported business is good and that all their men are at work.

I went over this week at the head of the lakes among union men was the lecture at West Superior last Monday night on "Who Were the Conspirators" by Eugene V. Debs. A good delegation went over from Duluth, and we netted \$5 to the lecture and his cause. Duluth is anxious to secure Mr. Debs for another lecture on this side of the bay, but were unable to do so.

The assembly is hammering away at the plan for having the water-works main extension done by day's labor. Monday evening a petition was sent in and to the council meeting, asking that the work be done by day labor, and last evening the assembly gave the question further discussion, but nothing definite was done as the result of that discussion.

DEBS TO THE PEOPLE.

The Situation as He Has Learned It From Close touch.

(Special Correspondence.)

Memory is not dead. We recall the heroic deeds of our forefathers who pledged life, honor and property to secure liberty for themselves and for future generations. In recalling their heroism, their sacrifices and their sufferings Americans must be as dead as Egypt's embalmed mummies if their hearts do not beat responsive to the holiest and sternest passions that ever burned and glowed in a freeman's heart.

These immortal patriots founded a government of equal rights. They abhorred kings. They trampled upon crowns. They broke scepters and forever exiled a titled nobility and aristocracy from the land, and accepting the revelation that "God is no respecter of persons" they proclaimed the eternal truth that all men are "created equal," and to give their fiat enduring force they, "the people," crowned themselves by divine right sovereign citizens and took the ballot as a symbol of their sovereignty.

Since that august period more than 100 years have come and gone, and what is the legacy they have left for the present generation? On the one hand we are invited to survey the material progress of the nation, and the facts challenge the imagination to paint a more glowing picture of triumphs over all opposing forces. The march of the nation westward, following the star of empire, has all the glamour of fiction. The carving of the vast domain into separate territories and their transformation into states and bringing them into the federal Union under one flag is the wonder of the world.

I should like to dwell upon such evidences of national prosperity. An American born to eulogize the greatness, the power and prosperity of my country would be in strict accord with every high and enabling aspiration of my mental being. But 300,000 miles of railroads, mines, factories, farms, great cities, forests and farms, standing armories, mairies, gold and silver, banks, trusts, syndicates, plutocrats, do not, all combined, constitute a state—only men who know their rights, and, knowing, dare maintain them, however great the sacrifice.

Our nation's physical greatness nor its fabulous wealth constitutes its glory, nor its schools nor its churches. If amid splendid triumphs of what the world calls progress the wage-workers of the country are oppressed, ruined, degraded, shot down like vagabonds and imprisoned like felons, driven from decent habitations and cast into dens which wild bodies would not inhabit, then our civilization is savagery. Fair it may be to contemplate from certain points of observation, but it is nevertheless a revolting squalor, under whose captivating exterior exist abominations of which, if heaven takes cognizance, the eternal God must again repeat that he made man at all.

Here, with the ballot; here, with constitutions framed for the protection of all, are daily perpetrated acts of despotism of unparalleled enormity, except perhaps in lands where the lives and liberties and the property of the people are in the hands of a czar, a sultan or a shah. And it is also true that in the United States acts of tyranny are perpetrated which demonstrate that appeals to courts and legislatures for justice are as unheeded as when a storm-beaten wayfarer appeals to a blizzard for protection.

Fellow working men, the outlook is appalling. Never since the minions of King George shot down the minnows at Concord has liberty been in as great danger as now. Indeed the liberty we

enjoy is a hollow mockery. Working men have no liberty. The plutocratic corporation, the autocratic judge, who enacts law by injunction and enforces it by deputy marshals armed with pistols and clubs and supported by troops with shotguns, have banished liberty from the land. Workingmen are simply tolerated if they remain silent and do the bidding of their masters. If, under the tortures of hunger and nakedness, despair provokes protest, the injunction, the club, bayonet and bullet enforce submission and this work of enslavement goes steadily on.

I speak as one who loved his freedom and dared raise his voice to rebuke the pangs of famine in numbered hell, known as Pullman, and all over this once favored land men are imprisoned or are driven to filthiness and vagabondage, humiliated and exiled because they have the courage to teach trampled heroes to feel the curse that their plutocratic masters were heaping upon them. If, as it is said, the darkest hour of night is just before the dawn, then, following workmen, the dawn ought to be near at hand, or do the enemies of labor contemplate a still darker hour before the first ray of light heralds hope and bids us hope? To what further increase of the armies of wretchedness do the corporations demand? To what deeper degradation are workingmen to descend to gratify the greed of the real corporations and those who aid them in their piracies? To what greater depths do those who rob labor desire to plunge their barbed iron into the quivering souls of workingmen that they may have the tortures of their victims multiplied on watered stocks and bonds, dividends on watered stocks and bonds, to the great injury of the public.

Will workingmen consent to submit? Will the injunction, the prison, the blacklist and the strike, the club and the bullet, the bayonet and the bullet, the club and the bullet, that follows the blow, teach American workingmen how to starve and die that plutocrats may fare sumptuously every day? It has been done. The crime has been committed under the stars and stripes and is being repeated every day of the year. History records itself. How often shall such history be repeated in this land? How long shall the United States of America stand before the nations of the earth with the boastful lie of liberty in its throat, while corporation, court and armies have multiplied thousands of men in the dust beneath their despotic hoofs?

The answer is not difficult. While workingmen use their ballots to enthrone men in power who are their enemies the work of degradation will proceed. When workingmen conclude to use their ballots to elect to office other plutocrats or the fawning parasites of plutocrats, then, and not till then, will emancipation day dawn. There are dangers ahead. To workmen I appeal to the workingmen of America to abandon, at once and forever, the old political party to unify and cast their votes for a party whose every battalioy is "justice to labor," and in doing so, the ballot as a symbol of their rights is pledged to righteous laws and a righteous administration of justice.

EUGENE V. DEBS.

March 1, 1895.

Labor and Machinery.

The inventive genius of our age has helped to accomplish the industrial thralldom of the masses. Labor saving machines have entered into competition with human labor, with the result that the man becomes merged in the machine—a mere human accessory—or the machine is forced out of employment to compete with an already redundant hand.

In his play, "The Bunch of Violets," which should be called "Expectation," because you expect up until the final curtain drops that they are going to do something, a number of workmen and their leaders are represented as coming to sell their votes for a sum total of money and a cold collation. And afterward these same men who sell themselves so cheap and so morally outraged at having lost the candidate had in their youth betrayed a girl that they refuse to vote for him, and thereby do lose the election. That's not true to life, you know, but Mr. Tree doesn't mind such little things.

It was these same workmen that annoyed me. They were supposed to represent workingmen and were made up to look exactly like Bowery bums, creatures that never worked, who find their food in ash cans, their drink in beer keg dippings, their tobacco in the gutters. These same workmen had red noses, blackened eyes, and staggered and shouted and blustered. And the audience seemed to think them the real article.

I recalled my recent experience with real workmen. I remembered how warmly they acted, how clean they were, how dressed, and I smiled at the ridiculous stage article.

That doubtless is lawful. So once were negro slavery, the whipping post and the practice of burning or hanging witches.

The laws that produce a hundred mil-

lionaires in Pittsburgh and millions of peasants, forests, farms, standing armories, mairies, gold and silver, banks, trusts, syndicates, plutocrats, do not, all combined, constitute a state—only men who know their rights, and, knowing, dare maintain them, however great the sacrifice.

Our nation's physical greatness nor its fabulous wealth constitutes its glory, nor its schools nor its churches. If amid splendid triumphs of what the world calls progress the wage-workers of the country are oppressed, ruined, degraded, shot down like vagabonds and imprisoned like felons, driven from decent habitations and cast into dens which wild bodies would not inhabit, then our civilization is savagery. Fair it may be to contemplate from certain points of observation, but it is nevertheless a revolting squalor, under whose captivating exterior exist abominations of which, if heaven takes cognizance, the eternal God must again repeat that he made man at all.

Here, with the ballot; here, with constitutions framed for the protection of all, are daily perpetrated acts of despotism of unparalleled enormity, except perhaps in lands where the lives and liberties and the property of the people are in the hands of a czar, a sultan or a shah. And it is also true that in the United States acts of tyranny are perpetrated which demonstrate that appeals to courts and legislatures for justice are as unheeded as when a storm-beaten wayfarer appeals to a blizzard for protection.

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BACKACHE

AND BEARING-DOWN PAINS

Nearly Drove Mrs. Martin Hale Wild, How She Obtained Relief.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LABOR BEATERS.)

"Nearly all last winter I was sick in bed, and was attended by different physicians; none helped me, nor did I get up; it was always the same story; my back would ache, and I would faint, the bearing-down pains were terrible. I also had kidney trouble, but I could not get up.

I knew I must have help right away. I resolved to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The results were marvelous. I have gained in every way, and am entirely cured."—Mrs. MARTIN HALE, Oakdale, Mass. Every druggist has it.

of taxation to assess the value of the hand stamp from the value of all buildings and other improvements thereon and to state in separate column the assessed value of each of land and the buildings thereon.

Particulars in this act shall be contained so as to diminish the proportion of the state tax which any such tax may be required to pay in that the tax on real property shall be levied under any law which may hereafter be enacted, it being the intent and meaning of this act that the aggregate amount of taxes which for this act are levied on any land or building and improvements shall be as

equitably distributed as the land alone.

Fifth—This act shall take effect immediately.

A Labor Victory in Court.

In the Fifth district civil court of New York Philip J. Rotberger and Louis Stein were defendants in a suit for breach of contract brought by the officers of Overcoat and Sackcoat union, No. 30, claiming \$100 damages. Rotberger ran a clothing factory at 57 Ridge street. He entered into an agreement with the union to employ only union men and signed a clause to that effect and gave a bond for \$100, with Louis Stein of 57 Pitt street as surety. In December during the cloakmakers' strike, Rotberger broke his agreement and took a number of nonunion men.

Judge Golofoglio said the case was a novel one, involving the rights of unincorporated labor unions to make contracts with forfeitures attached. He found for the plaintiffs for the amount claimed, with costs.

New York Street Car Men.

Being a conductor on the Broadway syndicate line, I will tell you how we are treated. I am compelled to get there at 6:10 a. m. and supposed to work ten hours, getting a swing of ten minutes after each trip and 45 minutes for dinner. But do I get it? No. As soon as my car gets to the depot and I am right out and not more than 25 or 30 minutes for dinner. And at that, instead of making \$2 per day, I only make \$1.48. Is this what they call justice?—E. in New York World.

THE STAGE WORKMAN.

Kelie Ely Makes Some Remarks Based Upon Her Recent Experiences.

I went to Abbey's theater the other night, and though this is not a criticism of Mr. Tree or his plays, take my advice and don't be deceived by clever advertising into wasting your money simply to be bored.

In his play, "The Bunch of Violets," which should be called "Expectation," because you expect up until the final curtain drops that they are going to do something, a number of workmen and their leaders are represented as coming to sell their votes for a sum total of money and a cold collation. And afterward these same men who sell themselves so cheap and so morally outraged at having lost the candidate had in their youth betrayed a girl that they refuse to vote for him, and thereby do lose the election. That's not true to life, you know, but Mr. Tree doesn't mind such little things.

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Men are as they are born, refined or coarse by nature. Surroundings have much to do with polished manners, but I have seen millionaires who are vulgar and rascals and vagabonds represent the real workman and ragged clothes represent the real workman. Don't think drunkenness and raged clothes represent the real workman.

Because a man strikes don't believe him an outlaw. And if wrong is not laid in the strokes, if you meet them as I have, you could readily see the wrongs come from idle bairns. Don't think drunkenness and ragged clothes represent the real workman. And don't think, as a correspondent accuses me, that because I write the truth about workmen I am a striker, any more than writing the truth about a millionaire would make me a millionaire.

I write the truth because I love it and because there is no living creature whose anger I fear or whose praise I court.—Nellie Ely.

That Jury Was All Right.

A dramatic scene followed the announcement of Judge Grosscup that the jury in the A. R. U. conspiracy trial was discharged on account of the illness of Juror Cox, who said a new jury will be summoned with the old one again put on trial on the first Monday in May. The defendant left his room, and while some stopped to shake Judge Grosscup's hand, the majority of those hurried to where the prisoners were sitting and surrounded Dols. They slapped him on the back, shook hands with him again and again and expressed profound admiration for his bearing during the trial.

"Dols," said Juror Baird, "when this trial opened, I was in favor of giving you a five year sentence, but now I am anxious to see you free."

Similar expressions were heard from the other jurors, and it was evident that the case would have resulted in an acquittal.

The attorneys for the defense were crestfallen at the sudden ending of the case, all expressing the opinion that victory was in sight for the defendants when Juror Cox's illness stopped the proceedings. The defendants were equally sorry that the trial could not proceed.

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THE LITERARY ARENA

Comptroller Eckels Has an Article in the Forum on the Benefits of Financial Discussion.

People Are Awakening to a Realization of the Importance of a Sound Currency System.

Many Important Events During the Past Month Treated in Review of Reviews for March.

The Forum for March (which, by the way, begins Vol. XIX) has for its leader an article by James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, entitled "The Business World vs. the Politicians," in which he points out as one of the beneficial results of the present discussion of our financial system, an awakening of the people to a realization of the importance of a sound currency system to their material prosperity, which is leading them to act in unison, regardless of political ties, for the preservation of the national credit. Senator H. C. Lodge writes on our Blundering Foreign Policy, exemplifying a contention with regard to one of our dealing notably with China and Japan.

Andrew Carnegie, under the suggestive title "What Would I Do with the Tariff If I Were Czar?" emphatically declares that the Wilson tariff violates the taxes on articles used solely by the extremely rich class, and increases them on articles used only by the workingman, and he advocates a new tariff by which the revenues on articles imported for use only by the rich would be doubled; then, obviously, necessarily, an income tax. Professor E. R. A. Seligman asks, "Is the Income Tax Constitutional and Just?" and argues that it is both just and constitutional.

A most interesting article is contributed by Dr. L. Emmett Holt, an eminent physician of New York, on "The Present Treatment of Diphtheria," describing the method of obtaining the anti-toxin, its application, and the excellent results following its use in hundreds of cases at home and abroad. Lastly, John Edward Speed, who lately spoke in "Weeks in New York," writes, "Going to six consecutive performances, greatly criticizes the plays presented and the actors taking part in them, explaining why the dramatic art in America is in decadence; but he participates in a masterpiece of dramatic art." The "Weeks" annual sweeps over the whole field of contemporaneous activity, and presents its readers with a dozen timely and interesting essays, on a wide variety of subjects, written by special students of the topics treated.

Among the notable features of the Argonaut for March, 4, are "Alice's Story—How She Gave Her Life for Him," "The Night Star Camp Burned Out," by Gertrude B. Millard; "Jacques' Wife: A Woman Who Reaped as She Had Sown," translated from the French; "Confessions of a Journalist," consisting of extracts from "Life and Adventures of George Augustus Sala," and letters from London, Paris and New York.

"Decorations for a Dining-Room" by Miss Elizabeth L. Sheldon, is the leading article in the March number of Table Talk, the American authority upon culinary and household topics. Her suggestions are both bright and practical, and we are not surprised that her decorations have become necessary in the homes of our national culture, before they can be considered complete. Charles W. Garfield, secretary of the Michigan state board of agriculture, also gives a very interesting account of the progress of domestic science in the farmers' institutes of his own state.

The regular departments, and the Dietetic Lesson are as usual, and overflowing with bright and new ideas on all subjects of interest to the housekeeper and home-maker. There are the menus and recipes by Miss Helen L. Hobas, also, and the list of the best things in staples, service, novelties, etiquette, fashions, literature and so on. This magazine is published in Philadelphia, at \$1 per year, and a sample copy is offered to any of our readers free.

"The Progress of the World" in the March Review of Reviews is a chapter of running comment on the important events of the past month. These are some of the topics treated: The loss of the Elbe and the safety of ocean travel, the new government loan, the incapacity of congress, the new gas production and mining, confidence in engineers and public works, our governmental architecture, decorative art in the Boston public library, New York city's new administration, the Brooklyn street railway strike, Japan's recent victories, the trial of the Hawaiian pirates, the trial of Cleveland's arbitrators between Brazil and the Argentine Republic, British politics, London council elections, French affairs, the late M. de Giers, of Russia; Crisp and the king of Italy, George Peabody's anniversary, and the great names of the month's anniversary.

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Romance of Texas Shooting," "Australian Bush Memories," by R. Monckton-Dene; "Swordplay in Japan," by Kima Hirai; "The Man in Mystery," by T. J. Dickson; "Lew's World," by Andrew Halloran; "Fallen Leaves of Theebaw," by Edwin A. Dix; "A Jamestown Romance," by Sarah Beaumont Kennedy; "Curling in the Northwest," by H. J. Woods; "Miniature Yacht Modeling," by Franklyn Bassford; "The Eden Hunt," by Forrest C. Ladd; "The Eden Hunt of the Amazons," by Hallie Ayer; "The National Guard of New York State is Active Service in Brooklyn," by D. S. Mercein; and the usual editorials, poems and records.

* * *

The illustrated articles in Home and Journal, "Corporal James Tanner, editor for March, and 'All About Finance,'" by Alexander Lefebvre; "Bronze and the Wings of Bell," by Frieda Werther; "Have you been True Americans?" by Henry Clay Fairman; "Lila," "Liza, the Life Story of Painter's Model," by Sigfried Corrado; "In Cloud Land," by A. A. De Coninck; "The Man Brown's Cellar," by Frank C. Brown; "Bronco," by Capt. Jack Crawford; "On the Boulevards of Paris," by F. R. Layland, and "My Fellow Traveler," by Roger L. Milrais. Published by Joseph W. McKay, No. 53, East Tenth Street, New York. Subscription, \$1.50 a year.

* * *

The two chief characteristics of science—the truth and the wonderful progress that it gives to the arts—are both prominent in the Popular Science Monthly for March. The opening article is a vivid description of "The Birth of the Sicilian Volcano," in a fully illustrated article by Copper-Steel and Bank-Note Engraving; the various divisions of the engraver's art, and some of the measures taken to prevent counterfeiting of bank bills, are clearly explained by C. W. Dickinson; "Bela Hubbard," by Charles L. Hubbard; "The Lesson of the First Fire," a terrible feature of which in 1807 was the loss of life involved. The child of God must stand ready to sacrifice any or all of it for His sake. That he should be willing to do so is not unjust or unreasonable. God has a just right in all we have and are. He gives us strength to make sacrifices for Him. He repays us abundantly for all we give up. "Every one that hath faith in Jesus, who is chosen Christ and death, so should all His disciples. We should daily for Christ, die to sin, selfishness, unrighteousness and to the world in all its forms.

3. Everything for God includes life itself. Life is one of our greatest blessings. We prize it very highly and sell it very dearly, and yet even life itself, if necessary, must be given to God. If we are brought into a position when it is a question of life or Christ, there should be no difficulty in choosing Christ. As Stephen and all the long list of martyrs chose Christ and death, so should all His disciples. We should daily for Christ, die to sin, selfishness, unrighteousness and to the world in all its forms.

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THE CAPITAL GOSSIP.

An Important Decision in Regard to Fee Agreements Made by Assistant Secretary Reynolds.

Postmaster-General Bissell Has Under Consideration at Present a New Design of Money Order.

Errors in Engraving and Enrolling Bills to be Ended by Having the Measures Printed.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Assistant Secretary Reynolds of the interior department has rendered a decision, holding that fee agreements filed since Dec. 13, 1893, not acknowledged before an officer competent to administer oaths, as required by section 4 of the act of July 4, 1884, are invalid and may not be approved. The matter came before the assistant secretary on an appeal from a firm of Washington claim agents from the action of the pension bureau in allowing them to file as fee in a certificate of pension issued April 10, 1894. On Dec. 18, 1893, the pension claimant executed in the firm's favor duplicate articles of agreement for \$25, but before filing them the firm neglected to acknowledge the same before an officer authorized to administer oaths, and the commissioner of pensions held that they were informal and could not be admitted.

Postmaster General Bissell has under advisement a new design of money order which will give more facility in handling them and in separating them from the money order. It is more nearly the size of an ordinary bank check and this fact it is thought should increase its use. This statement is contained in a letter sent by Mr. Bissell, Feb. 11, to the joint committee of congress inquiring into the methods of transacting business in the executive departments. The postmaster general encloses a report of the superintendent of the money order system which, he says, "shows the decrease charge for money orders has increased the business and that the amount of decrease in fees, received for the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1894, has been more than compensated by the saving in the reduction of the rate of commission to postmasters; and it is further shown that the abolition of the postal note has resulted in the use in its stead of money orders, which afford greater protection to the people in their use."

More probable than was occasioned by reason of the errors and mistakes which occurred in the engraving and enrollment of congressional measures by hand, it is believed, is obviated hereafter by the new method of having the work done by a printing plant. The change is the outcome of one of the recommendations of the Dockey joint commission and was put into practical effect during the last congress. An excerpt from the report of the commission on this subject sets forth the belief that in no instance errors made were directly traceable to the clerical force engaged in the work of engraving and enrolling the measures.

In the nature of things it was almost impossible to prevent these often in the basic in which the work was done. Before recommending the change the committee considered the methods pursued in the legislative bodies of other countries than our own in respect to these matters and found that in nearly all the leading foreign parliamentary bodies, and in several of our own states, the old method or system of enrolling bills and acts by hand and ink had been abandoned. As far back as 1840 the British parliament abandoned this method and adopted that of printing. They applied it at first only to bills of a public or general character. It was not until 1851 that the new arrangement was soon productive of economic convenience and dispatch and tended so much to lessen the chance of errors, that they speedily applied it to private bills and resolutions of every character.

Included in the commission's report on the subject recommending the change appears a letter from the treasury department which shows that in conse-

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

SAILORS ARE UP IN ARMS.

The Crew of the Monterey Kick Against a Recent Order.

VALLEJO, Cal., March 11.—The crew of the Monterey are up in arms against the recent order of the secretary of the navy that the crew of that vessel subsist solely on food procured by the department on contract from the lowest bidder and issued in the form of rations daily by the paymaster of the ship. A similar order concerning the Olympic will go into force on March 15.

There has been a bill introduced in Congress to prohibit the government from requiring sailors to eat what is offered to them.

Though the scheme is an assured

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to Victoria, B. C., March 11.—The Great Northern railway is to be extended to Victoria. The proposition is to connect the mainland of the state of Washington with that of Vancouver by a ferry built to carry across the cars to Victoria a landing a short way out of Victoria and run into the city.

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EVENING HERALD
PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Business and editorial rooms: THE HERALD
Postoffice, 220 West Superior street.
Telephone, 224 Business office, 224, two rings;
Editorial Rooms, 224, three rings.

Subscription Rates:
Daily, per year.....\$7.00
Daily, per three months.....1.80
Daily, per month.....1.00
Weekly, per year.....1.00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.
Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.

The Weather.
U. S. AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, WEAVER,
DULUTH, MINN., March 11.—The
barometer is highest and has risen two to three
tenths of an inch during the last twenty-four hours.
The thermometer, where the temperature was
from 10 to 20 degrees below zero at 8 a.m. to day,
is now 10 degrees above zero at 1 p.m. over
Lake Superior, Wyoming and Arkansas.
Rain or snow is falling this morning in the
Ohio and Mississippi valleys. Heavy
rains have occurred in Arkansas. The weather
is unusually cold in the mountains of Montana; elsewhere it is
generally fair weather.

United States temperature at 7 a.m. today is 18 de-
grees above zero, maximum yesterday, 18 degrees
above zero; minimum yesterday, 5 degrees
below zero.

DULUTH, March 11.—Forecast for Duluth and
wind till 7 p.m. tomorrow: Fair; followed
by snow; cold this evening and tonight; winds
becoming brisk northwesterly.

JAMES KENNELLY,
Local Weather Official.

CHICAGO, March 11.—Forecast till 8 p.m. to-
morrow: Fair; cold and windy; cold
tonight; Tuesday fair and slightly cold
with a chance of snow; to become cold
Tuesday morning. For Minnesota: Fair and
cold wave tonight and Tuesday; northwest
winds.

A Railroad to the West.

Duluth's connections with the South, through the superb service of the St. Paul & Duluth and its connections, is most perfect. Its way to the Eastern seaboard is royally provided for by thoroughly equipped coaches of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, while the Northwestern, or Omaha, running southeast to Chicago, cannot and will not be outdone in its careful consideration of the comfort of its patrons in case of transportation. But look into the West. Can Duluth reach out and gather by shortest route what is newer and design of men have become almost vested rights? No. In these days we demand sixty miles an hour and the shortest route. The old theory, and in some cases practice, of going around Robin Hood's barn to the mile (or the seaport) is past. The requirements of the West have become as great, if not greater, than those of the East. Why? Because of its greater resources and natural productiveness. China, Japan and their neighboring islands of the sea are waiting with eyes pale shaded, looking eastward. The dawning of a new civilization in those lands of fig and pomegranate has taught them to believe the new world their Mecca of wealth, and into whose lap of luxury they may pour their ever-increasing surplus. This may be pictures, but it rests with Duluth to make them facts. Duluth is Minnesota's seaport and its water distributing point. These magnetic factors, linked with uplift powers of commercial gravitation, speak for her a portent place in the front rank of cities. Today she is but—

"The baby figure of the giant mass
If things come at large."

Today the creator of the universe is distributing the loaves and fishes. Shall Duluth receive a part? Try. Let the body corporate paint upon its banner and its flag a spider web; let the chamber of commerce write on its escutcheon a spider web; let the board of trade publish as its emblem a spider web; let each social club trace upon the delicate surface of its service a spider web; on each individual heart engrave a spider web, and into its circles, measured only by the rising and the setting of the sun, invite, gather, and retain all that is good and divine all that is bad and without merit.

The partial retirement of one of the great national parties makes it very possible for Duluth to look into the future with a hope, the degree of which cannot at this time be weighed, because obliged for a season at least, to travel tandem with doubt and fear. The cloud is slowly but surely lifting; the vista is as surely as the sun.

Solomon had resolved that Jerusalem should be the center of all sacred, regal and commercial magnificence. He set himself to work and monopolized the entire surrounding desert as a highway for his caravans. He built the city of Palmyra around one of the principal wells of the East, so that all the long trains of merchandise from all points were obliged to stop there, pay toll, and leave part of their wealth in the hands of Solomon's merchants. The three great products of Palestine—wine pressed from the richest clusters and celebrated all the world over; oil, which in that hot country is the entire substitute for butter and lard and was pressed from the olive bushes, until every tree in the country became an olive well; and honey, which was the entire substitute for sugar. Solomon believed in reciprocity because we are told he exported these three great products of the country and received in return fruits and precious woods and the animals of every clime.

He went down to Ezion-geber and ordered a fleet of ships to be con-

structed, oversaw the workmen and watched the launching of the fleet which was to go out on a long voyage to bring home the wealth of the then known world. He heard that the Egyptian horses were large and swift, and long-manned and round-limbed, and he sent out his stewards and agents into that country to purchase them, giving \$5 apiece for them, putting the best of these in greenest pastures and housing them in the best stalls for his own use, and selling the surplus to others at a large profit. He heard that there was the best of timber on Mount Lebanon, and he sent 150,000 men to hew and file the forest and drag the timber through the mountain gorges to be constructed into rafts, floated to Toppa and from thence to be drawn by ox teams twenty-five miles across the country to Jerusalem.

Citizens of Duluth, is the picture, word painted, overdrawn in our endeavor to mark the city of the lake as its growing and even now marvelous parallel? Did Solomon and his people accomplish one success that cannot be by Duluth be also accomplished and achieved? What is the means to this end? The answer is, railroads from the West. Two great lines are struggling for the quickest and shortest route into Duluth. Each has a railroad giant at its head. The bonded power, guardians of wealth, constituting the mainspring of the life of each is vested in the same hands. The Great Northern drags its weary way south to St. Cloud and north via West Superior to Duluth, while the Canadian Pacific, with its Soo line connection at the south portal in North Dakota, is seeking entrance into Duluth by the extension of the Duluth & Winnipeg, its lake port branch. Should the Great Northern extend its line from Fosston into Norman, Beltrami or even Cass County and connect with the Winnipeg, not more than fifty miles distant, the problem would be solved. Two great railroads would have ceased their warfare and from the very moment that the last spike was driven, connecting the Western ocean with the lake, two great railroads would be on the highway of declared dividends.

How can this be done? By arbitration. Both want the longest end. Both shrink at surrender, but both have constantly in sight a common end, the quick and short entrance into Duluth. In this matter "united they stand, divided they fall." This is true. Could these great roads be induced to pool their interest, nothing would then stand in the way of direct trade with Japan, China and other countries of Asia, to say nothing of what can be done in our own land—fruits from California, cattle from Montana, sheep from other Western states, coal from Dakota and wheat from the same source. Coal, iron and lumber from our own state will be no small item. Itasca county, when its resources are known, will surprise and delight many. But success can only come through the medium of railroads.

Should Duluth desire to see all this come to pass and receive her share of golden tribute, then select from her board of trade, men of keenest business intellect to meet with Messrs. Hill, Van Horne, Fitch and Underwood, this recognized galaxy of Western railroad kings, and with olive branch in hand seek to adjust the difficulties that are distinctly holding back the immediate prosperity of Northern Minnesota and Duluth, and hasten an understanding that will in this year of 1895 complete these lines and role through the gateway on the western slope of Lake Superior those products that must forever mark the Zenith City as the "march of nations."

EUGENE A. ARNOLD,
LaPrairie, March 10.

Breaking a Compact.

The meeting of Minneapolis citizens

held Saturday night to consult with the Hennepin county delegation on the subject of making a tender to the state of a site for the capitol, showed that many of the most prominent residents of that city are opposed to the idea. Ex-Governor Pillsbury deplored such action and recalled the solemn compact made years ago by which Minneapolis secured the university and St. Paul the capitol. This compact should not be violated. The Hennepin senators threw cold water on the scheme by asserting that it would be impossible to secure one-fourth of the votes in the senate in its favor, but the real estate boomers and small fry politicians, who have no regard for solemn compacts, were in the majority at the meeting and the motion to make the offer to the state was adopted.

It is to be hoped that the members of the legislature will treat the offer with the scorn and contempt that it deserves. This action shows that nearly all ideas of honor have departed from Minneapolis. The compact made years ago by which Minneapolis secured the university and St. Paul the capitol. This compact should not be violated. The Hennepin senators threw cold water on the scheme by asserting that it would be impossible to secure one-fourth of the votes in the senate in its favor, but the real estate boomers and small fry politicians, who have no regard for solemn compacts, were in the majority at the meeting and the motion to make the offer to the state was adopted.

The ladies of Cleveland are raising a big kick because they are required to state their ages when they vote for members of the school board. This appears decidedly silly. Why should any woman be averse to stating her age? A woman is always as young as she looks.

Now that Lord Rosebery has entirely recovered from his attack of influenza, the space writers who have been speculating on the likelihood of his resigning the British premiership will be compelled to find another subject.

Harry Hayward still maintains that he is innocent. No one else is of the same opinion.

The Herald's Enterprise.

Clouquet Pine Knot: The Duluth Herald announces that five new type setting machines will be put into that office in a

It's No Guess Now!

Look to your Skirt,
Madam, the Waist is
Taking care of itself.....



All the Successful Merchants of Duluth Advertise in The Herald.

ONE CENT A WORD!



ONE CENT A WORD!

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

UNION EMPLOYMENT OFFICE. LADIES wanting help and good girls wanting work. Call at 220, 221 and 222 West Superior street. Mrs. Fogerson.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD GIRLS and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches, etc. Call at 220, 221 and 222 West Superior street. Mr. M. C. Selbold & Son.

FRATERNALITIES.

DALESTON LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month, at 8 p.m. March 11, 1895, at 7:30 p.m. 1895. First degree. W. E. Clegg, W. M. Edwin Moore, secretary.

TONIC LODGE NO. 126, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings first and fourth Monday evenings of every month, at 8 p.m. March 11, 1895, at 7:30 p.m. 1895. First degree. W. E. Clegg, W. M. H. C. Hanford, secretary.

KENTON CHAPTER NO. 29, R. A. M. Stated evocatively second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 p.m. March 11, 1895, at 7:30 p.m. 1895. First degree. W. E. Clegg, W. M. H. C. Hanford, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 38, K. T. Stated concave at 8 p.m. March 11, 1895, at 7:30 p.m. 1895. First degree. W. E. Clegg, W. M. H. C. Hanford, secretary.

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Coal Office Removed.

Duluth Fuel company's office is now in the Herald building.

City band concert at the Temple Thursday evening.

WILL ELECT TONIGHT

THE DELAY AT STAPLES.

The Arrangement Causing it Was at the Jobbers' Union's Request.

There has been some complaint lately of the manner in which connections for Duluth are made on the Northern Pacific through train from the coast. The train arrives in Staples at 1 p. m., and the travelers must wait until 2 o'clock next morning, thirteen hours, in order to get to Duluth. This is, of course, a very inconvenient detention, and it has created much censure and anger. The jobbers' union called it, and what have expressed their thoughts without looking into the matter.

The wait at Staples is for connections with branches to the surrounding country, from the Red River Valley, Ferguson Falls, Wabasha, La. Minn., and Jamestown and other North Dakota and Minnesota points, all lying in a farming district tributary to Duluth. It became necessary to drop either the coast connection, from which Duluth derives little or no benefit, or the connection, from which Duluth derives a great amount of benefit. The natural course was to drop the coast connection and take up those from which Duluth derives the most benefit, and this course was taken after it had been sanctioned by jobbers and shippers and every branch and bet is made that Geffe will win.

The contest for the city clerkship is between C. E. Richardson, the present incumbent, and E. A. Menors, with everything coming very much with Mr. Richardson, if, surface indications are any index.

It is probable that the investigating committee will report the results of inquiries into alleged irregularities on the part of Street, the present incumbent. J. McLaughlin. It is reported that Mr. McLaughlin is considering the matter of resigning, if it seems evident that the new charter bill, with the provision for abolishing the board of public works, passed by the city council last night, will not be accepted. The bill, it is said, will be voted on Friday.

A train could leave Duluth at 7 p. m., instead of 3:45 as now, and make good connections in every way as those now made, and it is probable that if the effort now on foot to secure the later train be pushed the request will be granted. The change, however, would entail a loss which is unreasonable to expect the company to suffer.

The westbound train makes through connections satisfactorily, and at the same time makes good connections with the various lakes and Minnesota branches. There has been considerable difficulty in securing a train to connect with the company to make both connections, but they would entail a loss which is unreasonable to expect the company to suffer.

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At 10 o'clock this morning the board of public works opened five bids for the construction of a steam ferry across the ship canal. They were as follows:

Duluth Ferry Company Presented the Lowest One This Morning.

Prisoners Convicted at This Term Will Know Their Fate.

The criminals found guilty at the present term of district court will be sentenced tomorrow morning. There are five to be sentenced, as follows: Samuel Cody and John Dewar, forgery; A. G. Highton, grand larceny in the second degree; Thomas Rabb, grand larceny in the second degree, plet of guilty; Charles Johnson, pleaded guilty to assault in the second degree; indicated in the first degree.

Motions for arrest of judgment were made a few days ago in the cases against Cody and Dewar, who were found guilty of forgery. The motions were all based same ground of defective indictments, the defect consisting in each case of the omission of the name of the accused. The charge of attempting to forge instruments. In the case of the defendant the indictments would probably be thrown out on this ground, but whether judgment will be arrested and the prisoners discharged is not known. Judge Ensign took up the matter today, and Benson arrested him yesterday afternoon. The trial is to be adjourned until the prisoners are sentenced.

The February term of district court is nearly at an end. The last case was on trial this morning before Judge Moer, except half a dozen cases that have been continued to April 1. The case to be tried tomorrow is that of L. H. Cusack and Wallace Warner against the American Loan and Trust company. The plaintiffs some years ago had a contract to purchase a lot from Walter Van Brunt, by the terms of which they were to pay him a certain sum when they went to the American Loan and Trust company to borrow \$1,000, agreeing to give a mortgage on the house as soon as it was built.

All this was done and the trial up to noon had apparently consisted in trying to find out what had been done.

They claimed that they had been given the worst of the deal by the trust company, and that they had been kept in ignorance of how the account stood.

They asked for an accounting, which was refused, and the suit is to determine where the matter stands and to recover damages.

City band concert at the Temple Thursday evening.

WILL HAVE A TERM.

Said Capt. Pressnell this morning: "There is no doubt as to there being a full term of the federal court for May. I am in receipt of a letter from United States Marshal O'Connor in response to one from me saying that if there is not sufficient funds on hand he will advance the money himself."

Duluth Monumental wks adv't, "want" col.

BUY A FARM!

20,000 acres of fine farming land for sale at \$200 per acre. 10 per cent cash, balance in 10 year payments: 10 per cent each year.

John G. Howard, Minn.

10 East Michigan Street, Duluth, Minn.

Will Put in a Garden.

This afternoon J. T. Tilson left for his claim, about three miles from Rainy Lake. This season he will put in ten acres of garden truck and vegetables.

John G. Howard, Minn.

10 East Michigan Street, Duluth, Minn.

\$5 IN SIXTY DAYS. \$5.

Choice lot on Second Street, (two blocks of north portion) only \$4,000, worth \$6,000.

House and lot near Grand Avenue, West Duluth.

GEO. R. LAYBOURN,

14 Phoenix Block.

Serving the Papers.

Deputy United States Marshal T. J. Sheehan, who came this morning serving papers in the suit lately commenced by the United States against the North American Telegraph company.

John L. Fuller, Charles Fox, Jose A. Phelan, W. B. Blett, and R. L. Littell were summoned to appear at Minn. Superior Court on March 15. The company is charged with violating the contract labor law by bringing Miss Phelan from Port Arthur to work for the company here.

Big Snare.

A space of 25x25 on the ground floor in the big U.S. block, West End department store, for rent, cheap, suitable for sewing machines, organs, pianos, etc.

Good chance for the right man. Address Duluth Provision & Dry Goods company.

To the Ladies:
The DULUTH IMPERIAL MILL has gotten up especially for the ladies of Duluth a beautiful and serviceable Household Expense Book
Just what the ladies need and want. This is given
Free!

To every lady who will call for it at the office of P. J. Kraemer & Co., agents Duluth Imperial Mill Company, Michigan street and First avenue west.

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TWELFTH YEAR.

NEVER UNDERSOLD

At any time and now during our

Great March Sale

Our Prices on All Goods Are the Lowest Ever Quoted.

REGULAR PRICE.	SALE PRICE.
50c	25c
\$1.25	50c
\$2.25	75c
\$2.25	75c
\$5.00	\$3.50
\$9.50	
\$11.50	
\$14.00	
\$16.00	
\$15.00	Chamber Suites, 3 pieces,
Ash.....	
\$18.00	Chamber Suites, 3 pieces,
Solid Oak.....	
\$20.00	Chamber Suites, 3 pieces,
Carved.....	
\$23.00	Chamber Suites, 3 pieces,
Carved.....	

All Others Reduced in Proportion.

All goods just as represented and we can supply every article advertised in reasonable quantities.

Any Has Stock in the Store,
With 50c to \$1.00.We Shall Reduce the Price of These 5c a Day Until All Are Sold.
Hassocks Wednesday, 20c; Thursday, 15c; Friday, 10c; Saturday, 5c. Monday we have AWAY all that are left.

Arnold, Constable & Co.'s Special Grade and Importation of...

See Corner Window!
ORIENTAL JAPAN RUGS
And CARPETS.....

At Prices Below Inferior Limitations.

March Sale Prices.

1½ by 3 feet Oriental Japan Rugs.....	55c
2 by 4 feet Oriental Japan Rugs.....	\$1.00
3 by 3 feet Oriental Japan Rugs.....	\$1.15
2½ by 5 feet Oriental Japan Rugs.....	\$1.50
3 by 6 feet Oriental Japan Rugs.....	\$2.75
4 by 7 feet Oriental Japan Rugs.....	\$3.50
3 by 10 feet Oriental Japan Rugs.....	\$3.75
6 by 9 feet Oriental Japan Carpets.....	\$5.50
7½ by 10½ feet Oriental Japan Carpets.....	\$8.25
9 by 12 feet Oriental Japan Carpets.....	\$11.00

Wilton Rugs, 27 by 54, \$2.25. Others ask \$3.25 to \$5.00.

FRENCH & BASSETT, FIRST STREET AND THIRD AVENUE WEST

Magazines for March:
Review of Reviews, Century,
Munsey's and Cosmopolitan;
Chicago Daily Papers.Chamberlain & Taylor's
BOOKSTORE, 323 West Superior Street.T. B. Hawkes & Co., Manufacturers.
Hartman General Electric Company
ARE PREPARED TO
Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.
General Office: Room 3 Exchange Building....Cate & Clarke...
333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

A BLOODY RIOT

Armed Mob Took Possession of the Levee
At New Orleans and Police Were
Powerless.White Strikers Fired Upon the Negro
Scrimshaw at the Hour of Beginning
Work Today.Four Negroes Were Killed and Eight Others
Were Wounded and Two are Now
Dying.The Purser of a British Vessel Dangerously
Wounded and This May Cause Interna-
tional Trouble.NEW ORLEANS, March 12.—The levee
front from Louisiana avenue to Mandeville
street is in the hands of an armed
mob. The police with their scattered
numbers are powerless and unable to
cope with the armed workmen. Two
men have been killed, while several
others have been wounded as a result of
the shooting, which have been made upon
the negroes. The white men are
completely in control of things and have de-
clared that no negro shall appear upon
the levee front. As a result of this, all
work on the levee is practically at a
standstill, while not a negro can be seen
anywhere about the place.The police were scattered in the Sixth
precinct police station and remained
there all night under command of Acting
Chief of Police John Journe. The
police reported quiet and the
people were hopeful that everything would re-
main so when there came a
message that a dozen men had been
killed in front of Jackson square and that
a terrible riot was in progress.The police were scattered in the stations
and were hurried away to the scene of
the trouble. They had barely left when
Sergt. Richard Walsh, in command of the
precinct, heard a volley of shots from
the street in the direction of the levee
front.The morning was extremely foggy and
when Sergt. Walsh heard the shooting
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THE TERMS OF PEACE.

Trip of Prince Li Hung Chang to Japan to be Accompanied With Great Pomp.

Until He Signs the Treaty With Japan There Will Be No Conclusion of Peace.

Two of the Treaty's Conditions Are the Independence of Korea and a Cash Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The brief cable announcement from Japan, that China has accepted the terms on which Japan is willing to conclude peace, has renewed keen interest in the situation in the far East. Neither the Japanese nor Chinese legations have as yet any information that the negotiations have reached this advanced stage. It is stated by the officials at both legations that Prince Li Hung Chang has been sent to Japan to be left. Tien Tsin. His trip to Japan is to be accompanied with great pomp and ceremony, and until he puts his signature to the treaty there will be no actual conclusion of peace and no cessation of hostilities. It is believed, however, that the general understanding of the terms of peace is for the purpose of paving the way for Prince Li's trip, in order that it may not result in the humiliating failure which met the efforts of the last Chinese peace envoys. This is the view expressed by the officials and diplomats most conversant with the situation. United States Ministers Dun at Tokio and Deady at Pekin have been in constant communication with a view to bringing the two belligerents together, and it is not doubted that the general understanding on terms is through this mediation.

These terms have taken wide range, although Japan has never stated officially what she expected to do. It is known however, that two of the conditions are the independence of Korea and a cash indemnity. The third condition refers to the territorial extension, and to this there has been great differences of opinion even in Japan.

The radical press demand the permanent cession to Japan of all the territory she has overrun by her arms. This would include the great naval stations of Port Arthur and Wei Hai

China would have little trouble in borrowing the money, as the great creditor nations of Europe appear to be ready and anxious to advance funds on oriental securities.

GOSSIP OF THE CAPITAL.

American Cattle Shown to be Very Free from Tuberculosis.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—In reviewing an article by Veterinarians Boysen and Vellers on the importation of American beef cattle, the Hygenische Rundschau, Hamburg, under date of Feb. 15 says: "The authors protest against the misrepresentations and fears which are scattered through the newspapers that tuberculosis exists in cattle in America to an enormous degree, and also that pleuro-pneumonia is still more prevalent than the American stock raisers are forced on this account to ship their cattle to Europe at a merely nominal price."

"In Hamburg, from the year 1883 to the present time, there have been 110,000 cattle imported. Of these 18,000 were cattle slaughtered. These animals were subjected to a careful veterinary inspection, not only before being slaughtered but afterwards as well. It was impossible to find pleuro-pneumonia in a single case, while tuberculosis was present in 100 per cent of the animals."

Would you be strong, healthy and happy? Eat wholesome food—prepared with Dr. Price's cream baking powder.

THE DELAWARE CONTEST.

Republicans Have a Right to Demand a Nomination.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 12.—Hon. Joseph Manley was seen last night by an Associated Press reporter and when asked concerning the report that the Republican national committee had instructed in the Delaware senatorial fight, said:

"The Republican national committee will take no action in the Delaware contest and all reports that they have so far directed should be believed," he continued, "that it is the business of Republicans outside of the state to assume to dictate who shall be nominated, but the matter has arrived at such a pass that Republicans have good ground for asking that somebody be nominated."

Arrived for Murder.

ROCHESTER, Minn., March 12.—Nine Italians have been arrested accused of the murder of A. J. Hixon, a saloonkeeper who was beaten to death on the roadway. When the police traced the body to a hospital, several of the prisoners had made confessions that Lorenzo Danaino, one of those arrested, struck the fatal blow.

"It is the business of the German producers and for the German meat trade, which is well founded not only on account of the low price but on a high standard of quality and in the preparation of the American cattle."

MADRID, March 12.—A private pugil match received here from Havana says that the leaders of the war of separation of 1884, who joined the present rising in Cuba, are conferring with Capt. Gen. Seijella with the view of a possible cessation of hostilities and the surrender of the rebel army.

It is noticed parenthetically that, strange to say, the American cattle were entirely free from liver flukes. The authors consider the condition of the stock to be excellent in view of the stockmen on the home meadow lands. Boysen and Vellers see a coming danger in the American meat for the German producers and for the German meat trade, which is well founded not only on account of the low price but on a high standard of quality and in the preparation of the American cattle.

The German stock raisers are advised to study the achievements of the Americans in the field of stock raising, and to examine and consider how the tuberculosis, which is constantly spreading around them in the German stock, may be controlled.

There is some regret expressed in the interior department over the failure of congress to amend the present law relating to the cutting of timber, not only upon the poorest reservations, but also upon the more valuable ones.

Elberton, Ga., March 12.—Five thousand persons assembled last night at Central Hall, Auburn, to witness the boxing match for a fight between Frank P. Slavin, the Australian heavyweight, and Frank Craig, "the Harlem Coffee Cooler."

LASTED ONLY TWO MINUTES.

The Harlem Coffee Cooler Knocked Out By Frank Slavin.

LODGE, March 12.—Five thousand persons assembled last night at Central Hall, Auburn, to witness the boxing match for a fight between Frank P. Slavin, the Australian heavyweight, and Frank Craig, "the Harlem Coffee Cooler."

I have found the ROYAL BAKING POWDER to be an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder, entirely free from alum and ammonia, and of the very highest leavening power.

CHARLES W. DREW, Ph. B., M. D.

Late Chemist to the Minn. State Dairy and Food Dep't.

Wei and the valuable stretch of territory along the north of the gulf of Pechili. The more moderate elements of the island of Formosa. Since the radical demand is granted, it is believed the great powers of Europe will want to be heard before the treaty is concluded. Russia has growled menacingly of late at the suggestion that her eastern possessions were about to be hemmed in by a circle of powers.

It is understood here that Japan has earnestly tried to learn Russia's purposes but without entire success. It is believed, however, that Russia is chiefly concerned in securing a harbor in the northeast of Corea, as she probably has boats of war now close by ice of the year round, while a Korean harbor would give her an outlet to the sea the year round. Such an outlet is considered imperative as a part of the great Siberian railway.

The cash indemnity to be paid Japan is variously estimated at from 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 yen. At the present rate of exchange the silver yen is worth about 50 cents and the gold yen about \$1. It is not yet determined what coin will be used in payment. In either case it will make heavy inroads on the money metals of the world. It is expected that

ment of congress and which never received further consideration owing to the lack of time, was satisfactory to the demands of two exceptions, and these were of such a minor character that little or no trouble was anticipated in adjustment.

The fact that nothing has been done leaves the secretary without measures or means to protect the forest resources or to dispose of the timber upon other lands, including the permanent system which he has not found advantageous. Another effort will be made in the next congress to secure legislation for the better protection of forests on public land.

The sugar trust has made millions, but it is not so great as the trust of the people in Dr. Price's baking powder.

RIOT IN A LEGISLATURE.

Disgraceful Scenes at the Windup of the Indiana Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 12.—The legislature broke up in a wild riot last night in which almost every member participated. Revolters were drawn and many persons were seriously injured, Adams, of Park county, perhaps fatally.

Col. Grant will overrule the bill to

supplant Custodian Griffin, a Democrat, with a Republican. The bill was delivered to the governor two nights ago.

It was the idea to hold it until the last minute and then the legislature could not pass it, as the veto as adjournment would take place at the end of the session.

The veto was in charge of Governor Matthews' private secretary, Myron King. Someone locked him in the elevator. Finally he was released and started for the legislature. He found the doors locked. The crowd pressing against the doors forced them open and King was pushed ahead. Then came the riot. Finally King, with his clothes torn from his body and his face bleeding, was pulled through the crowd and the speaker's desk. He still had the governor's veto in his hand, but it never reached the speaker's desk.

Col. Grant will take with him a letter now in his possession, which was given to his father, and will call in early April at his home, No. 3 East Sixty-sixth street. It is brief and simply requests that the president who occupies the executive mansion when the ex-president's grandson is 17 years old will appoint the young man to a West Point cadetship.

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PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.Editorial room: THE HERALD
Hornbeam, 220 West Superior street.
Telephone: Business office, 224, two rings;
Editorial Room, 224, three rings.Subscription Rates:
Daily, per year.....\$7.00
Daily, per three months.....1.89
Daily, per month.....60
Weekly, per year.....1.00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY OF DULUTH.
Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.HERALD'S CIRCULATION,
17,148
HIGH-WATER MARK.The Weather.
CHICAGO, March 12.—Forecast till 3 p. m. tomorrow. For Wednesday, cool and cloudy; cold to touch. Wednesday fair and cold; northwest winds. For Minnesota: Fair tonight with cold in east portion tonight; Wednesday fair, northwest winds.

Legislation for the Mesaba.

The Mesaba Range, published at Biwabik, draws attention, in view of the proposed visit of the members of the legislature, to some of the legislation which it considers necessary for the prosperity of the Mesaba range and its people and of vastly more importance than a law providing for mining inspection. Chief among these, says the Biwabik paper, is the matter of royalties. Its idea of remedying this matter would be the taxing of these royalties so that any sum above a fair royalty would be practically confiscated by the state. Under present conditions, no miner on this range outside of the corporations owning their own railroads, can afford to pay over 25 or 30 cents per ton royalty and live. Any amount over that sum should be taxed out of existence.

This contention appears to be sound, and the suggestion of the Range to tax heavy royalties paid to fee owners might have the desired effect. Certainly something must be done in order to compete with other ranges where royalties have been cut to very small figures as well as with the large corporations which have cut all expenses to the minimum.

The range thinks the railroad rate on ore of 80 cents should be reduced to 50 or 60 cents, and it contends that the latter figures would still leave the railroads a handsome profit. This is a matter upon which The Herald is not able to speak intelligently because it has no means of knowing the cost to the railroads of operating expenses and the amount of interest charges on the large sums invested in the construction of the roads. If the present rate is so high that shippers cannot compete with other ranges the railroads will naturally feel compelled to reduce the rate to a figure which will make shipments profitable, otherwise they would have nothing to haul. This would seem to be a matter that would largely regulate itself without any legislation fixing an arbitrary rate.

The Biwabik paper declares that the present method of using mining property is unreasonable and unjust, and that there is no reason why the mines should not bear a proportionate share of public expenses. At present they pay in lieu of all other taxes 1 cent per ton on their output. Other states have tried the specific plan and found it a failure, and the Range concludes that Minnesota should profit by their experience and tax the mines on their valuation just the same as other property. This is a question upon which opinions will differ widely. The present system has given satisfaction, and The Herald has not heard of any loud demand for a change. To tax the Mesaba mines on their valuation at this early stage in their history would be disastrous to the struggling owners of many properties. With the very low prices now paid for iron ore, and the keen competition between the Lake Superior ranges, any legislation that would increase the cost of the ore taken from the Minnesota ranges would be injurious to the interests of this state. The best thing the legislature can do, so far as the legislation in regard to our iron mines is concerned, is to leave them alone. When the iron trade returns to its former condition of prosperity, it may be in order to change the present laws. Any such move previous to that time would be fraught with great danger.

Mortgage Foreclosures.
Another statement on the mortgage foreclosures of the state has been issued by Labor Commissioner Powers. It makes a good showing for Minnesota in comparison with other states. Two tables are given, one showing a comparative exhibit by years for eight typical counties of the percentage of mortgages foreclosed upon acre property in Minnesota from 1859 to 1893. The second is a table showing the percentage of mortgages and of foreclosures of taxable property in the agricultural counties from 1880 to 1893.

The commissioner's report states that when the foreclosures of one year are compared with the mortgages recorded four years before it is found that the foreclosures on farm and acre property in the agricultural counties of the state in 1882 and 1883 were relatively 40 to 50 per cent smaller in number and in the

acres and amounts involved than in 1884 and 1885, ten years before.

Between the years 1880 and 1881 and the years 1882 and 1883 the foreclosures on acre property so decreased that relatively only one farm was sold in the latter years by foreclosure, where three farms were sold in the earlier, and that one acre of land was foreclosed where two had formerly been, and that the amounts of foreclosure sales had declined so relatively that only \$1 of such sales are now occurring where in 1880 there were \$4 of the same.

The foreclosures of 1882 and 1883 were relatively only one-fifth as numerous as twenty-four years before, in 1880 and 1873. The acres sold were only one-fourth, and the amounts involved one-fifth as great in the latter as in the earlier years.

From 1876 to 1887 the greatest single determining factor of mortgage foreclosures was crop failures due to drought, blight, visitation of grasshoppers and chinch bugs. These caused for 1876, 1877 and 1878 a rate of foreclosure slightly different from what would have resulted from the action of wheat prices alone. In 1880 and 1881 they caused a wide variation from what would have been noticed had varying wheat prices been the one determining factor.

The influence for good of this new system of farming is so great that in 1882 and 1883 it overshadowed and outbalanced in large degree the evil results that followed the low and failing prices of wheat.

The farmers have so improved their methods of farming, even in wheat raising sections, that the evil effects of low wheat prices in 1883 are reduced to small proportions that they, the increase of acres of farm land foreclosed and the amounts involved were less than those resulting from the failure of one speculation of real estate in a single small county like Anoka.

Farmers are able to secure loans even on poor lands alone more nearly approximating the estimated value of those lands than they could at any period in the past. Hence, when losing their farms by foreclosure, their losses are relatively only from one-half to two-thirds as great as twenty or even fifteen years ago.

The situation of the state as a suitable field for investment by the money loaner with the passing years improved even more than it has for the average farmer, and hence he can loan a larger relative amount of money on farm security in Minnesota and with far greater safety than at any past period of the history of the state.

The facts gathered by the bureau of labor and here presented indicate therefore the farm mortgage debt has with the passage of years been since 1888 gradually though with irregular movement becoming a smaller and less crushing burden for the average farmer to bear. This conclusion may be disappointing to the croakers and to the political demagogues who live upon the discontent of the farmers, but it will be received with gratification by the vast majority of the people of the state. While depression exists in agricultural circles universally, it is pleasing to learn that it is felt to a less extent in Minnesota than in most other states.

The condition of English agriculture is far worse than our own. Here is what Lord Leicesters said at the last meeting of the Royal Agricultural Society: "My grandfather, my father and I have spent during the last thirty years on our hereditary domain, in round numbers, \$5,000,000, not in luxuries and ornaments, but in improvement—that is, in constructing barns, buildings, roads, draining, planting trees, building walls and other work of this character. During all this time we have not received in return more than \$250,000, and since 1878 we have not received over \$15,000, or in the neighborhood of 2½ per cent on the capital we have expended."

Every one should go to the High School Assembly hall this evening, when Hon. George T. Powell, of New York, will deliver a lecture on "Agricultural Education in the Common Schools." Mr. Powell is an unusually interesting speaker and he has a fund of knowledge relative to the subject which he has chosen that will prove highly instructive. He is an acknowledged authority on small fruit raising and the dairy, and the information which he gives in relation to preserve and impure milk and the methods of detecting pure or adulterated milk will be invaluable to residents of the city.

Li Hung Chang, the distinguished Chinese viceroy, has as many official lives as a cat. Since the war with Japan began, in July last, he has had every possible change of fortune, according to veracious telegrams from Shanghai, but, after all, he comes up smiling with an imperial endorsement to the effect that "Li alone is trustworthy," and now he is on the way to Japan vested with full authority to complete the terms of peace.

The government crop report was so bullish this month that wheat made a jump of 2 cents on the Chicago board today. Every one will hope that the upward movement will continue. Better wheat prices would cause a wave of prosperity to sweep over the Northwest.

The clause in the sundry civil appropriation bill providing for the payment of sugar bounties was one of the last matters agreed upon before the ad-

PRICE LITTLENESS
PULLS THE CROWDS HERE.

Do Tell Now!

Are you one of those who say
"they don't care how they
look?" Tush! Tush! "and art
thou a woman?"—Birdsell.

You See Nothing New Anywhere Else But Here.

Known as Dreams:

To be seen here selling—

Freres' Koecklin's Organlands at.....45c
The French Taffeta Batistes at.....20c
The Dotted Swiss at.....20c
Italian Dot Plummets at.....55c
The Dresden Crepes, (silk) at.....75c
The Plisse Crepes, " at.....1.25
Black Crepe, de Mentelesse at.....1.00
Black Crepe Lisse at.....1.50
The new Lierre Laces at.....1.25
The new Bodice Laces at.....3.00
Colored Woolen Crepons at.....1.00
New perforated Embroideries at.....12.50
The new French Gingham Shirt Waists at.....2.00
2000 styles of fancy silks for Shirt Waists just in.
250 different weaves in Crepons just in.

MISS BESSIE LINGARD

From Brooklyn, will have
charge of our dressmaking de-
partment. She brings her entire
force from Brooklyn.
Watch for opening announce-
ment.

Send in your Name for a Beautiful Easter Souvenir Free.

HOWARD & HAYNIE.

journey of congress. The bill carrying the bounty clause was signed by the president on Monday, and claims immediately began to pour into the treasury department. The clause as finally agreed upon carries an appropriation of \$53,280.

A Daily Hint from L'art de la Mode.

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To Raise Two Millions.

DENVER, March 12.—Committees

started today to raise \$2,000,000 for

the purpose of carrying out the interna-

tional mining and industrial exposition

which it has been decided to hold in

Denver in 1896.

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SPRUNG A SURPRISE

City Council Elected Doctor Routh to be Health Officer on the Third Ballot Last Evening.

Dr. Routh is of the Homeopathic School and There is Vigorous Kicking Among the Physicians.

City Clerk C. E. Richardson and City Attorney Page Morris Were Re-Elected, the Latter Unanimously.

The election of health officer was a regular surprise party last evening at the council meeting. Up to yesterday afternoon everyone had an idea that Dr. Goffe would succeed Routh. At the afternoon caucus, however, he failed to develop more than three votes. Dr. Maxwell at one time in the caucus ran up to seven votes. But even that the public did not know. So that when, on the third ballot, Dr. Walter Routh carried off the prize by a vote of to 6 there was a great surprise, consternation and even anger.

The election of heads of departments came after the regular business had been transacted. On motion of Alderman Hale a ballot for city attorney was taken. It gave sixteen votes to George Morris and nine to delinquent elector. A few minutes later on suggestion of Alderman Cox Mr. Morris gave a short speech of thanks and appreciation and expressed a hope that the council one year hence would see fit to look upon him with equal favor.

Alderman Hale next moved that an informal ballot be taken on city clerk. The aldermen seized the opportunity to play with Mr. Richardson. They split up their votes so that the first ballot stood: Richardson, 7; Edward Morris, 6; Ole Olson, Asa Daily, E. C. Gridley, William Niles and Gus Bergquist, 1 each. On the next ballot, for formal one, Mr. Richardson received 12 votes and Mr. Morris, 4. Mr. Richardson and Mr. Morris then chose to make a neat, brief speech of thanks and after adjournment passed around a box of good cigars.

Next came the surprise party. Alderman French moved that a health officer be elected. Alderman Patterson and Olafson acted as tellers and the first

I have found the ROYAL BAKING POWDER to be an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder, entirely free from alum and ammonia, and of the very highest leavening power.

CHARLES W. DREW, Ph. B., M. D.
Late Chemist to the Minn. State Dairy and Food Dep't.

ballot gave Dr. Goffe 1 vote, Dr. Maxwell 5, Dr. Routh 8 and Dr. Boyer 2.

The second ballot stood: Maxwell 4, Routh 5 and Boyer 4.

The third ballot told the story. Maxwell received 5, Boyer 1 and Routh 10. Dr. Routh was declared the choice of the council.

This action, by the way, is most sure to make a great big rumpus in municipal matters. Dr. Routh belongs to the homeopathic school of medicine and according to the "old school" physicians are highly indignant. Said Dr. Magic after the adjournment of the council:

"We'll not recognize him. There are seventy physicians here and if they are present for failure to comply with the law." Many of the "old school" physicians also attack Dr. Routh's skill and knowledge as a physician.

It is also expected that Dr. Goffe will contest the election on the grounds that he was elected for three years. He undoubtedly in such a proceeding, now will have the united support of all the physicians and many of the municipal officers and politicians.

The clerk of the municipal court asked the city fathers to purchase a Remington No. 6 typewriter for the use of the Clerk's office and the court officer. Referred.

Some Aldermanic Humor.

Right after the disposition of that petition Alderman Nelson arose and said: "Mr. President, I am not entirely well tonight and you would order Alderman Cox to stop smoking that offensive cob pipe."

Alderman Cox, who was seated next to Nelson, arose and said: "This pipe was a present to me from the state of Indiana. I accepted it on the condition that I was to smoke it only on Sundays and at council meetings and to use Section Man's Delight tobacco and not baled hay. Now Alderman Nelson used to be a section man and I think he ought to be allowed to smoke it."

President Howard, however, headed Nelson's protest and Cox regretfully laid down his new cob.

City Attorney Morris reported that there was nothing in the way of giving the board of public works the powers as to picking the location and preparing preliminary plans for the iron and steel.

Money.

I want applications for a few large loans at a low rate of interest. If you have good security, you can get low rates.

I have a first-class business block on Superior street for sale on terms that will be favorable to the purchaser.

I have some dwelling houses in good localities for sale or for rent at low prices.

I have good companies in which to place your insurance; companies able and willing to pay losses promptly.

Wm. E. Lucas,
1 Exchange Building.

lived across the St. Louis river at Fond du Lac.

Assistant City Attorney Benham recommended that the city council refuse to grant the request of certain second hand men to reduce the second hand dealer's license from \$50 to \$20 a year.

G. A. Rakovsky submitted a proposition to furnish a steam ferry, with a capacity for forty persons, and a scow suitable for teams and fire engines on a two-way contract for \$23 a day. Received and filed.

The board of public works recommended certain streets for sprinkling the coming season and then E. C. Gridley, in behalf of the entertainment committee, proposed an appropriation of \$100 to help feed the visiting members of the legislature when they appear the last of this year. Later on that amount was appropriated and Aldermen Hale, Cox and Mitchell appointed a committee to manage the entertainment.

The mayor was also requested to invite the governor and all the state officials to visit Duluth Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

The monthly general and fire department bills for February were passed.

Transfer Ordinance Still Withdrawn.

Transfer, in behalf of the Duluth Transfer Lumber company, he stated that the company had spent \$1,000,000 in Duluth and done great things for the railway interests of the city. He objected, however, to the proposed amendment to the ordinance, which would have compelled him to keep certain streets. He said that he knew the source of the opposition this late. Later on that amount was appropriated and Aldermen Hale, Cox and Mitchell appointed a committee to manage the entertainment.

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HAD ENOUGH OF LIFE

J. E. Stocking, of Eau Claire, Took an immense Dose of Morphine Early Last Evening.

All Efforts to Save Him Were Unavailing and Shortly Before Ten O'Clock He Died.

Cause of His Suicide is Not Known—He Had Married Foolishly and Was Divorced.

J. E. Stocking, of Eau Claire, ended his own life by taking an immense dose of morphine at the St. Louis hotel last evening. He was a young man, only about 23 years of age and the story of his life is a short and sad one. His father is H. M. Stocking, formerly of the West Superior Lumber company. He lives at Eau Claire but spends much of his time at the head of the lakes.

The young man lived in Superior for some time working at the lumber mill there. He became infatuated with a wayward young woman there, said to be the erring daughter of a prominent Minneapolis lumberman. In a foolish act he caused him to be disowned by his father. Recently he secured a divorce from her and is said to be reconciled with his father.

Young Stocking has been drinking greatly heavily ever since he has been here. Yesterday he seemed to be in good spirits and was armed with his favorite weapon. He left the supper-table at the St. Louis to write some letters. He did this and posted them. After a time he went upstairs first telling his friends where he was going. He left word at the office that he was going to his room.

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CITY NEWS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, Palladio. Schifman makes the best gold crowns. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foot. The Evening Herald is on sale in St. Paul at the Windsor Hotel news stand. Loans—any amount, Little & Nolte. The eighth wonder, Duluth Imperial flour.

C. A. Long will speak at the Bethel temperature meeting tonight.

Tonight at the Catholic Club rooms will be a discussion of "Coin's Financial School." F. W. Sullivan, P. M. Jeffrey, Dr. McAuliffe, C. H. Thornton and others will speak.

The ladies' auxiliary of the A. O. H. will meet this evening at 8 o'clock in St. Thomas school, when they will be organized by County President John Flood.

A dispatch was received this morning from the chief of police of Rock Island, Ill., asking for full description of F. J. Hulme, alias Dodge, the longer, who was taken to Minneapolis yesterday. He is evidently widely known.

Parties holding tickets for the City band concert at the Temple Thursday evening must have them exchanged at the box office.

The Ladies' Hebrew Benevolent society will meet tomorrow, Wednesday, at 2:30 p. m. in Odd Fellows hall.

The Bible class meets at the N. M. C. rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. A marriage license has been issued to W. R. McKenna and Maggie Calder.

Tomorrow is the Carpenter's hall, Parsons' block, Z. H. Austin will address the Central Populist club and all visitors who may care to attend on "Money, True and False."

The case of H. B. Moore, receiver for the Great Western Manufacturing company, will be presented to the United States circuit court.

Tomorrow, at 6:30, will be opened for the reception of entries at the local United States land office, Thursday township 68-22 will be opened.

Judge Lewis has filed findings in the case of Wilhelmina O. Johnson against the heirs of Henry Stevens, a suit in partition, to determine ownership of large quantities of land in 49-11, 15-11. It is found to be the owner of one-sixth of the land in 49-11 and the defendants have the title to the remaining five-sixths and all the other land.

Deaths as follows have been reported to the board of health: Florence M. Lutes, 311 East Superior street, aged 15 years, influenza fever; Anna Augusta Nelson, 318 West Eighth street, aged 6 years, meningitis; Blonda Gustafson, 301 Eighteenth and a half avenue, aged 30 years, hemorrhage of the stomach.

Professor Thomas Shaw, of St. Paul, arrived in the city today.

AN OLD, OLD STORY.

A Faithless Wife and an Angry Husband Collide.

The following appeared in the Minneapolis Times yesterday: "A. G. Stoddard and wife." In a bold, masculine handwriting appears the above on the register of a certain hotel on Fourth street, and thereto hangs a tale the details of which, when made public in a divorce suit soon to be begun, will tear asunder certain religious and social circles in the city of Duluth and will furnish scandal mongers with a choice morsel not to be forgotten in a place like the Zenith City.

"A. G." is a married woman and the wife of a well known Duluth traveling man and has been conspicuous in religious circles, owing to the fact that she officiated at the organ in one of the large Presbyterian churches. Duluth.

"A. G." is a man, a prominent member

of the chamber of commerce and sang in the choir of the same Presbyterian church where "she" played the organ, and an attachment sprung up between "she" and "he" which grew in strength and passion until all the world was compelled well lost to gain one another.

The man and the woman are separated, but soon will be made public in the above referred to action for a divorce which will soon be begun. "A. G." are the correct initials of the name of the wife.

W. W. Powell, March 6, there came a couple to the hotel above mentioned who registered under the name of "A. G. Stoddard and wife" and who were assigned rooms. These rooms they left on Saturday and "A. G. Stoddard" pawned his watch to carry himself and his fair friend home.

The man in the case is that the attachment between the pretty organ player and the vocalist began some time ago. Last Monday or Tuesday Mrs. Organ-player's husband, a traveling man, left home to go to Chicago, and on Wednesday this woman and the chamber of commerce man came to the Northwest, arm in arm with the chamber of commerce man.

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